PUBLISHED MONTHLY—PRICE ANNAS 8.
THE INDIAN RAILWAY
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THE BEST AND MOST COMPLETE GUIDE IN INDIA.
Time and Fare Tables of all Indian Railways, Steam Boats and Daks, Places of Interest—Inland and along the Coast—Postal and Telegraphic Information, &c., &c., with a
COLOURED MAP OF INDIA.
*The Bombay Gazette Press, Fort, Bombay.*

PUBLISHED TWICE DAILY.

# THE Bombay Gazette.

MORNING EDITION.

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NESTLE'S CONDENSED MILK
*Richest in Cream*
UNTOUCHED BY HAND.

No. 54,148.—New Series.] BOMBAY:—TUESDAY, JULY 9, 1907. [PRICE: ONE ANNA.

## SHIPPING.

### PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES & LONDON
WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

| Date of Sailing. Saturday 2-30 P.M. | Steamers. | Tons. | Connecting at Aden with | Tons. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1907. | | | | |
| 13th July | ORIENTAL | 5284 | DEVANHA | 8092 |
| 20th " | ARABIA | 7903 | ........ | .... |
| 27th " | PERSIA | 7951 | MOOLTAN | 9621 |
| 3rd Aug. | CHINA | 7912 | ........ | .... |
| 10th " | ORIENTAL | 5284 | MACEDONIA | 10512 |
| 17th " | PERSIA | 7951 | ........ | .... |
| 24th " | PENINSULAR | 5294 | HIMALAYA | 6898 |
| 31st " | *CALEDONIA | 7558 | ........ | .... |
| 7th Sept. | PENINSULAR | 5294 | MOLDAVIA | 9500 |
| 14th " | EGYPT | 7912 | ........ | .... |
| 21st " | PENINSULAR | 5294 | INDIA | 7911 |
| 28th " | MARMORA | 10509 | ........ | .... |
| 5th Oct. | ORIENTAL | 5284 | MONGOLIA | 9505 |

*Proceeds to Marseilles Only.

The above Steamers convey Passengers to Marseilles, Plymouth and London excepting "Caledonia" which takes passengers to Marseilles only.

Passengers for Brindisi tranship to a connecting steamer at Port Said.

HEAVY BAGGAGE must be sent to the CARNAC BUNDER on FRIDAY AFTERNOON, the day previous to sailing, and CABIN BAGGAGE before 9 A.M., on SATURDAY. The attention of Passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage labelled with port of destination.

Tenders leave the Carnac Bunder on day of sailing. All Passengers must attend at that place between 12 and 12-30 P.M., for Medical inspection by the Health Officer of the Port, and no one will be allowed on board the Mail Steamer unless so examined and conveyed thence in the Company's Steam Barges. Special attention is directed to these regulations, which are imperative under the Venice Convention.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA AND AUSTRALIA.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly, usually on TUESDAYS, taking Passengers for the Straits, China and Japan and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

Cargo Steamers are despatched to China at frequent intervals calling at Ports *en route*.

W. C. SYMES,
*Superintendent*, P. & O. S. N. COMPANY.

BOMBAY, 1ST JUNE, 1907.

### HOMEWARD PASSAGES.

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RAILWAY OFFICIALS and MISSIONARIES booked at Reduced Rates.
PASSAGES booked to ENGLAND via JAPAN and AMERICA by the Canadian Pacific, Occidental and Oriental, and Pacific Mail Routes.
HANDBOOK giving details of Fares, &c., and List of Sailings by all Lines sent free on application.
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BAGGAGE shipped and cleared and Insurance effected covering all risks.
PACKAGES cleared or shipped.
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CALCUTTA AGENTS: GRINDLAY & Co.
LONDON AGENTS: GRINDLAY & Co.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES,

### FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

| Vessels. | Tons. | Captains. | To Sail on THURSDAY |
|---|---|---|---|
| NERA | 5,576 | Schmitz | 11th July 1907. |
| DUMBEA | 5,686 | Boyer | 8th Aug " |
| VILLE de la CIOTAT | 6,378 | Combe | 5th Sept " |
| ARMAND BEHIC | 6,385 | Guionnet | 3rd Oct. " |
| OCEANIEN | 4,143 | Magnen | 31st " " |
| CALEDONIEN | 4,130 | Martin | 28th Nov. " |
| DUMBEA | 5,686 | Boyer | 26th Dec. " |

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS.

RETURN TICKETS can be made available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes and the return voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's at Reduced Fares

TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT AND THE FAR EAST, TRANSHIPPING AT COLOMBO.

| Vessels. | Tons. | Captain | To Sail on or about |
|---|---|---|---|
| ARMAND BEHIC | 6,385 | Guionnet | 18th July 1907. |
| OCEANIEN | 4,143 | Magnen | 15th Aug. " |
| CALEDONIEN | 4,130 | Martin | 14th Sept. " |

For further Particulars apply to
L. BRICARD,
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*Esplanade Road*, BOMBAY.

### AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co, UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT.

DIRECT LINE TO TRIESTE VIA BRINDISI.

| Steamers. | Tons | Captain. | To sail on |
|---|---|---|---|
| AFRICA | 4596 | P. Badessich | 1st Aug. |
| SILESIA | 5159 | L. de Stabile | 1st Sept. |
| AFRICA | 4596 | P. Badessich | 1st Oct. |
| KOERBER | 5301 | A. Foresti | 1st Nov. |
| BOHEMIA | 4232 | M. Dabcevich | 16th " |
| AFRICA | 4596 | P. Badessich | 1st Dec. |
| IMPERATOR | 4140 | F. Mosca | 16th " |

ORDINARY LINE TO TRIESTE.

| Steamers. | Tons | Captain | To sail on or about. |
|---|---|---|---|
| *† F. FERDINAND | 6046 | G. Matcovich | 2nd Aug. |

* Will call at Karachi. † Will call at Fiume

RETURN TICKETS TO TRIESTE, VENICE, and Brindisi are available for two years.

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1st and 2nd Class Single and Return Tickets are issued via Trieste, the St. Gothards and other Routes.

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Passengers to VENICE tranship at TRIESTE to another steamer of the Company which takes about 6 hours to cross the Gulf.

STEAM TO JAPAN via COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA, AND KOBE.

| Steamers. | Tons | Captain. | To sail on or about. |
|---|---|---|---|
| ISTOK | 2891 | M. Ticac | 22nd July, |
| PERSIA | 5895 | P. Oragliotto | 25th Aug |

For further particulars regarding passages apply to the
AGENT GENERAL,
Austrian Lloyd's S. N. Co
Sassoon House, 52, Church Gate Street. Fort, Bombay.

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### BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LD.

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS:—

FOR KARACHI.

| Steamers. | Tons. | Sailing Date. | Time. |
|---|---|---|---|
| KOLA | 1,200 | Thur. 11th July | 8 a. m. (direct) |
| LINGA | 2,171 | Frid. 12th July | 7 a. m. (direct). |

FOR KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF (Weekly).

S. S. "NUDDEA," 3,000 tons, on MONDAY, 15th July, calling at Karachi, Pasni, Gwadur, Muscat, Bunder Abbas, Dubai, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire and Koweit.

FOR KARACHI AND BUSREH (Weekly).

S. S. "KOLA," 1,200 tons, on THURSDAY, 11th July, calling (for Mails and Passengers) at Muscat, Bushire, Mahomera also taking Passengers and cargo on through bookings to Ahwaz and Bagdad.

FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "SIRSA," 2,610 tons, on or about 20th July.

FOR EAST AFRICA.

S. S. "NERBUDDA," 3,000 tons, sailing on or about 20th July calling at Lamu, Mombassa and Zanzibar.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (Direct).

Frequent sailings, for particulars of which, also as to onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius, Australia, and New Zealand, apply to—

MACKINNON MACKENZIE & CO.,
*Agents*, BOMBAY.

8th July, 1907.

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SPECIAL REDUCED FARES for Railway Officials, Missionaries, and Family Parties obtained.

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Every assistance rendered to Passengers on arrival in Bombay. Baggage taken over at the Railway Stations and Shipped.

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REGULAR SAILINGS from BOMBAY to MARSEILLES & LIVERPOOL.

The following sailings have been arranged:—

| Steamers | Captain. | Tonnage. | Date. 1907. |
|---|---|---|---|
| CASTALIA | F. S. Blight | 6300 | 9th July. |
| MASSILIA | J. Thomson | 5,091 | 26th " |
| OLYMPIA | C.F. Osborne, R.N.R | 5124 | 14th Aug. |
| CIRCASSIA | A. Haig | 6716 | 27th " |
| SCINDIA | Shafto Abrey | 5106 | 16th Sept. |
| CASTALIA | F. S. Blight | 6300 | 6th Oct. |
| BRITANNIA | R. J. Garrick | 3069 | 16th " |
| MASSILIA | J. Thomson | 5091 | 5th Nov. |
| OLYMPIA | C.F. Osborne, R.N.R | 5124 | 16th " |

| | |
|---|---|
| Bombay to Suez | Rs. 350 |
| Bombay to Port Said | Rs. 380 |
| Bombay to Marseilles | Rs. 525 |
| Bombay to Liverpool (all the way by sea) | Rs. 550 |
| Bombay to London overland from Marseilles and including 1st class rail ticket across the Continent | Rs. 600 |
| Bombay to New York | Rs. 720 |
| Return ticket to Liverpool (all the way by sea) | Rs. 900 |
| Return ticket to London overland from Marseilles and back from Liverpool | Rs. 950 |

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All Return Tickets are available for 2 years

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Each Steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon and experienced Stewardess, and is fitted with every comfort.

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*Agents. Bombay*

### THE NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.

TO JAPAN VIA SINGAPORE, HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI.

| Vessels | Tons. | Captain. | Arrival. | Departure 1907 |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| HIROSHIMA MARU | ... | Mocker | ...... | 8th July |
| BOMBAY MARU | ... | S. Ishikawa | 9th July | 20th July |
| KAGESHIMA MARU | ... | T. Arakawa | 23rd " | 3rd Aug. |

For Freight apply to

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N.B.—CONSIGNEES of CARGO by the above Line are hereby NOTIFIED that NO CLAIMS for SHORT DELIVERY, DAMAGE, &c., WILL BE ENTERTAINED unless they are sent to the office within ten days after the steamer's arrival. No Survey will be held on cargo warehoused or removed from the Landing Shed

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(GERMAN EAST AFRICA LINE.)

Regular fortnightly service from BOMBAY to DURBAN via ZANZIBAR.

THE following Steamers will SAIL:—

| Steamers | Tons. | Capt. | To Sail about. |
|---|---|---|---|
| *KAISER | 2724 | von-Holdt | 18th July 1907. |

Taking Passengers and Cargo for LAMOO, MOMBASA, ZANZIBAR, GERMAN and PORTUGUESE COAST PORTS, and DURBAN.

*Will carry also cargo and passengers for Cape Ports.

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| ISSUED FOR | £2,384,400 |
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The Premiums are based upon the Company's actual experience, being the lowest with safety and so the most advantageous to all assurers.

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Every Class of Business Transacted at Lowest Rates.

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Application for Agencies in unrepresented Mofussil Centres invited.

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### EMPIRE OF INDIA LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, LD.

**Head Office: BOMBAY.**

ILLUSTRATIVE TABLE.
Showing the Annual Premium payable for various kinds of Policies, WITH PROFITS.

| Age next Birth day. | ASSURANCES OF Rs. 1000 PAYABLE AT DEATH. | | | | ENDOWMENT ASSURANCES OF Rs. 1000 | | | Age next Birthday. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Whole Life Premiums. | Premiums Limited to | | | Payable at Death or at the end of | | | |
| | | 10 years. | 15 years. | 20 years. | 15 years. | 20 years. | 25 years. | |
| | Rs. a. | Rs. a. | Rs. a. | Rs. a. | Rs. a. | Rs. a. | Rs. a. | |
| 20 | 31 10 | 48 8 | 36 6 | 30 7 | 64 5 | 47 6 | 37 11 | 20 |
| 25 | 34 3 | 52 5 | 39 4 | 33 0 | 64 13 | 48 0 | 38 7 | 25 |
| 30 | 37 4 | 56 13 | 42 13 | 36 0 | 65 10 | 49 0 | 39 11 | 30 |
| 35 | 31 5 | 62 4 | 47 1 | 39 12 | 66 13 | 50 8 | 41 10 | 35 |
| 40 | 36 11 | 68 12 | 52 5 | 44 9 | 68 11 | 52 14 | 44 10 | 40 |
| 45 | 43 14 | 76 7 | 58 12 | ... | 71 11 | 56 13 | ... | 45 |

***Detailed Prospectus and Balance Sheet on Application.***

E. F. ALLUM,
*General Manager.*

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IN ARRANGING the following List from our extensive variety of WATCHES, we have selected that we consider our Standard Models—models that have now been in use all over India for over a quarter of a century, and can be relied on to continue to give satisfaction as they have done in the past.

**NICKEL CASES, Keyless Action.**

| | Rs. | a. |
|---|---|---|
| The Military Popular Watch, Crystal Face | 15 | 0 |
| The Campaign Watch, No. II, Crystal Face | 25 | 0 |
| The Campaign Watch, No. I, Crystal Face | 35 | 0 |
| The Railway Watch, Crystal Face | 35 | 0 |
| The Railway Watch, Large Crystal Face | 45 | 0 |
| The Military Model Wrist Watch, Crystal Face | 32 | 0 |
| The Military Nickel Silver Chronograph and Watch | 65 | 0 |

**SILVER CASES, Keyless Action.**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| The Military Lever Wacth, Crystal Face | 40 | 0 |
| The Military Lever Watch, Hunting Case | 45 | 0 |
| The Military Lever Watch, Half-hunter | 49 | 0 |
| The Campaign Watch, Crystal Face | 60 | 0 |
| The Campaign Watch, Hunting Case | 65 | 0 |
| The Campaign Watch, Half hunter | 70 | 0 |
| The Coventry Watch, Crystal Face | 70 | 0 |
| The Coventry Watch, Hunting Case | 75 | 0 |
| The Coventry Watch, Half-hunter | 80 | 0 |
| The Military Model Wrist Watch | 42 | 0 |
| The Railway Watch, Crystal Face | 90 | 0 |
| The Standard Watch, Crystal Face | 95 | 0 |
| The Standard Watch, Hunting Case | 105 | 0 |
| The Standard Watch, Half-hunter | 110 | 0 |
| The Fine English Watch, Crystal Face | 235 | 0 |
| The Fine English Watch, Hunting Case | 240 | 0 |
| The Fine English Watch, Half-hunter | 250 | 0 |

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| | | |
|---|---|---|
| The Coventry Watch, Crystal Face | 300 | 0 |
| The Coventry Watch, Hunting Case | 375 | 0 |
| The Coventry Watch, Half-hunter | 380 | 0 |
| The Standard Watch, Crystal Face | 330 | 0 |
| The Standard Watch, Hunting Case | 370 | 0 |
| The Standard Watch, Half-hunter | 385 | 0 |
| The Fine English Watch, Crystal Face | 450 | 0 |
| The Fine English Watch, Hunting Case | 500 | 0 |
| The Fine English Watch, Half-hunter | 525 | 0 |

### MARCKS & Co., LTD.,

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BOMBAY & POONA.

# LIPTON'S

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**FRAGRANT** **REFRESHING**

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| | | |
|---|---|---|
| SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL | Yen | 24,000,000 |
| PAID-UP CAPITAL | " | 21,000,000 |
| ORDINARY RESERVE FUND | " | 10,700,000 |
| SPECIAL RESERVE for SILVER FUND | " | 1,000,000 |
| SPECIAL RESERVE FUND | " | 2,000,000 |

HEAD OFFICE:—YOKOHAMA.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:—

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|---|---|---|---|
| London | Shanghai | Tiehling | KOBE |
| Lyons | Hongkong | Changchun | Osaka |
| New York | Hankow | Antung-Hsien | Tokyo |
| San Francisco | Tientsin | Ryojun (Port Arthur) | Nagasaki |
| Honolulu (Hawaii) | Peking | Fengtien | Bombay |
| | Newchwang | Liaoyang | |
| | Chefoo | Dairen (Dalny) | |

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FIXED DEPOSITS on terms to be learnt on application
CREDITS granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.
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CORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

| | |
|---|---|
| CAPITAL | £800,000 |
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| RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS | £800,000 |

HEAD OFFICE
HATTON COURT, THREADNEEDLE STREET, LONDON
AGENCIES AND BRANCHES:

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Hamburg. | Medan, Deli (Sumatra). | Foochow. |
| Bombay. | Singapore. | Saigon. |
| Karachi. | Kwala Lumpor. | Shanghai. |
| Calcutta. | Bangkok. | Tientsin. |
| Madras. | Batavia. | Hankow. |
| Rangoon. | Sourabaya. | Yokohama. |
| Colombo. | Manilla. | Kobe. |
| Penang. | Cebu (Phillippines). | New York. |
| Thaiping (Perak). | Hongkong. | |
| Ipoh (Perak). | | |

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CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.—Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum Monthly Balances if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

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Saturdays—10-30 A.M. to 2 P.M.

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ESPLANADE ROAD, BOMBAY

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| | |
|---|---|
| Paid up Capital | $ 100,00,000 |
| Sterling Reserve Fund | $ 100,00,000 |
| Silver Reserve Fund | $ 110,00,000 |
| Reserve Liability of Proprietors | $ 100,00,000 |

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.

J. R. M. SMITH, *Chief Manager.*

LONDON BANKERS:
LONDON AND COUNTY BANKING COMPANY, LD

LONDON COMMITTEE
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CARL MEYER, Esq., (Director, National Bank, Egypt).
WM. GAIR RATHBONE, Esq. (Director Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Co.).
SIR EWEN CAMERON, K. C. M. G.
A. M. TOWNSEND, C. S. ADDIS, } *London Managers.*

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| AMOY. | HONGKONG. | RANGOON. |
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| BATAVIA. | LONDON. | SAN FRANCISCO. |
| BOMBAY. | LYONS. | SHANGHAI. |
| CALCUTTA. | MANILA. | SINGAPORE. |
| COLOMBO. | NAGASAKI. | SOURABAYA. |
| FOOCHOW. | NEW YORK. | TIENTSIN. |
| HAMBURG. | PEKING. | YOKOHAMA. |
| HANKOW. | PENANG. | YLOILO. |

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 1,00,000, provided the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Are received for varying periods up to 12 months on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Drafts granted on London and the chief Commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China, and Japan.

Credits granted, Bills purchased, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

C. H. WILSON,
*Acting Agent*
CHURCH GATE STREET BOMBAY.

### THE BANK OF INDIA, LD

Incorporated under the Indian Companies Act VI. of 1882.

HEAD OFFICE ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED | Rs. | 1,00,00,000 |
| CAPITAL CALLED UP | " | 50,00,000 |

**DIRECTORS:**

SIR SASSOON DAVID, Kt., Chairman. (Messrs Sassoon J. David and Co., (Bombay.)
SIR J. COWASJEE JEHANGIR, Kt. (Messrs Cowasjee Jehangir and Co.)
SIR FREDERICK LEIGH CROFT, Bart.
DORABJI JAMSETJI TATA, Esq., (of Messrs. Tata Sons & Co.)
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JENARRAYEN HINDOOMULL DANI, Esq. (Moonim of Rajah Bahadur Sewlal Motilal Bombay.)
NOORDIN EBRAHIM NOORDIN, Esq. (Messrs. Noordin Ebrahim Noordin and Co.)

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

INTEREST is allowed on Daily Balance from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum, and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not come to Rs. 3 per half-year will be allowed.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Amounts for 12 months are received at 4½ per cent. and for other periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS, & CASH CREDITS.

The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its Constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon: they also undertake the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all description of Stocks at moderate charges, particulars of which may be had on application

H. P. STRINGFELLOW,
*Manager*

## BANKS.

### NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

| | |
|---|---|
| SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL | £1,200,000 |
| PAID-UP CAPITAL | £600,000 |
| RESERVE FUND | £600,000 |

HEAD OFFICE:
7, BISHOPSGATE STREET WITHIN, LONDON,

BRANCHES:

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Calcutta. | Delhi. | Cawnpore. | Tuticorin |
| Lahore. | Bombay. | Colombo. | Zanzibar. |
| Amritsar | Madras. | Mandalay. | Mombasa |
| Kurrachee. | Rangoon. | Newera Eliya. | Nairobi. |
| Steamer Point. | Aden. | Kandy. | Chittagong |
| Entebbe. | | | |

FIXED DEPOSITS.—The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of Interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE, payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, Africa, and Australia purchased or collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe Africa, America, and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody, realising Interest and Dividends when due.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities.

HARRY S. JOHNSTON,
BOMBAY. *Ag. Manager*

### COX & CO.,

BANKERS AND AGENTS.
HORNBY ROAD, BOMBAY.
BRANCH AT RAWALPINDI.

BANKING BUSINESS of every description transacted.
CURRENT and FIXED DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS opened free of charge, and Interest allowed thereon. Terms may be ascertained on application.
LETTERS OF CREDIT and CIRCULAR NOTES issued.
TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES made, and Addresses Registered with London Office free of charge.
PASSAGES ENGAGED and best available Berths secured to All Parts of the World free of charge of commission.
PASSENGERS met on Arrival and
BAGGAGE received for Shipment and Clearance
INSURANCES of every description effected.

**List of Representatives and Correspondents and all information in connection with Agency Business and a copy of the Balance Sheet will be sent on application.**

HEAD OFFICE:
16, CHARING CROSS, LONDON.

### THE ORPHEUS MUSICAL STORES.

MUSIC AND MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS

A CHOICE AND LARGE SELECTION OF MUSIC, MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS AND ACCESSORIES.

THE BEST AND CHEAPEST HOUSE IN BOMBAY FOR BAND AND STRING INSTRUMENTS of the latest style and description and of the best quality from the leading MAKERS.

COLUMBIA GRAPHOPHONES and a special assortment of RECORDS.

**F. CABRAL & SON**
KALBADEVI ROAD, BOMBAY.

### FACE ERUPTIONS FROM INDIGESTION

Face and Nose in Very Bad State—Tried Many Kinds of Soap and Ointment Without Result—At Last Completely Cured After

### DOCTOR HAD HER USE CUTICURA REMEDIES

"My face and nose were in a very bad state through indigestion. After trying many kinds of soaps and ointments, my doctor recommended me to try Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment. I did so about three years ago, with the most satisfactory results, and since then I would not be without them. I could not get washed with any kind of soap until I tried the Cuticura Soap, but with Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment my face soon got better. I only used one box of the Ointment. I recommended Mrs. K—, of the S— Hotel, to try Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment for eczema of the hands. They cured her entirely in a very short time. I shall recommend Cuticura whenever I have a chance of doing so. Miss Grace Montgomerie, 1 Palmerston Drive, Litherland, Liverpool, February 16 and 26, 1906."

### SKIN TORTURED

**Babies and Tired Mothers Find Comfort in Cuticura.**

Sleep for skin-tortured babies and rest for tired mothers is found in a hot bath with Cuticura Soap and a gentle anointing with Cuticura Ointment, the great Skin Cure. This treatment affords instant relief in the most distressing forms of itching, burning, scaly, and crusted humours, eczemas, rashes, inflammations, irritations, and chafings, of infancy and childhood, permits rest and sleep and points to a speedy cure when all else fails.

Complete External and Internal Treatment for Every Humour of Infants, Children, and Adults consists of Cuticura Soap to Cleanse the Skin, Cuticura Ointment to Heal the Skin, and Cuticura Resolvent Pills (Chocolate Coated) to Purify the Blood. A Single Set often Cures. Sold throughout the world. Depots: London, 27, Charterhouse Sq.; R. Towns & Co., Sydney; Lennon, Cape Town, etc.; B. K. Paul, Calcutta; Potter Drug and Chem. Corp., Sole Props., Boston. Post-free, Cuticura Book on Skin Diseases.

DEWJEE CANJEE & Co., Beds, Library Presses, Sofas, Chairs of latest Designs made and supplied.—Chuckla, No. 6

## PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

### NOTICE.

CONSIGNEES of CARGO per Italian Steamer "CAPRI," from HONGKONG and INTERMEDIATE PORTS, are hereby informed of her ARRIVAL and are REQUESTED TO TAKE IMMEDIATE delivery of their CARGO, landed at Victoria Dock, Shed No. 3.

All Claims for damages, &c., to be presented and adjusted before the 17th instant, otherwise they will not be entertained under any circumstances.

G. DEGROSSI,
Agent,
RUBATTINO S. N. COMPANY.

No. 59, Hornby Road, Fort.

### NOTICE.

IT is hereby notified that, as the monsoon has set in, further applications for concessions in connection with MINING OPERATIONS for Manganese and other Minerals in the Chhota Udepur State, will not be considered by the Darbar after the 15th instant until the 1st of November next.

C. E. STAFFORD STEELE,
*State Adviser and Dewan,*
CHHOTA UDEPUR.

### BOMBAY BARODA AND CENTRAL INDIA RAILWAY.

TENDERS are invited and will be received by the Agent at his Office, near Church Gate Station, up to 12 noon (Standard Time), on FRIDAY, the 19th July, 1907, for LOADING, UNLOADING and STACKING COAL and FIREWOOD, at several Stations, except Parel, on the Broad Gauge Section, including branches and the R. S and G. D. Railways, to end of June, 1908.

A form of Tender can be had from the Office of the Undersigned on payment of Annas 8 which must be used in submitting the Tender.

The Agent does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

Tenderers will be required to pay Rs. 100 as earnest money.

Tenders must be sealed and superscribed "Tender for Loading, Unloading and Stacking coal and firewood."

J. COBBAN,
*for Ag. Loco. & Carr. Superindt.*
PAREL WORKS, 6TH JULY, 1907.

### THE CITY OF BOMBAY MUNICIPAL ACT, 1888.

As amended by the City of Bombay Municipal (Amendment) Act, 1905.

### PUBLIC NOTICE

IS hereby given, pursuant to Section 297 (1) (*b*) of the City of Bombay Municipal Act, 1888, as amended by the City of Bombay Municipal (Amendment) Act, 1905, that the Undersigned proposes to apply to the Municipal Corporation at their first ordinary Meeting to be held in the month of September, 1907, or on such day thereafter as the said application can conveniently be disposed of, for authority to prescribe a fresh line, in substitution for the existing regular line of Wodehouse Road.

A plan of this Road showing the existing regular line of the Street and the fresh line proposed to be prescribed in substitution therefor as aforesaid, is deposited at the Office of the Executive Engineer, Municipality, and can be inspected by any person desiring to do so, at any time during Office hours.

Every person desirous of making any representation to the Corporation or of bringing before the Corporation any objection respecting the said proposal, may do so, by letter addressed to the Municipal Secretary at the Municipal Office, and delivered at the said Office not less than three clear days before the day of such Meeting.—Dated this 5th day of July, 1907.

S. M. EDWARDES,
*Ag. Municipal Commissioner*
FOR THE CITY OF BOMBAY.

### THE MADRAS UNITED SPINNING AND WEAVING MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LIMITED.

### NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that as resolved and passed by the Share-holders of the above Company at their Thirty-Third Annual Ordinary General Meeting, held this afternoon, a Dividend for the Second Half year ending 31st December 1906 at Rs. 175 per Whole Share, and Rs. 43-12-0 per Quarter Share, Free of Income Tax, will be paid on and after Monday, 15th July 1907, between the hours of 12 noon and 3-30 p.m. (Bombay Time), at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 3, Tamarind Lane, Fort, to those Share-holders whose names appear in the Company's Register on 6th July 1907, on production of Share Certificates.

By order of the Board of Director,
મુલજી જેઠાની કુ૦,
*i.e.*, MOOLJEE JAITHA & CO.,
*Secretaries and Treasurers.*

6TH JULY, 1907.

### IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

### TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

EDWARD VII, by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Letters of Administration to the Property and Credits of BAI ANDHIBAI, widow of TRICUM VIRJI, late of Bombay Bhatia Hindu Inhabitant, doing household business, deceased.

NARANDAS MORARJI of Bombay Bhatia Hindu Inhabitant, the paternal Grand-son of the brother of the husband of the abovenamed deceased, a piece goods merchant, carrying on business in the Bombay Cloth Market and residing at Galwadi, Kalbadevi Road, without the Fort ........................ Petitioner.

ALL PERSONS claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the proceedings if they think fit before the Grant of Letters of Administration.

Witness, LOUIS P. RUSSELL, Esquire, Acting Chief Justice at Bombay, aforesaid, this second day of July in the year of our Lord One thousand Nine hundred and seven and in the seventh year of our Reign.

(The Seal of the High Court at Bombay.)

L. N. BANAJEE,
Registrar.
A. M. KAJIJI.
The 2nd day of July, 1907.
Messrs. DIKSHIT DHANJISHA AND SOONDERDAS,
*Petitioner's Attorneys.*

## SALE ! SALE !! SALE !!!

### GRAND ECONOMICAL SALE.

FIRST OPENING WEEK.

VISIT TO-DAY and secure the very best articles at Sale Price, which will cost you double the Price elsewhere.

We say nothing, our Prices do the talking.

These are the few Astounding Prices we give below :—

150 Best Travelling Rugs, at Rs. 3-8 each.

450 Doz. Ladies' Cotton and Woollen Vests from ans. 4 to Re. 1 each.

200 Doz. Ties from ans. 2 to ans. 8 each

A visit will convince you.

OUR PRICES DEFY COMPETITION.

**THE PARISIAN MILLINERY MART,**
SITARAM BUILDING, BOMBAY.

## THE NAZARETH CONVENT HIGH SCHOOL, OOTACAMUND.

UNDER THE DIRECTION OF THE LADIES OF THE "FRANCISCAINES MISSIONNAIRES DE MARIE."

THE COURSE OF EDUCATION for all Classes includes the subjects required for the Public Examinations of the Indian Government. Pupils are also prepared for the Local Cambridge Examinations.

Instruction in Singing, Musical Drill, and Needlework, both Fancy and Plain, is given to all Classes.

A Special Class, for Children of Ladies, is also held or Reserved Class Boarders.

TERMS ON APPLICATION TO
THE LADY SUPERIOR,
The NAZARETH CONVENT HIGH SCHOOL,
OOTACAMUND, NILGIRIS.

## PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

### NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that Mr. F. S. DeSILVA and others, have contracted TO SELL to our client, BAI NANGI, widow of PANDIT KISSONLAL SHRIDHER, the immovable property hereinafter described. Any person or persons having any claim or claims by way of gift, mortgage, sale, inheritance or otherwise, against the said property, should make the same known to the Undersigned at their Office No. 18, Church Gate Street, Fort, within 14 days from the date hereof, failing which the sale will be completed without having any regard thereto.

SCHEDULE.

FIRSTLY.—All that piece or parcel of vacant land or ground admeasuring 606 Square Yards or thereabout, be the same, more or less, situated within the Registration subdistrict at Bombay, near Matoonga Station of the B.B. &. C.I. Railway, bearing Collector of Land Revenue New Survey No. 3—1376, Old No. 449, New No. 4236, and bounded on the North, West and South by the property of Pandit Kissonlal Shridher and on the East by Tulsi Water Pipe Line together with all wells, waters, water courses, passages, ditches, sewers, drain, privies, gutters and all other easements and appertenances to the said piece or parcel of land heretofore held and enjoyed by the Vendors and their predecessors in title.

SECONDLY. All that piece or parcel of vacant land or ground, admeasuring 16 Square yards or thereabouts, be the same, little, more or less, bearing Collector of Land Revenue New Survey No. $\frac{3}{1377}$, Old No. 449, New No. 4236, situate, lying and being near Matunga Station, B. B. and C. I. Railway, within the Registration Subdistrict at Bombay and bounded on the North, South and West by the property of the said Kissonlal, Shridher, and on the East by Tulsi Water Pipe Line together with all wells, waters, water courses, sewers, drains, ditches, passages, privies, gutters and all other easements and appurtenances to the said piece or parcel of land or ground heretofore held and enjoyed by the vendors and their predecessors in title. Dated this 8th day of July, 1907.

SMETHAM, BYRNE & CO.,
*Purchasers' Attorneys.*

### NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

WE BEG TO NOTIFY that from the 7th instant, we shall OCCUPY our NEW PREMISES :—

MARSHALLS' BUILDINGS,
BALLARD ROAD,
BOMBAY.

**MARSHALL SONS & CO., LIMITED.**
*Engineers.*

### NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

CROMPTON AND CO., LTD., Electrical Engineers and Contractors, beg to give Notice that on and after Monday, July 8th, their Address will be—

MARSHALLS' BUILDINGS,
BALLARD ROAD.

## GENERAL FAMILY PENSION FUND.

ESTABLISHED 1870.

| | |
|---|---|
| ACCUMULATED FUNDS......... | 43 Lakhs. |
| PENSIONS PAID ................... | 28 Lakhs. |

A PURELY MUTUAL CONCERN enabling all men and women (Christian) to secure monthly pensions for their Nominees. Full particulars from—

THE SECRETARY,
12, Dalhousie Square, East, Calcutta.

## CONNAUGHT HOTEL, POONA.

CUISINE OF THE VERY BEST.
Most Central Position.

## ROLLED STEEL BEAMS.

BRITISH & CONTINENTAL MANUFACTURE.

5,000 TONS
STEEL BEAMS
STEEL ANGLES
STEEL TEES
CAST-IRON PIPES

KEPT IN STOCK IN BOMBAY.

Prices quoted on receipt of specification for Delivery at any Railway Station or Sea Port in India.

**GEO. SERVICE & CO.,**
King's Building, Hornby Road, BOMBAY.

### FOR SALE.

SULPHURIC ACID ($H_2SO_4$)
HYDROCHLORIC ACID (HCl)
"SWADESHI" BRAND.

QUALITY guaranteed equal to English. Price considerably BELOW Market Rates for the imported article. Contracts entered into for the supply of ANY QUANTITY. All jars are large mouthed and Rubber Ringed. All sound empty Jars received back and credit allowed.

For further particulars apply to—

TOWNER & CO.,
37, APOLLO STREET, BOMBAY,
Sole Agents, Bombay Presidency
FOR
THE EAST INDIA CHEMICAL WORKS,
RANIPET.

## JARRAHWOOD.

JARRAH Steam-Sawn Scantlings suitable for Flooring, Joists, Rafters, Posts, Chowkhats, Office Partitions, Doors, Windows, Polished Furniture, Frame work, Cotton bale ribs. Jarrah about half the price of Teak. Sample and price list on application to

MESSRS. MILLARS' KARRI JARRAH Coy. (1902) Ld.,
Nipon Buildings Hornby Road, Bombay

### POONA SEASON.

THIS is to Notify that the "Bombay Gazette" may be obtained from

SHEIKH ABDULLA MAHOMED,
Newspaper Agent,
MAIN STREET, POONA.

Annual Subscription Rs. 30,
inclusive of Delivery Charges.

*Messrs. W. J. KEYMER & Co. beg to offer their services as AGENTS IN ENGLAND. Established in 1844, they have a thorough knowledge of the Markets, and experience of Eastern requirements.*

*The heads of the Firm give personal supervision to all business, and with confidence invite those requiring RELIABLE AGENTS for purchase of goods, sale of produce, or other business, to entrust their interests to them. Machinery orders are attended to by an expert.*

WHITEFRIARS STREET, LONDON.
TELEGRAMS, "KEYMER, LONDON."

SEEDS ! SEEDS !—Vegetable and Flower for the Coming Season. Fresh supply received every Third Week.—PALEKAR and Co., Sitaram Buildings, Bombay.

## PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

THACKER & Co. Ld.
BOOKSELLERS &c., BOMBAY.

PLEASE ADDRESS
Box. No. 190, G. P. O., BOMBAY.

## BOOKS FOR EVERY ONE

ORNITHOLOGICAL AND OTHER ODDITIES.

By Frank Finn, B.A. (Oxon), F.Z.S., late Deputy Superintendent of the Indian Museum, Calcutta. With numerous Illustrations from Photographs. Rs. 9-3.

UNDER THE ABSOLUTE AMIR.

By Frank A. Martin, for eight years Engineer-in-Chief to the Amirs, Abdur Rahman and Habib-Ullah. Illustrated by the Author's Drawings and Photographs and by other Photographs. Rs. 9-3.

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By Maurice Maeterlinck, translated by Alexander Teixeira de Mattos. Rs. 4-6.

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By W. Petrie Watson. The book aims at giving a complete exposition of retrospective and prospective Japan. Rs. 9-3.

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A Commentary on his Life and Character. By Walter Savage Landor. Edited by Stephen Wheeler. With a portrait. Rs. 7-14.

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INDISCREET LETTERS FROM PEKIN.

Edited by B. L. Putnam Weall. Being the Notes of an eye-witness which set forth in detail from day to day the real story of the Siege and attack of a Distressed Capital in 1900. Rs. 5.

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By Douglas Sladen. With 60 Illustrations reproduced from photographs and old prints. Rs. 12.

SKETCHES IN MAFEKING AND EAST AFRICA.

By Major-General R. S. S. Baden Powell, C.B. An informal record, profusely illustrated from a fertile Sketch-book of his recent journey to Southern Central Africa with the Duke of Connaught. Rs. 18-6.

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of all varieties cured by
FEVER DROPS
Prof GAJJAR'S Formula
24 doses for 4 Ans.
of all Chemists or from
SUPDT. T. C. LABORATORY,
GIRGAUM, BOMBAY

## THE MANOCKJEE PETIT MANUFACTURING Co., LD.

MANUFACTURERS OF
SWADESHI CLOTH.

FANCY and COLOURED CLOTH of different qualities and designs such as :—Long Cloth, Domestics, Table Cloths, Chadars, Dhoties, Drills, Twills, Damask Table Cloths, Towels, (Honey Comb pattern, Akhi Bakha, Damask pattern, &c.), Turkish Towels, Bath Towels, Napkins Handkerchiefs, Checks, Thana Cloth, Susi, Hunting Cloth, Khakee Cloth, Bed tickings, Bed Covers, Bed Quilts, Coloured Table Cloths Tapestry Cloth, Jhool Cloth, Sarees, Pugrees, Carpets, &c., &c.

HOSIERY GOODS in all varieties, viz : Seamless Hose, Socks, Jurseys (Fancy & Merino finished, &c.), Pants, Caps, &c.

THREAD GOODS of all descriptions, viz : Sewing glazed thread on Cards and Spools (warranted full lengths) Crochet Cotton Mercerised Cotton for embroidery, Sewing Skeins, Ball Twines, &c

☞ GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES.

MOFUSSIL CUSTOMERS can have their supply only from
SHETH LAKHMIDAS MORARJI,
*Salesman,*
GANESHWADI, BOMBAY.

HEAD OFFICE :—Guneshwadi.
BRANCHES :—Sitaram Buildings, Bombay.
Do. —Sassoon Street, Bombay.
Do. —71-2 Canning Street, Calcutta

## NEW PREMISES OF CONNOR, GERRARD & CO.,

*1-6 Medows Street, Bombay.*

FURNITURE MANUFACTURERS & DECORATORS.

FURNITURE FOR
Drawing, Dining and Billiard Rooms, Bedrooms, Libraries, &c.
Best Quality, Style and Finish,
REASONABLE PRICES.
CORRESPONDENCE INVITED.
*ESTIMATES FREE.*
Apply for Designs.

### CUMMOO JAFFER SULLEMAN & Co., GIRGAUM, BOMBAY.

NEW and Second-hand English-built CARRIAGES, LANDAUS, BROUGHAMS, and VICTORIAS by well-known Makers FOR SALE.

CARRIAGE repairs of every description will be executed with prompt attention

HOUSES Furnished with the latest styled, neat Furniture.

CROCKERY, GLASS-WARE, and PLATED, WARE, &c., FOR SALE and on HIRE.

FURNITURE of the latest design FOR SALE and on HIRE, and also made to order.

### SPORTSMEN.

IF you wish to have your SHIKAR Trophies mounted, you cannot do better than entrust them to us, the leading firm of TAXIDERMISTS. We possess many beautiful and chaste designs for mounting Tusks, Horn and Hoof Trophies and can guarantee the fidelity of a likeness, and the quality and finish of our production in the setting up of heads and Skins, for which we were awarded a GOLD MEDAL at the BOMBAY EXHIBITION. Write for Catalogue with Testimonials and Press Opinions.

MURRAY BROTHERS,
PRACTICAL AND ARTISTIC
TAXIDERMISTS,
DHUN CASTLE, BYCULLA, BOMBAY.

CLARKE'S B. 41. PILLS.

A warranted cure for all acquired or constitutional Discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex. These famous Pills also cure Gravel, Pains in the Back and all Kidney Disorders. Free from mercury. Forty years success. Sold by all Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the world.

## "SPECIAL SHORT" ADVERTISEMENTS.

Only Advertisements for Clerks, Servants, &c., Houses to Let, and Goods for Sale or Wanted, are accepted in this Column.

RATES.—(Cash only). Three lines—Per insertion One Rupee. Every additional line, Eight Annas. REPLIES will be sent "BEARING" unless amount to cover Postage is previously paid.

SPECIAL OPPORTUNITY.—A small consignment of the NEW ERA two speed gear BICYCLES have been sent out at Manufacturer's risk and are consequently available at an exceptionally low price. For inspection apply—MARCKS and Co., Ltd., Bombay and Poona.

REPAIRS OF Re. 1-8 within 25 years, I take this opportunity to tell you that Singer's Sewing Machine, which purchased 25 years ago, has required only Re. 1-8 for repairs, and it is still going strong of all parts. J. R. Gardener 19, Forbes Street, Bombay.

FOR SPECTACLES—Eyes examined FREE of CHARGE by Dr. DINSHAW DASTOOR, pronounced as "A THOROUGHLY ABLE OPHTHALMIC SURGEON and a NEAT and SKILFUL OPERATOR" by the renowned PROFESSORS of LONDON. Competition defied. The ORIGINAL FIRM of DINSHAW M. DASTOOR & Co. Opposite Evans Fraser & Co., Fort.

ANGELICA GLYCERINE SOAP, with a fascinating Violet Perfume, makes woman Beautiful.—KING & CO., Cheapest Picture Framers, Church Gate St., Bombay.

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| Second do. ... ... ... ... ... ... | „ 3-8 | do. | do. |
| Third do. ... ... ... ... ... ... | „ 3-0 | do. | do. |
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| Fifth and upwards ... ... ... ... | „ 2-0 | do. | do. |
| Minimum charge ... ... ... ... ... | „ 6-0 | do. | do. |

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# SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE Japan Line steamer Hiroshima Maru 2,035 tons Captain A Mocker, will sail to-day for Kobe &c; with a general cargo.

THE steamer Queda, 4,944 tons, Captain R W Coope, arrived in harbour yesterday from Calcutta with a cargo of coal.

THE steamer Singu, 1,912 tons, Captain G W Currie arrived in harbour yesterday from Rangoon with a cargo of Kerosine oil in bulk.

The German East Africa Line steamer Sultan, 1781 tons, Captain H Ulrich sailed yesterday for Zanzibar and East Africa ports with a general cargo and 56 passengers.

### VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR—July 8.

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Boscombe | 2433 | Wisnono | | W & A Graham & Co |
| Caledonia | 3529 | Tocque | London | P & O Co |
| Canning | | | | G Jivaji |
| Castella | 2339 | Leighton | | F Muir & Co |
| Dumra | 7-3 | McDiarmed | | M M & Co |
| Fazilka | 2688 | Wilson | | M M & Co |
| Helios | 860 | Kundsen | | F F Campbell & Co |
| Itria | 3419 | Kendall | | M M & Co |
| Kt Errant | 4779 | Kendall | L'pool | K Nixon & Co |
| Landaura | 2157 | Drake | | M M & Co |
| Mazagon | 3522 | Powell | | P & O Co |
| Malta | 3900 | Peters | N F | P & O Co |
| Nadir | 20 1 | Corkhill | | T M & Co |
| Orissa | | Keddie | | M M & Co |
| Onipenta | 3470 | Hill | | M M & Co |
| Querimba | 4937 | Smith | | M M & Co |
| Queda | 4944 | Coope | | M M & Co |
| Singu | 1912 | Corrie | | Shaw Wallace & Co |
| Shahpoor | 2783 | Foster | | Shah S N Co |
| Shahjehan | 2566 | Davison | | Shah S N Co |
| Shah Najam | 2751 | Davison | | Shah S N Co |
| Whitgift | 2842 | Coltor | | Captain |

### VESSELS IN DOCK—July 8.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

| Shed. | Vessel. | Ton. | Capt. | Destination. | Date. | Agents. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| A | Mikado | 2306 | Sharp | Hull | 9-7 | F Muir & Co |
| B | Crest-fels | 3105 | —oller | Hamburg | 12-7 | Glade & Co |
| C & R | Crosby Hall | 2596 | Haddy | Antwerp | 13-7 | R N & Co |
| D&E | Colaba | 3899 | Robertson | Antwerp | 11-7 | M M & Co |
| D & E | Cit. Karachi | 3143 | Rigby | K'chi | 13-7 | K N & Co |
| F | Clan Fraser | 2285 | Hunter | Chittagong | 13-7 | F Muir & Co |
| G | Naderi | 1168 | Gray | R S Ports | 10-7 | B & P S N Co |
| L | Xema | 446 | Mahomed | K'chi | 9-7 | Shah S N Co |
| M | Shah Nasir | 2552 | Grant | K'chi | 9-7 | Shah S N Co |
| N | Queen Helena | 2755 | Breaks | P'delphia | 13-7 | W & A G & Co |
| O | Umzumbi | 2144 | Mitchell | Rotterdam | | W & A G & Co |
| Q | Haidari | 1562 | Lorne | | | Bo & S N Co |

H W P D

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Bahaduri | 829 | Eakeera | N F | Bo S N Co |
| Kaveri | 553 | Mohamad | N F | Bo S N Co |
| Ponani | 132 | Esmail | N F | Bo S N Co |
| Sabarmati | 524 | Mahomed | N F | Bo S N Co |

VICTORIA DOCK.

| | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | Hiroshima Maru | 2035 | Mocker | Kobe | 9-7 | N Y Kaisha |
| 2 | Castalia | 4080 | Blight | L'pool | 9-7 | W & A G Co |
| 2 | Castalia | 4081 | Blight | L'pool | 9-7 | W & A G & Co |
| 3 | Capri | 2784 | Belsito | N F | | Florio & R S N Co |
| 4 | Merton Hall | 2773 | Prouse | L'pool | 4 7 | K Nixon & Co |
| 4 | Balduino | 2648 | Cagliolo | Genoa | 15-7 | Florio & R S N |
| 5 | Langue | 2465 | Misbety | D'kirk | 16-7 | W & A G & Co |
| 7 | Iran | | Peabody | Dunkirk | 10-7 | K Nixon & Co |
| 9 | Arcadia | 3,574 | Valentine | Shanghai | 10-7 | P & O Co |
| 10&11 | City of London | 5691 | Snow | K'chi | 10-7 | K Nixon & Co |
| 1[illegible] | Arabia | 4167 | Leigh | London | 20-7 | P & O Co |
| 14 | Lingat | 963 | Rickford | K'chi | 12-7 | M M & Co |
| 15 | Clan Alpine | 2285 | Green | A'mouth | 13-7 | F Muir & Co |

H W V D

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Kola | 498 | Moxem | Busreh | 9-7 | M M & Co |

### ARRIVALS.

| July. | Vessel. | Commander. | Destination. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 8 | Singu s<br>Queda s | Currie<br>Coope | Rangoon, June 26<br>Calcutta, June 24 |

### DEPARTURES.

| July. | Vessel. | Commander. | From. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 8 | Goalpara s<br>Sultan s | Morrison<br>Ulrich | Persian Gulf, &c<br>Zanzibar, &c |

The steamer Hiroshima Maru, Mocker, for Kobe, &c, obtained her portclearance yesterday.

The following vessels began to load yesterday :—

Steamer Castella, for Hull, &c.
" D Balduino, for Genoa, &c.
" Arabia, for London.
" Helios, for Bangkok, &c.
" Singu, for Rangoon, &c.
" Kola, for Persian Gulf, &c.

### MADRAS.

ARRIVALS.

| June. | Vessel. | From |
|---|---|---|
| 26 | Zinnia | Calcutta |
| July | | |
| 1 | Bombay | Calcutta |
| 2 | Clan Forbes | Liverpool |
| 2 | Dragoman | Calcutta |
| 3 | Clan Macleod | Coast |
| 5 | Ockenfels | Middlesbro |
| 6 | Lord Kelvin | Calcutta |
| 6 | Marienfels | Antwerp |
| 6 | Obra | Bombay |

STEAMERS EXPECTED.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 8 | Nawab | Calcutta |
| 8 | Maria Valerie | Calcutta |
| 8 | Bharata | Rangoon |
| 9 | Nairung | Bombay |
| 8 | Matiana | London |
| 13 | Marq Bacquiheim | Trieste |
| 13 | Umlazi | Calcutta |
| 14 | Nurani | Bombay |
| 17 | Kagoshima Maru | Penang |
| 21 | Clan Macnab | Liverpool |

The dates are approximate only.

## DAILY EXPORTS.—JULY 8.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

**Castalia** s—146 bales wool and goathair, W and A Graham and Co; 10 bales wool M Ramjidas; 27 bales wool, A H Bundeally.

FOR LONDON.

**Arabia** s—1,600 cwts mussoor, 4,000 cwts peas and 10,855 cwts cottonseed, Ralli Bros.

FOR ABERDEEN.

**Umzumbi** s—558 cwts cottonseed, Ralli Bros.

FOR ANTWERP.

**Crosby Hall** s—625 cwts gum, P Jethabhoy; 105 bales cotton fly and waste, W Wolf and Sons; 1,999 cwt rapeseed, S C Italiana; 3,999 cwts linseed, E D Sassoon and Co; 10 bales cottonfly, M Damjee; 110 bales cotton, N Cursetji and Co; 2,485 cwts linseed, Ralli Bros; 9,496 cwts linseed, Ralli Bros; 9,496 cwts linseed, and 3,000 cwts poppyseed, L Dreyfus and Co.

**Colaba** s—240 cwts rapeseed, Volkart Bros; 65 bales cotton, N Peerbhoy; 2,000 cwts linseed, David Sassoon and Co; 777 cwts rapeseed and 30 cwts poppyseed, E D Sassoon and Co; 92 cwts poppy seed, Worman and Co.

FOR HAMBURG.

**Crostafels** s—330 bales cotton, Volkart Bros; 2,180 cwts Kurdee and groundnuts Glade and Co; 10 balas cowhair S Smide and Co; 1,745 cwts bonemeal, R Kaderbhoy; 22 bales hemp, The Western India Fibre Syndicate; 1'0 bales cotton, Vatchaghandy and Sons; 60 bales hemp, E Tajbhoy and Co: 220 bales cotton, C Lalljee and Co; 184 bales cottonfly, K Visram and Co; 3,000 cwts bone meal, M Jamal, 13 bales hides, Nizamudin and Co; 500 cwt myrabollam, G Madhowji and Co, 1 bales yarn, W and A Graham and Co; 250 cwts olibanum, L Purshotum; 660 bales cotton, Gaddam and Co.

FOR BREMEN.

**Crostafels** s—880 bales cotton, The Mitsiu B Kaisha 83) bales cotton, Gaddum and Co.

FOR DUNKIRK.

**Langue** s—6,528 cwts linseed Ralli Bros ; 3,998 cwts rapeseed and 4,002 cwts poppyseed S C Italiana ; 600 cwt horns E Mahomed.

FOR MARSELLIES.

**City of London** s—6,0 cwts poppyseed ; 1,044 cwts rapeseed 3,498 cwts teelseed and 647 cwts linseed Ralli Bros.

FOR GENOA.

**D Balduino** 970 bales cotton 2,000 cwts casterseed 3,013 cwts rapeseed 6,036 cwts linseed Ralli Bros ; 100 bales cotton Glade and Co ; 50 tons old iron E B Parekh ; 950 bales cotton Ralli Bros ; 100 tons o'd iron N Futchally and Co ; 1 bale Yarn H Sulzar and Co; 700 bales cotton Gaddam and Co

FOR NAPLES.

**D Balduino** s—320 bales cotton Glade and Co ; 400 bales cotton A Blascheck and Co ; 2,000 cwts castorseed Ralli Bros ; 150 bales cotton Bamjee and Co ; 200 bales cotton Deewadkar and Co ; 400 bales cotton Ralli Bros.

FOR CATANIA.

**D Balduino** 34) bales cotton Gaddum and Co.

FOR BARCELONA.

**Castella** s—150 bales cotton The New Mofussil Co.

FOR LEGHORN.

**D Balduino** s—1,000 cwt linseed L Dreyfus and Co.

FOR HONGKONG.

**Arcadia** s—2½ cwts ivory M M Essobhoy and Co; 20 chests opium, C Ebrahim and Co.

FOR SHANGHAI.

**Arcadia** s—36 chests opium C Ebrahim and Co; 29 chests opium C Bamonji and Co.

FOR YOKOHAMA.

**Arcadia** s—[illegible] lbs ivory H Rowji.

BRAIN-FAG VS. SECRET OF SUCCESS.

BRAIN fag or loss of mental concentration, is one of the greatest disabilities a brain worker can suffer from. It prevents him doing full Justice to himself and forms a serious barrier to his success in life. If a man is to be efficient and successful, he must be possessed of a sound reliable memory; for memory is the basis of all brain work. The better the memory, the more active and prolific the brain.

PROF. JAMES'
ELECTRO-TONIC PEARLS.

Positively cure failing memory and restore Brain-Fag, Incapacity for study or business, General Debility, Premature Decay or Exhausted Vitality, the result of overwork.

Their marvellous curative effects are manifested from the first day of their administration by a remarkable increase of Nerve and Intellectual Power with a feeling of courage, strength and comfort. Digestion is invigorated, appetite increases wonderfully, bowels becomes regular, countenance clear and ruddy, the eyes bright, sight improved, the step and gait again elastic and determined, the temper cheerful, the brain again active, memory tenacious, bodily nourishment increased and energy restored.

Price Rs. 2 per bottle of 40 Pills.
POSTAGE ANNAS FIVE EXTRA.
THE ANGLO-INDIAN DRUG & CHEMICAL CO.,
No. 391, MARKET, BOMBAY.

Local Agents :—
Messrs. TREACHER & Co., LTD. Chemists, Bombay.

# COMMERCIAL NEWS.

## LONDON MARKETS.

LONDON, July 7.] [BOMBAY, July 8.

### IMPORTS OF TREASURE.

| Packages. | Value. | From | Vessel. | Importer. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Rs. | | | |
| 1 Bundle Sovs | 1,050 | Muscat | Goalpara | D Khimjee |
| Gold Coins | 7,375 | | | |
| 1 Bundle Sovs | 330 | Koweit | Do | K S Faraj |
| Gold Coins | 1,350 | | | |
| Rupees | 570 | | | |
| 7 Bundles Rupees | 15,750 | Bahrein | Do | Sundry Natives |
| 3 Packages Sovs | 57,129 | Jeddah | Naderi | H A A Reza |
| Gold Coins | 22,917 | | | |
| Rupees | 788 | | | |

## BOMBAY MARKETS.

MONDAY EVENING.] [8TH JULY, 1907.

### FINANCIAL.

| | 1907. |
|---|---|
| Bank of England ... | 4 per cent. from 25th April. |
| Bank of Bengal ...... | 4 per cent. 4th July. |
| Bank of Bombay...... | 4 per cent. 4th July. |
| Bank of Madras ...... | 5 per cent. 29th June. |

**Money :—**

The Money market is unchanged. There are borrowers for two months at 3 per cent. per annum. The Bank of Bombay cash balance is Rs. 21 lakhs up.

**Exchange :—**

There has not been much doing in this market to-day. Bills have been very scarce, and most Banks will buy for two mails at 1s. 4 9/32d. for 3 months' sight credits. For later delivery 1s. 4 5/16d. 3 months' sight is the best that can be done, and after September rates are probably 1/32 higher monthly. The general rate for ready T. T. was 1s. 4 1/32d. but it was easy to get 1/32 better. One Bank was selling demand for any delivery at 1s. 4 3/32d. but found little enquiry. Far Eastern rates are steady.

We quote :—

| | |
|---|---|
| T. T. on London ... | 1s. 4 1/32d. to 1/16d. |
| Demand Draft ... | 1s. 4 1/16d. to 3/32d. |
| Credits— 3 months' sight | 1s. 4 9/32d to 5/16d. |
| Do. 6 months' sight | 1s. 4 15/32d to 1/2d. |
| Do. 3 months' sight—Francs | 170 1/2 |
| Do. 3 months' sight—Marks | 139 1/4 |
| Hongkong—30 days' sight ... | 161 1/2 |
| Yokohama—30 days' sight ... | 149 1/2 |
| Shanghai—30 days' sight ... | 220 |

**Government Paper :—**

The Market opened quiet at Rs. 97 1/8 per cash and Rs. 97 1/16 for the settlement, but early in the day there were sellers and the settlement rate fell to Rs. 97. A moderate bussiness has been done, the market closing steady as under. Calcutta quotations were advised as Rs. 97 1/16 for ready and forward delivery.

We quote :—

| | |
|---|---|
| Cash ... ... ... | Rs. 97·1 |
| 1st Settlement ... ... ... | " 97·0 |

**Bullion :—**

On Saturday, Bar silver, in London, closed at 31 for ready and 31 1/16 for two months' delivery and forward, New York being unchanged at 67 3/8. There has only been a small business reported in our local Bazaar, the quotations being steady at 67 3/8 for ready bars, ex-duty. Forward quotations are given below. Bar Gold is steady. We quote :—

| | Rs. | A. | P. |
|---|---|---|---|
| English Bar Gold ... | 24 | 2 | 0 |
| Australian Bar Gold ... | 24 | 1 | 0 |
| Bombay Bar Gold ... | 24 | 0 | 0 |
| English Shield Sovereigns ... | 15 | 0 | 0 |
| English Dragon Sovereigns ... | 15 | 0 | 0 |
| Silver ex Duty—Ready ... | 78 | 14 | 0 |
| Ditto 1st Settlement ... | 78 | 14 | 0 |
| Ditto 2nd " ... | 78 | 13 | 0 |

### COTTON.

MARKET REPORT :—

The market opened steadier this morning as Exporters are reported to have bought new crop in fairly large quantities. Speculators in the Bazaar have also continued to buy new Good Broach and other descriptions basing their operations on the absence of rain. The Local Mills are good buyers of ready to cover their sales of yarn and in view of the more promising prospects in the yarn market,

QUOTATIONS :—

| | Rs. | Delivery |
|---|---|---|
| Fine M. G. Broach | 279 | Ready. |
| Fine " Nagpur Kampti | 231 | " |
| Fine " Damangaum Pulgaon. | 214 | " |
| Fine " Khangaum Akola | 208 | " |
| Fine " Amraoti | 207 | " |
| Fine " Muttia | 196 | " |
| F. G. " Khandeish | 186 | " |
| Fine " Khandeish | 195 | " |
| Fine " Bengals | 190 | " |
| Good Westerns | 237 | " |
| Good Saw Ginned Dharwar | 251 | " |

### NEW CROP.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Good M. G. Broach ... | Rs. 265 | March 08 |
| Fine " " ... | " 280 | " |
| " " Nagpur Kampti... | " 242 | Jany. 08 |
| " " Damangaum Poolgaum. | " 232 | " |
| Fine " Khangaum, Akola | " 225/6 | " |
| " " Bengals ... | " 206 | " |
| " " Khandesh ... | " 213 | " |
| Fully Good M. G. Khandeish | " 206 | " |
| Fully Good H. G. Bengals... | " 189 | " |

**Liverpool Opener :—**

| | |
|---|---|
| Opening Tone ... ... ... | Quiet. |
| Estimated Sales ... ... ... | 6,000 bales |
| Total Imports ... ... ... | 5,000 " |

**Future Delivery prices :—**

| July-Aug | Aug.-Sept. | Sept.-Oct. | Oct.-Nov. | Nov.-Dec. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 6·21<br>—01 | 6·82<br>—01 | 6·73<br>—01 | 6·64<br>—04 | 6·61<br>—01 |
| Dec.-Jan. | Jan.-Feb. | Feb.-March | Mar.-Apr. | |
| 6·59<br>—01 | 6·58<br>—01 | 6·58<br>—01 | 6·58<br>—01 | |

### MISCELLANEOUS.

**Linseed :—**

There is no business passing and the tone is very quiet.

| | |
|---|---|
| Ready ... ... ... | Rs. 7 12 0 |
| Forward—September ... | Rs. 8 6 0 |

**Rapeseed :—**

The market is easier and there is no demand,

| | |
|---|---|
| Brown Cawnpore ... ... | Rs. 8 11 0 |
| Yellow Gujarat ... ... | " 9 8 0 |

**Poppyseed :—**

The market is quiet with hardly any enquiry.

| | |
|---|---|
| Ready ... ... ... | Rs. 10 2 0 |

**Castorseed :—**

The market is steady but no business is reported,

Rs. 38 10 0

**Cottonseed :—**

The market is unchanged.

Rs. [illegible]

**Mowraseed :—**

There is some enquiry.

| | |
|---|---|
| ... Rs. | 6 8 0 B. T. |
| ... Rs. | 6 12 0 B. T. |

**Wheat :—**

The market is firm, but buyers are looking on.

White Delhi ... ... Rs. 5 3 0 July

## THE SHARE MARKET.

**Banks :—**

| | |
|---|---|
| Bombay ... ... ... | 1,425 C. D. |
| India ... ... ... ... | 59½ C. D. |

**Mills :—**

| | |
|---|---|
| Century ... ... ... ... | 1,700 |
| David ... ... ... ... | 378 3/4 |
| Kohinoor ... ... ... | 780 |
| Maneckji Petit ... ... ... | 3,170 Aug. |

**Miscellaneous :—**

| | |
|---|---|
| The Bombay Electric Tramway Ordinary ... ... ... | 164 |
| Preference " " ... | 126 |

**Railways :—**

| | |
|---|---|
| Ahmedabad-Prantej ... ... | 565 |
| Amritsar-Patti ... ... | 110 |
| Tapti Valley ... ... ... | 447 1/2 |

### RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of Produce into Bombay during the 24 hours ended at 6 p.m., yesterday :—

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Cotton ... ... ... ... | 8,451 | bales. |
| Wheat ... ... ... ... | 4,962 | cwts. |
| Linseed ... ... ... ... | 3,568 | " |
| Rapeseed... ... ... ... | 4,894 | " |
| Gingellyseed ... ... ... | 158 | " |
| Poppyseed ... ... ... | 1,801 | " |
| Groundnuts ... ... ... | nil | " |
| Castorseed ... ... ... | 5,738 | " |
| Rice ... ... ... ... | 1,088 | " |
| Myrabollams ... ... ... | 221 | " |
| Cottonseed ... ... ... | 5,793 | " |
| Mowraseed ... ... ... | 2,358 | " |
| Gram ... ... ... ... | 2,919 | " |
| Joowar ... ... ... ... | 1,431 | " |
| Maize ... ... ... ... | nil | |

## THE MADRAS MARKET.

### Banks.

| | |
|---|---|
| Bank of Madras... ... ... ... | 1,100 |
| Bangalore Bank... ... ... ... | 115 |
| Commercial Bank ... ... ... | 15 |
| Do. 6 per cent. Cum. Pref ... | 80 |

### Mills and Presses.

| | |
|---|---|
| Bangalore Woollen, Cotton and Silk... ... | 75 |
| Do. do. 6 per cent Deb. 1910 ... | 1,000 |
| Buckingham Mill 7 per cent Pref. 1st Jany. ... | 100 |
| Do. do. do. 31st Dec. ... | 1,100 |
| Do. 6 per cent. Deb. 1909 ... | 1,000 |
| Carnatic ... ... ... ... | 500 |
| Do. 6 per cent. Deb. 1913 ... | 1,000 |
| Coimbatore Spinning & Weaving ... | 135 |
| Coral ... ... ... ... | 135 |
| Jamalamudugu Press ... ... ... | 850 |
| Mysore Spinning & Manufacturing ... | nom 200 |
| Madras United ... ... ... | 2,800 |
| Madura ... ... ... | 130 |
| Tinnevelly Mills ... ... ... | 500 |
| Tirupur Press ... ... ... | 450 |
| Tadpatri Press (Ord.) ... ... | 500 |
| Do. 7 per cent. Cum. Pref ... | 100 |

### Miscellaneous.

| | |
|---|---|
| Arbuthnot's Industrials 6 per cent. Cum. Pref. ... ... | Nom. |
| Burmah Oil Coy. ... ... | 60s. |
| Deccan Sugar and Abkari Ld. ... ... | 900 |
| Do. do. 1913 ... | 1,000 |
| East India Distilleries (Ord.) ... ... | 9s. 6d. |
| Do. 5 per cent. Deb. cum interest ... | £98 |
| Do. 7 per cent. Cum. Pref. ... | 14s. 6d. |
| Indian Aluminium Co., Ld ... ... | 60 |
| Indian Cycle and Engineering 7 per cent. Deb | 90 |
| McDowell and Co. (Ord.) ... ... | 150 |
| Do. 6 per cent. Cum. Pref ... | 98 |
| Madras Railway 5 per cent. Gua. ... | £ 113 |
| Do. 4½ per cent. Gua ... | £ 105 |
| Madras Electric Tramways ... ... | £ 1 nom. |
| Do. 5 per cent. Sterling Deb. ... | £99½ |
| Madras Electric Supply Corporation ... | 12s 6d. |
| Massey and Co. (Ord ) ... ... | 135 |
| Do. 6 per cent. Cum. Pref.... | 105 |
| Mysore Manganese (Rs. 100 paid up) ... | 200 |
| Do. (Rs. 25 paid) ... | 60 |
| Oakes and Co. (Ord.) ... ... | 100 |
| Do. 6 per cent. Cum. Pref ... | 95 |
| Do. 5 per cent. Deb. 1910 ... | 90 |
| South Indian Railway Deb. ... ... | £ 124 |
| Do. (Capital Stock) ... ... | £ 104 |
| Southern India Rubber (Rs. 35 paid). ... | 25 |
| Shell Transport and Trading Company ... | 48s. |
| Do. 5 per cent. Pref. ... | £ 9½ |
| Spencer and Co. (Ord.) ... ... | 150 |
| Do. 6 per cent. Cum Pref. ... | 105 |
| United Coffee Growers ... ... | 50 |
| Vizianagram Minning ... ... | 15s. |

## PASSENGERS BY THE S. S. "CASTALIA."

The Anchor Line s. s. *Castalia* will sail from No. 2 Shed, Victoria Dock, this evening, with the following passengers. Medical Inspection at 6-45 p.m. sharp :—

To London.—Mr. H. Cheetham, Major Eustace Crawley, Lady Violet Crawley, Mr. John B. Earle, Mrs. Ferrar, Rev. S. Garabedian, Major Hely Hutchinson, Mrs. Hely Hutchinson, Capt. F. O. Mell, Master Carl Muller, and Capt. F. S. C. Thompson.

To Liverpool.—Mr. V. P. Cuttler, Mr. Geo. E. Naylor and Mrs. Wright.

## PASSENGERS BY THE S. S. "MASSILIA."

The Anchor Line s. s. *Massilia* is expected to arrive in Bombay, on the 10th instant, with the following passengers :—Mr. R. N. H. Reid, Mrs. Reid, infant Mr. L. C. Swifte, Mr. R. L. Soloani, Major W. S. Barrotyne, Captain C. C. Macnamara and Major F. J. Durcar.

### BOMBAY LIGHT HORSE.

SQUADRON ORDERS.

Bombay, July 9.

The Range at Colaba will be available for Practice on Saturday afternoon the 13th instant from 4 p.m.

HEUGH. S SYMONS, Lieut.,
Offg. Comdg. B. L. H.

### BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LT.-COL. LOUIS P. RUSSELL
COMMANDING, B. V. A.
Bombay, July 9.

REGIMENTAL COMMITTEE MEETING.

There will be a meeting of the Regimental Committee at the B V A Club on Thursday next the 11th instant at 6 30 p. m. Sharp.

All members of the Committee are requested to attend.

R. W. FISHER, Lieut.,
Actg Adjt., B. V. A

### BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LIEUT.-COL. R. W. L. DUNLOP
COMMANDING, B. V. R.
Bombay, July 9.

106. Detail for week ending Saturday the 13th instant.

To-day Tuesday the 9th—"I" Coy Parade at 4 15 p. m. on company parade ground.

II—"L" Coy Parade at 4 45 p m on company parade ground.

III—Practice for Buglers near Skating Rink at 8 30 p.m.

Wednesday the 10th—"K" Coy Scottish High School Parade at 3 30 p m on company parade ground.

II—"H" Coy Parade at 5 30 p m on company parade ground.

Thursday the 11th—Signallers parade in rear of Telegraph Quarters at 7 a m.

II—"L" Coy Parade at 7 45 a m on company parade ground.

III—"I" Coy Parade at 4 15 p m on company parade ground.

Friday the 12th—"M" Coy Parade at 4 p m on Company parade ground.

Subject for all companies during the week, Section 1 to 40 Infantry Training 1905.

107. Enrolments—The undernamed having been enrolled are taken on the strength and posted to Company as follows :—

No 6089 Vol C M Burrows, and No 6040 Vol A B Aranha, to "D" Coy, No 5213 Vol W Brown, No 6091 Cadet F Austin, No 6092 Cadet B Paul, No 6093 Cadet N Clarke, No 6094 Cadet A Baillie, No 6095 Cadet E Hemingway, No 6096 Cadet D Sinclair, No 6097 Cadet A Perkins, No 6098 Cadet J Beebers, No 6099 Cadet G Pritchley, No 6100 Cadet C Saunders, No 6101 Cadet G Burrett, No 6102 Cadet A Sheeham, No 6103 Cadet J Pollard, No 6104 Cadet H Slator No 6105 Cadet D Lowe, No 6106 Cadet W Hall No 6107 Cadet H Austin, No 6108 Cadet W Wilshaw, No 6109 Cadet G Jiggins and No 6110 Cadet C Bunyan, to "H" Company

108. Promotions—The Commanding Officer is pleased to make the following promotions in "H" Company with effect from this date :—

No 5213 Vol W Brown, to be Sergeant, vice Butterfield resigned.

No 1476 Corpl C Millard to be Sergeant, vice Watts resigned.

109 Transfers. The following transfers will take effect from this date. No 5512 Corpl A Low, No 5064 L/Corpl W George No 5841 Cadet C Brooks, No 5246 Cadet W Ballie, and No 5288 Cadet R Haytor are transferred from "H" to "F" Coy in the rank of Volunteers. No 5839 Cadet T Thorley and No 5840 Cadet V Threlfall are transferred from "H" to "K" Company. No 5931 Cadet Selta Boyton and No 6053 Cadet A Hodgins, are transferred from "H" to "I" Company.

A. L. CARTWRIGHT, Capt.
Adjt, B. V. R.

### DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE Charge for Announcements of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS, and MEMORIAM NOTICES which must be authenticated by the name and address of the senders, is Rs. 2 for six lines or less, and 8 as. for every additional line. CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTH.

WOODS—June 3?, at Dibrugarh, Assam, the wife of Major Albert E. Woods, Deputy Commissioner, of a son.

DEATH.

HESTERLOW—July 2, at Kurnool, Martha Rosamond, widow of the late Lieut. T. B. Hesterlow, aged 52 years.

H. T. BINKS,
UNDERTAKER
AND
MONUMENTAL SCULPTOR,
Clare Road, Byculla, Bombay.
TELEPHONE NO. 947.

DHANAMAL CHELLARAM,
62-64, MEDOW'S ST., FORT, BOMBAY.

A LARGE Assortment of JEWELLERY, SILVER-WARE, JAPANESE SILKS, CHINESE SILKS—FLOWERED and EMBROIDERED; CREPES—EMBROIDERED; SILK DRESSES and BLOUSES—EMBROIDERED.
Always in Stock
JAPANESE, CHINESE, EGYPTIAN, and PERSIAN CURIOSITIES displayed in large Variety.

# BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Sun rises, 6h. 7m. Sun sets, 7h. 20m. High water, 11-20m., 1-11a. ; Low water, 4-3m., 4-56a.

Sind Press Company, 19 Elphinstone Circle, 3-30 p.m.

Harwood Association Football League, Cooperage, 5-45 p.m. Royal Scots' B Team vs. Government Telegraphs.

Bombay Improvement Trust, 4 p. m.

THE WEEK'S CALENDAR.

Wednesday, July 10.—Municipal Standing Committee, 4-9 p m. Bombay Gymkhana Mud Sports, 5-30 p.m. Harwood Association Football League, Cooperage, 5-45 p. m., Bombay Gymkhana vs. Royal Scots' A. Team. Sassoon Pressing Company, 8 Forbes Street, 4 p. m. Sun rises, 6h. 7m. Sun sets, 7h 20m. High water, 11-53m., 11-16a Low water, 4-40m., 5-33a

Thursday, July 11.—Harwood Association Football League, Oval, 5-45 p. m., Royal Scots' A Team. vs. Customs. Sun rises, 6h. 8m. Sun sets 7h. 20m. High water, 0-24m., 11-51a. Low water, 5-16m., 6 9a.

Friday, July 12.—Harwood Association Football League, Cooperage, 5-45 p. m. Y. M. C. A. vs. Government Telegraphs. Sun rises, 6h. 8m. Sun sets, 7h. 20m. High water, 0-53m. Low water, 5-51m., 6-45 a.

Saturday, July 13.—Cricket Matches : Bombay Gymkhana A and B Teams vs Elphinstone College and B. I. L. I., respectively. Harwood Association Football League, Cooperage, 5-45 p.m. Royal Artillery vs. Royal Scots' A Team. Sun rises 6h. 9m. Sun sets 7h. 20m. High water 0-56m. Low water 5-52m. 6-47a.

Sunday, July 14.—7th Sunday after Trinity. Sun rises 6h-10m. Sun sets 7h. 20m. High water 1-1m. Low water, 5-53m. 6-48a.

Monday, July 15.—Marcks and Company, annual meeting, 4-30 p.m. Harwood Association Football League, Oval, 5-45 p.m. Royal Scots' B Team vs. Customs. Sun rises, 6h. 9m. Sun sets, 7h. 19m. High water, 1-43m., 2-21a. Low water, 7-31m., 8-39a.

POSTAL NOTICE.—Mails for Natal, Cape Colony, and other places in South Africa, per extra s.s. *Umlazi* via Tuticorin and Colombo, will be closed at the General Post Office at 7-30 p. m. on the 12th instant. A supplemental mail will also be closed at 7-30 p. m. on the 13th instant.

UNFORTUNATE LABOURERS.—A big case containing machinery was being removed from the Prince's Dock yesterday. It was placed on a truck and dragged by a number of labourers. One of the wheels got between the rails of the Railway line and broke. This upset the case supported by the truck. It fell on two of the labourers. One was killed on the spot and the other has been removed to the G. T. Hospital.

PICK-POCKET AT THE SHARE BAZAR.—At the Esplanade Police Court yesterday before Mr. J. W. S. Dracup, Sub-Inspector Power charged Raja Bhagaji (10), a Gowli boy, with the theft of a purse. The evidence showed that on Saturday afternoon one Haridas Hansraj, a broker, was among a crowd in the Share Market when he felt a push and on looking back saw the accused with his purse in his hand. He at once seized him and handed him over to the police. The accused was sent to the Sassoon Reformatory for six years.

OVER-BALANCED OUT OF THE WINDOW.—Mr. Chalk, Acting Coroner of Bombay, yesterday held an inquest touching the death of Permanand Kanji, a Hindu aged 20. The deceased resided in 1st Carpenter Street and on the 3rd instant he attempted to open a jammed window shutter on the 2nd floor of his house. The shutter opened but he lost his balance and fell down. He sustained serious injuries and was attended to by a bone setter. His condition grew worse and he died yesterday. The jury returned a verdict of accidental death.

MUSIC AT THE TAJ MAHAL.—The following programme of music will be played at the Taj Mahal Hotel, under the direction of Mr. I. Selzinger to-day, from 8-15 to 10-15 p.m.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| March | Austria | Nowotny |
| Overture | Esmeralda | Hermann |
| Valse lente | Bleue | Margis |
| Egyptian Intermezzo | Zallah | Loraine |
| Selection | The Geisha | S. Jones |
| Characteristic Piece | In the Chanel | Ellenberg |
| Waltz | Wien Weib und Gesang | J Strauss |
| Two-Step | Creole Belles | Lampe |

VANISHING NOTES.—A report has been made to the Police by Burjorji Fardunji, a Parsee clerk in the employ of Messrs. B. A. Omrigar and Co., Abkari Farmers, Kalyan, that on Saturday afternoon he came to Bombay with a bundle containing Rs. 1,356 in currency notes and cash, belonging to his masters. He went to a druggist's shop at Musjid Bunder, to make some purchases. When the shop-keeper handed him the packet containing the drugs he wanted, he placed the bundle in front of the shop near the steps. Within a fraction of a minute, as he turned back to look for the money, the bundle was gone. He remembered seeing a Waghri girl begging for alms of him at the time, but she had disappeared too.

A PRESENTATION.—An interesting gathering took place at the Morarjee Goculdas Mill, Parel, to present an address to Mr. Thomas Mellor the retiring Carding and Spinning Master of the Mill. There were present Mr. Dhuramsey Morarjee Goculdass Narotam Mr. Goculdass Messers Veerchand Deepchand, C.I.E., D. E. Wacha, Ruttonsey Dhuramsey, Pritamlal Dbeerajlal and others. M. Dhuramsey Morarjee Goculdass occupied the Chair. The following address was read :—We the head and assistant jobbers and other employees of the Carding and Spinning Departments of the Mill beg most respectfully to approach you on the eve of your retirement form the service of this Company, with an expression of our high esteem and heartfelt gratitude towards you. During the period you have been over us, we have always found you a very considerate master and whenever we approached you to give us your assistance you have always helped us and desired to further our interests consistently with the interests of the Mill, and this fact has always emboldened us to do our duty under you with cheerful hearts. We are sincerely sorry at your leaving the service, and at your forthcoming departure from these shores, as we shall miss in you, not only a kind and able superior, but also a true and trusted guide. In begging leave to bid you farewell, we assure you that we shall ever wish you and Mrs. Mellor a long life with all the pleasures of a sweet and happy home in your land of birth." Mr. Dhuramsey Morarjee Goculdass then said : "It gives me and the other members of our firm great pleasure to see you all assembled here this afternoon to express your high appreciation of the many merits of your Carding and Spinning Master, on the eve of his retirement. Mr. Mellor has served the Company in all for 14 years, first at Sholapur, then at Mahalakshmi, and for nine years at the Morarjee's, where he has won golden opinion all round. The Company has through its board already recognized his intrinsic worth as an expert by giving him a handsome Bonus, and I now see you have invited us to witness the interesting ceremony of your own presentation of the address which will be a memento for him. I am quite sure Mr. Mellor will have many a happy reminiscence of the years he has passed in our service and with his operatives. We all wish him better health in his native country and with it continued prosperity. We now bid him a cordial farewell and in doing so we take the opportunity of presenting him with a little souvenir of our own firm." Mr. Dharamsey then presented the address and a golden watch from the Agents to Mr. Mellor. Mr. Mellor made a suitable reply thanking the Agents for the favour shown him during his service; and after the usual vote of thanks to the Chairman, and garlanding with flowers, the Company dispersed.

# SPORTING NEWS.

## CRICKET.

ISLAM GYMKHANA vs. NEW YOUNG PARSEES.

This match was played on Saturday on the Islam Gymkhana ground, resulting in a win for the Islam Gymkhana by 30 runs. Scores :—

NEW YOUNG PARSEES.

| | |
|---|---|
| Devecha, c Khan b Mahomed ... | 44 |
| Pagiwala st Mali ... ... | 22 |
| Kapadia, c Oomer b Mali ... | 9 |
| Kareem, c Mahomed b Mali ... | 1 |
| Bulsara, c Alisha b Bustani ... | 2 |
| Appoo b Ali ... ... | 2 |
| Motiwala b Bustani ... ... | 4 |
| Dastur b Ali ... ... | 0 |
| Mistri st Ali ... ... | 6 |
| Mehta, not out ... ... | 0 |
| Confectioner b Mahomed ... | 1 |
| Extras ... | 3 |
| Total ... | 94 |

ISLAM GYMKHANA.

| | |
|---|---|
| H C Tyabji b Kapadia ... | 1 |
| D Nensi b Kapadia ... | 14 |
| Mahomed b Dastur ... | 17 |
| C Mali b Kapadia ... | 6 |
| Ismail l-b-w Devecha ... | 33 |
| Jamale b Kapadia ... | 27 |
| Bustani c Kapadia ... | 12 |
| Khan Sahib, not out ... | 2 |
| Oomer b Kapadia ... | 5 |
| Ali Shah ... ... } To bat. | |
| Khan ... ... } | |
| Extras ... | 7 |
| Total ... | 124 |

ISLAM GYMKHANA vs. R. I. LUSO INDIANO.

This match was played on Sunday on the Islam Gymkhana ground, resulting in a win for the Islam Gymkhana by 92 runs. Scores :—

ISLAM GYMKHANA.

| | |
|---|---|
| Ismail c Souza ... | 12 |
| Khan Saheb, run out ... | 7 |
| Idroos b Braganza ... | 5 |
| Mahomed b Braganza ... | 21 |
| Bustani c Firao Souza ... | 32 |
| Jamali b Braganza ... | 12 |
| Hadi b Saldanha ... | 10 |
| Oomer l-b-w Souza ... | 0 |
| Perkar b Souza ... | 10 |
| Ali Shah Ferrao ... | 4 |
| Khan Sahib, not out ... | 0 |
| Extras ... | 14 |
| | 127 |

R. I. L. I.

| | |
|---|---|
| E Albuque, run out ... | 1 |
| M Saldanha st Bustani ... | 1 |
| J C Ferao b Mahomed ... | 0 |
| N D Souza b Mahomed ... | 8 |
| S D Silva b Mahomed ... | 13 |
| A D Gama b Mahomed ... | 5 |
| R D Costa c Khan Sahib ... | 0 |
| J P Braganza b Bustani ... | 1 |
| S D Souza, not out ... | 1 |
| N Firrao b Mahomed ... | 1 |
| J Sequera b Mahomed ... | 0 |
| Extra ... | 3 |
| Total ... | 35 |

K. C. A. CRICKET CLUB vs. G. I. P. RY. ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICES "B" TEAM.

This match was played on the Esplanade ground on Saturday and resulted in a win for the K. C. A. C. Club by 7 wickets and 109 runs. Scores :—

K. C. A. C. CLUB.

| | |
|---|---|
| Mr A X Sequeira, c Krishna b Gupte ... | 19 |
| Mr Ben Lobo, not out ... | 51 |
| Mr S Aranha, c Gupte b Wilshaw ... | 15 |
| Mr A Sequeira, c Krishna b Gupte ... | 10 |
| Mr L Bunyan, not out ... | 28 |
| Mr Alex Tellis ... } Did not bat | |
| Mr J Saldanha ... } | |
| Mr L Monteiro ... } | |
| Mr F Fernandes ... } | |
| Mr J M Tellis ... } | |
| Mr A D'Souza ... } | |
| Extras ... | 0 |
| Total for 3 wts ... | 123 |

G. I. P. RY. ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICES B. TEAM.

| | |
|---|---|
| Mr Hormusji b F Fernandes ... | 1 |
| Mr Peris b F Fernandes ... | 0 |
| Mr Gupte b L Bunyan ... | 4 |
| Mr Wilshaw, run out ... | 2 |
| Mr Purshotam, b Bunyan ... | 3 |
| Mr Kelkar b Bunyan ... | 0 |
| Mr D Sadashiv b Bunyan ... | 0 |
| Mr Ahmed b Fernandes ... | 0 |
| Mr Krishna, run out ... | 0 |
| Mr B Gupte, c Lobo, b Bunyan ... | 0 |
| Mr Hormusji, not out ... | 0 |
| Extras ... | 4 |
| Total ... | 14 |

## RUGBY FOOTBALL.

Yesterday on the Cooperage two Bombay Gymkhana teams turned out for a practice game and were favoured with fine weather, though a small shower sent spectators to the tents for a time. The teams were not complete but a very fair game nevertheless was seen, Colours playing twelve men and Whites eleven. On paper Colours were the stronger, as in their three-quarter line they had Ward, Baker, Bridge and Palmer ; probably the pick of the lot. E. M. Webb appeared for the first time at back but his kicking is weak and he was not the success he was at three-quarters last year.

Whites kicked off and from it a good by Ward, he gave to Palmer and he back to Ward who, however, fumbled when near the line. They continued to press and were over, but Palmer touched down from a forward pass, From a scrum the ball went out to Ward on the right wing and he ran round to about half way between the touch line and goal-posts. Gannon failed at the kick. A run by Ward and then Palmer saw the latter nearly in, and from it Blair of Whites got clear but instead of kicking across sent into touch. Some very pretty passing by Baker, Palmer and Ward saw the last named nearly in but was pulled down by Gilbert. A long kick by Baker resulted in the ball bouncing back awkwardly, and Palmer getting on ran in. A difficult kick was missed.—Stripes 6 pts. to nil. Whites had very much more of the game just before half time. Soon after the interval, Whites came up after a nice run by Dobbin ; but Blair fumbled. Stripes were forced to touch down later and attacked from the kick out and Palmer nearly got in but from a forward pass. Not long after Baker broke right through the opposition and scored near the posts. He converted his own try.—11 pts. to nil. Spencer broke away for Whites, but passing wildly the ball went to an opponent and Blair was pushed into touch. Whites' back played too much of a soccer game and was forced to touch down. One of their forwards broke away but Webb overtook him and pulled him down. They continued to press and from a scrum the ball went over the line and Blair fell on it. Dobbin's attempt was a good one but went to the right.—11 pts to 3. Stripes came up and Rollo being off-side they pressed hard, but Gannon fumbled when almost over. Baker put in a grand run right through but, after crossing the line, was held up. Rollo was again off-side and from the scrum that followed on the goal line Palmer got over. Ward's kick, from a difficult angle, went to the right.—14 pts to 3. The whistle for full time followed immediately, twenty minutes each way only being played. The score was as under :—

| | |
|---|---|
| Stripes | 14 Pts. |
| Whites | 3 Pts. |

## MADRAS GOLF.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, JULY 8.

Captain Adair at Golf won the 1st round of 18 holes placed on the Island for the gold medal with a score of 83 with Mr. H. Ormsby, the best handicap, with a score of 18.

## HOME CRICKET.

Humphrey Gilbert, a young cricketer, who has just won his blue at Oxford, is a son of Mr. and Mrs. R. Gilbert, well-known in Bombay. His speciality is bowling. We hear he is also good at his College work.

# LEGAL INTELLIGENCE.

## HIGH COURT.

## DEFRAUDING THE MINORS.

### Mr. Justice Davar's Inquiry.

A few minutes before rising-time, yesterday evening, in the Bombay High Court, before Mr. Justice Davar, the Clerk of the Court, Mr. Wadia, called out the matter of Nagardas Pitamber, and his brother Vithaldas, minors, against Pitambar Vandravan and others, which had been set down on the Judges' Board, under the heading "For further consideration as to the decree." Mr. F. Sorabji Taleyarkhan, instructed by Mr. Hiralal, of Messrs. Hiralal and Thakurdas, Solicitors, appeared for the minors.

Mr. P. J. Padshah begged for permission to present a petition, from Messrs. Captain and Vaidya, Solicitors, against whom allegations had been made in the award connected with the suit.

Mr. Justice Davar said he would accept it later. His Lordship asked Counsel for the plaintiffs, whether the directions about the costs at the end of the award were quite clear, and whether there was no mistake at all about them.

Mr. Taleyarkhan read from the award of the Arbitrator. The somewhat round about phraseology used in the document was pointedly paraphrased by Mr. Justice Davar. He asked : Does it not mean, Mr. Taleyarkhan, in other words, that if the plaintiffs were not able to recover their costs from the first and the second defendants, they should be recovered from the plaintiffs' property ? Plaintiffs were to pay to the plaintiffs the defendants' costs, from plaintiffs' property, in the event of plaintiffs being unable to recover them from the defendants, or defendants' not paying them.

Mr. Taleyarkhan : It is evidently so, my Lord ; the costs of the plaintiffs' next friend in the suit.—

Mr. Justice Davar : All I can say is, that I shall be inclined to make use of very strong language indeed in respect to this arrangement ; it must be the result of a conspiracy to defraud. Does anyone mean to say that the man Kalidas Vandravandas's costs are to be paid out of the minor's share ? I am not going to give such costs. If it is not quite clear, I am going to take further proceedings, I can hold an investigation, and when necessary, refer it to the Public Prosecutor to take further proceedings, but before proceeding further, I should like to ask Mr. Hiralal a few questions.

Mr. Taleyarkhan advised Mr. Hiralal to go into the witness-box.

The Judge : Mr. Hiralal, you are an attorney of this Court. I am holding an investigation in the interests of the minors. I will deal candidly with you in placing the facts to you in questions I am going to ask you ; and I expect from you similar candour in your replies in order to enable me to get at the truth.

Witness said that the matter was dealt with at end of March or April ; the man's name was Lalji Jagjivan.

Mr. Justice Davar : Was not the matter pending before the Appeal Court ?

Witness. There is an appeal pending by Kalidas ; but I don't know whether there was an application for appointing Lalji Jagjivan as next friend or guardian of the minors was mentioned in the Appeal Court. I never made any application to the Appeal Court ; in fact, I never appeared before it. I am not aware of any order having been made. I am entirely unaware. I appear for the minors now instructed by Lalji Jagjivan. The Arbitrator has settled that the costs were to come out of the estate, including Kalidas's costs.

Mr. Justice Davar : What are the costs ?

Witness : I don't know.

Mr. Justice Davar : What will they be, do you think, approximately ?

Witness : About 4,000 rupees.

Mr. Justice Davar : Out of an estate of 7,000 rupees I ask you as an officer of the Court whether such a decree can be held to be for the benefit of the minors ? You know what has gone before of Kalidas's antecedents in the case ?

Witness : Is it for me to decide, my Lord ?

Mr. Justice Davar : It is a a fraudulent reference to arbitration. Mr. Limji has been inveighed by false representations into making this order.

Witness : I said this is to be declared for the benefit of the minors ; otherwise, I shall have to take it before the Judge in Chambers.

Mr. Justice Davar : Have you ascertained that the man Lalji, who is apparently a creature of Kalidas, is in a position to pay costs of the suit, if they were thrown on him ?

Witness : I have known him to be a respectable broker.

Mr. Justice Davar : I have directed that the decree should be not drawn up and completed, until I have finished this inquiry. In getting Lalji Jagjivan appointed, a grave fraud has been committed. The Appeal Court, I understand, directed that the application for his appointment should be made to the Judge in Chambers ; instead of it, it was made before Mr. Limji N. Banaji, the Prothonotary. The appointment of an Arbitrator was a distinct fraud on Mr. Limji in order to sweep the whole estate. Instead of four thousand, the costs are likely to come to six or seven thousand, the amount the whole estate is worth ; while Mr. Limji has nominally appointed trustee of the estate, the processes of this Court have been grossly abused.

Mr. Taleyarkhan's My Lord, it is most disastrous and utterly scandalous that minor's next friend should so work behind the back of these poor minors, by accepting the position of a colleague of Kalidas. The whole estate, by this arrangement, will go, or well may it be taken to go into the hands of Kalidas.

Mr. Justice Davar: The appointments are all supposed to have been made in furtherance of a criminal conspiracy, and I intend to told an inquiry to-morrow.

Mr. Taleyarkhan : No steps, your Lordship, will take, will be held too stringent.

The Judge asked the attorneys of both parties, and the Arbitrator and next friend, to attend.

Witness : the Arbitrator is not in Bombay, he is at Porbunder.

The Judge : Why was not the whole of the Gujerati award translated in English ; why only a portion of it was done ?

Witness : This is the award; those are the reasons.

The Judge : Why the allegations made against Mr. Captain, Solicitor, were not translated from the award, and not brought to my notice? Mr. Padshah, now I am ready to accept the petition of Mr. Captain. I ask you to assist me in the investigation by informing me of what transpired in Appeal when Lalji was proposed, and the matter was referred to the Judge in Chambers.

Mr. Padshah : Very well, my Lord; as your Lordship pleases.

## PROBATE OF A WILL.

### How it is a Protection.

In the High Court yesterday, their Lordships the Hon'ble the Acting Chief Justice, Mr. Russell, and the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Batty disposed of, in Appeal, a suit instituted by the original applicant and appellant Hargovindas Kuberdas, against Bai Dahi and another, original opponents and respondents. In this case Hargovindas applied for the probate of the Will of deceased Tribhovandas Gulabchand, who was the husband of the respondent Bai Dahi. The lower Court dismissed the application upon the ground that it was precluded from granting it by reason of certain proceedings which took place in a case. It appeared to their Lordships that Bai Dahi applied for letters of administration for this estate and her application was dismissed upon the ground that there was this Will. She then appealed to the High Court, which was appeal No. 18 of 1904, the judgment wherein will be found in VIII, Bombay L. R., page 229. It now appears that before the learned Judge gave his judgment, the parties, *viz.*, Bai Dahi and the executors, had come to a compromise whereby it was agreed that Bai Dahi should receive an increase of her maintenance. Unfortunately, however, as appears from the report the judgment was given not in open Court and this compromise was not brought to the attention of the Judge who tried the case. When the matter came up to the High Court, this compromise was given effect to after the consent of other reversionary beneficiaries had been obtained to the increase of the allowance allowed to her for maintenance, and the High Court then confirmed the order of the first Court which dismissed Bai Dahi's application for letters of administration. Now it seemed to their Lordships that there was nothing whatever in these proceedings to prevent Hargovindas Kuberdas, the present applicant, from obtaining probate of this Will. Although it is perfectly true that, as a Hindu, it may not be absolutely necessary for him to obtain probate, it is obvious that in the first place probate is a very considerable protection to him in dealing with the estate, and what is more important from Bai Dabi's point of view, it is a protection to her. because, in the ordinary course, he will have to give security for the administration to the extent of the whole value of this estate. Therefore, the best thing that can happen to her is that Hargovindas Kuberdas should get the probate granted to him accordingly. Their Lordships observed :—"We must therefore reverse the order of the Court below and direct that the applicant's application for probate be disposed of according to law." Their Lordships further added :—"We notice that the learned Judge in his judgment says : 'I think the main object of the applicant is to resist the claim of Dabi to the increased maintenance,' and the answer to that was that her rights to the increased maintenance have been fully secured to her by this compromise which was fully effected with the consent of the reversionary beneficiaries, and, therefore, his duties will be to administer the estate and to pay her the increased allowance, according to the compromise, during her life-time. It is to be hoped in this matter that no unnecessary expenses will be incurred to further cripple this estate." Their Lordships passed an order that all costs in the lower Court and in the High Court, and incidental to this application, be dealt with by the lower Court.

## POSSESSORY SUIT.

### Mamlatdar's Jurisdiction.

On the Appellate Side of the High Court, under the Court's extraordinary jurisdiction, their Lordships the Hon'ble the Acting Chief Justice, Mr. Russell, and the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Batty disposed of an appeal presented by the applicant and original plaintiff [illegible] Patil Nana Patil, against the opponents and defendants Bang Patil and another. The applicant brought a possessory suit in the Mamlatdar's Court at Bhiwandi for the possession of a house and certain land, subsequent to the filing of the suit, the new Act II of 1906 came into force. The Mamlatdar refused to try the suit on the ground that the property claimed was not included in Section 5 of the above Act. Against this order the applicant preferred an appeal to the District Magistrate of Thana, who but upheld the order of the lower Court. Aggrieved by this order an appeal was made to the High Court and the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Beaman granted a rule to show cause why the Mamlatdar's Court failed to exercise a jurisdiction with which it was duly vested, and why it refused to entertain the suit filed before the new Act came into force, and why it rejected the whole claim as barred by the new Act, while in fact part of it at least was not so barred. The appeal coming on for hearing their Lordships observed: "In this case we think the rule must be made absolute, in so far as the land used for agriculture is concerned, and therefore it will have to be tried by the Mamlatdar. As regards, however, what has been described as the house-site, the rule must be discharged ; because, although it has been attempted to be argued that this house site is used for agriculture or grazing, we really see no reason for holding that it is so. It is perfectly clear that, having regard to the present wording of the Mamlatdar's Courts' Act, by which the jurisdiction in respect of houses has been expressly taken away from the Mamlatdar, we cannot possibly send the case back to him to be re-tried with regard to the house." Their Lordships therefore discharged the rule as to the house-site and made it absolute as to the land used for agriculture or grazing.

## BANAJI PROPERTY SUITS.

IN the Bombay High Court yesterday, the Hon. Mr. Justice Macleod disposed of the suit in respect of the property of Bai Sonabai H. Readymoney, widow of Mr. Rustomji N. Banaji, who died in 1847 and left property at Gowalia Tank Road. The parties to the suit are : Bai Manekbai, widow of H. R. Banaji, and with her Mr. K. R. Banaji as co-plaintiff ; Mr. Bapuji D. Banaji and 43 others, descendants from three different branches in relation to the testatrix, defendants. The matter has been reported in yesterday's issue. The Judge directed the Commissioner of the Court to sell the property ; he also gave directions as to paying for the improvements made to it by certain parties. Out of the balance, divisions were to be made in accordance with the rules laid down ; costs were also provided for, the Commissioner to determine who were the parties entitled to the division of shares, and to what extent.

### [illegible]

THERE was a large gathering of friends and relatives at the Lucknow Station on Saturday evening to welcome Sheikh Mushir Hosain Kidwai, a member of the Gadia family and Barrister of the Middle Temple, on his return to this country. Amongst those present were the Raja of Mahmudabad and the Taluqdars of Gadia and Saidunpore. Mr. Kidwai was for some time Honorary Secretary of the Pan Islamic Society in London.

## HIGH COURT.—JULY 9.

Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice CHANDAVARKAR, and the Hon'ble Mr. Justice BATTY.

Appeals for hearing and final disposal.

1464—Jehangir G and B—Jacob Haji Esa and others vs Jacob Gul Mahomed and others—Smetham B and Co—Part heard.

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice BEAMAN).

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

Short Causes.

522-06—Edgelow G W and Co—Lalloo Harichand vs Hajee Mahomed Jawad Arab

116-07—Tyabjee D and Co—Suda Pana and Co vs Narrandas Sconderjee and another—Thakurdas and Co

236-07—Shamrao M and H—Bhavanram Sabibram vs Nundram Nathooram and another—Balkrishna and M

274-07—Mulla and M—Abdulmajid Noor Mahomed a firm vs Jiwanbhai Rowji and another—Mehta and S

289-07—Captain and V Dinshaw Bomanjee vs Rustomjee Merwanjee Dalal—Daphtary F and D

290-07—Edgelow G W and Co—Navalchand Hirachand vs Haji Ahmed bin M Kari

394-07—Mulla and M Hormusjee Adulji Master vs Shapurji Hormusji Harver

403-07—Tyabjee D and Co—[illegible] Meghraj and another vs Ahmed Allana and another

433-07—Khunderao L and M—Hormusji Jehangir Mody vs Jamshedjee Cursetjee PoWalla—Bicknell M and R

454-07—Captain and V—R D Sethna vs Soleman Ismail

468-07—Kanga and P—Hirabai widow vs Eduljee Cowasji Plumber—Hiralal and T

472-07—Thakurdas and Co—Shapoorji Burjee Fraser vs Bai Ruttonbai widow—Bhaishanker K and G

475-07—Edgelow G W and Co—Narsingdas Mababra the firm vs Narrondas Tulsidas the firm—Bhaishanker K and G

476-07—b J Judah—Laji Paian and Co a firm vs Ismail Lalla

Undefended New Long Cause.

379-07—Bhaishanker K and G—Seakaran Samirmal vs Shroff and Co—a firm

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

Long Causes.

92-05—Payne and Co—R D Sethana vs Mirza Mahomed [illegible] and others—Craigie L and O—Part heard.

848-02—Matubhai J and M—Ebrahimbhai Hoosanbhai and others vs Abdullabhai Lalji and others—Bigelow G and W.

7 8-02—Edgelow G and W—Abdullabhai Lalji and others vs Ebrahimbhai Hassambhai and others—Matubhoy J and M

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice DAVAR.)

Undefended New Long Cause.

334-07—Payne and Co—Jamnadas Dayal vs Zaveri Bechardas Chhaganchai

For further consideration as to the decree.

538-05—Hiralal and P—Nagardas Pitamber and another vs Pitamber Vandravan—Tyabji D and Co

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

Long Causes.

383-99—Crawford B and Co—Goolam Mahomed Haji Ismail vs Fatby Mahomed Haji Ahmed Noorani and others Payne and Co

.5-06—Matubhoy J and M—Vejbai Alias Mithubai widow vs Jamnabai widow Wadia G and Co

.31-.6—Kanga and P—Haridas Nandram and another vs Haridas Tulsidas Morarji and another—Madhavji K and Co

701-04—B R Vakeel—Mariam vs Mir Zamoodin bin Aumoodin Buxey and others—Mavri H M and R

764-05—Little and Co—[illegible] Somji and others vs Mahomed Adam Sajan—Wadia G and Co

6-06—Reghavaya B and N—Hirabai Manockchand and others vs Hathibhai Iswarbhai and others—Matubhoy J and M

.16-06—M R Vakeel—Prembai widow and others vs Manoor Purshotam—Bicknell M and R

190-06—Payne and Co—Mahomed Yusub Babamiya and another vs Thakibai Alias Khatiza and others Ardeser H D & Co

.49-.6—Raghavaya B and N—Bai Amer widow and others vs Bapto Dhondiram and others—Hirala and Co

474-06—Mulji and K—Venilal Chunilal vs Tullockchand Anupchund—Jehangir G and B.

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice MACLEOD.)

Short Causes.

473-07—Thakurdas and Co—Shapoorjee Burjorjee Fraser vs Dayal Muljee—Smetham B and Co

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

Long Causes.

110-06—Ardeser H D and Co—Rustonbai Pyramji Mistry vs Byramji Rustomji Mistry and others—Payne and Co

63-06—Madhavji K and C—Ezekiel Sara Malcolm vs Rasool Shantoba Davio and others—Captain and V. Madhavji K and C

216-06—Kanga and P—Jamnabai widow vs Gulabchand Manilal Ardeser H D and Co

887-05—Madhavji K and Co—Damodar Karpel vs Nanibai widow and another Mulji and K H

66-05—Dikshit D and S—Kalpaprasad Dowprasad a firm vs Ladliprasad Badaprasad and others Nadirshaw & Y.

137-06—Payne and Co—Bachoo Abo[illegible] and another vs Nowroji Bomanji and another Pestonji B and K.

320-[illegible]—Mirza and M—Hoosein Begam and others vs Mahomed Saleh Khan bin Aga Mahomed Tadki and others [illegible] and Co Reghavaya B and N and Mirza and M

349-05—Ardeser H D and Co—Rehmabai widow vs Fateh Mahomed Ismail and another Payne and Co

747-04—Mehta and S—Rustomji Byramji Bhatena vs Rustomji Byramji Bhatena and others Pestonji A and K

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⁂ All communications of a literary character should be addressed to THE EDITOR, and all communications regarding Advertisements and Business matters generally should be addressed to the GENERAL MANAGER. Communications should not be addressed to any individual member of the staff.

Postal letters and covers should be addressed Box 209, GENERAL POST OFFICE, BOMBAY.

The Bombay Gazette.

TUESDAY, JULY 9, 1907.

## MILITARY ADVENTURERS OF INDIA.

READERS of Thackeray will recollect his satirical story entitled "The Tremendous Adventures of Major Gahagan" in which the hero had a series of surprising experiences in India with Native Chiefs and Princes which he relates with Munchausen-like candour. It was generally believed, when the novelette was published, that it was intended as a protest against the long-bow stories which the Anglo-Indians of the period endeavoured to persuade one another to accept as accurate delineations of their oriental careers which in those far off days were attended by more sport and adventure than is apparent in this prosaic age of statistics and hebdomadal reports. It seems, however, from Mr. H. G. Keene's recent contribution to Anglo-Indian literature (Hindustan under the Free Lances) that the prototype of Thackeray's Major was a well-known military adventurer named Colonel W. L. Gardner, who married a princess of Cambay a century ago, and had a remarkable career even for those stirring times, one incident in which was an attempt he made to assassinate the Maharaja Holkar of the period for insulting his family. Mr. Keene, who gives an interesting sketch of his life, controverts Thackeray's satirical portrait of him, proves that all the incidents in his curious story were actual facts, and depicts him spending the evening of his days with his Cambay princess in peaceful retirement on his jagir near Agra. He is the only military adventurer remotely connected with that much-discussed body, the House of Lords, as one of his grand-daughters married a scion of the Barony of Gardner, and their descendant is entitled to a seat in that historical assembly.

Most people are under the impression that the military adventurers disappeared from Indian history in the early years of last century when their excision from the politics and armies of the Native States became a feature of the policy of the Marquis of Wellesley. He was also their first historian as his earlier despatches contain frequent allusions to their personalities and proceedings and the undesirable influence they wielded in the Councils of the Indian Princes. All his treaties with the States contain a clause forbidding the employment of European foreigners except with the express permission of the Company's Government—a condition which is now elastically interpreted to apply to all covenants with Westerners who join the service of the Princes, though it was obviously levelled at those inconvenience swashbucklers whom the Marquis desired to extirpate. The period of their greatest activity commenced when Warren Hastings was Governor-General and terminated in the first decade of last century when Tippu's principality had been subjugated and annexed and the rulers of Central India had matched their disciplined forces against ours on the plains of Assaye, Argaum, Laswari, and other fields with disastrous results to themselves. With the surrender of Perron to General Lake after the battle of Laswari our conquest of Hindustan was completed, and the splendid battalions created by De Boigne for Scindia and so often led to victory by their old Commander were broken up and dispersed. Although their profession vanished with our occupation of Delhi and the acceptance by the Central Indian States of a British protectorate, the Punjab under the masterful rulership of Ranjit Singh offered a fresh sphere for their activities until it also came within the red boundary mark after the campaigns of the forties, when the disciplined ranks of the Khalsa suffered similar reverses to those inflicted upon the forces of Holkar and Scindia earlier in the century. The Punjab ruler encouraged military adventurers to enter his service by offers of high pay and responsible appointments in his army as well as in the administrative sections of his Government. Before his death Ranjit Singh had forty of them in his employ, ranking from Generals to Captains, and we have descriptions of some of them in Miss Emily Eden's vivacious letters from Upper India where she accompanied her brother, Lord Auckland, on a visit to the Punjab Court. The most remarkable of the band of Italians and Frenchmen to whom Ranjit Singh entrusted the training of his army was Avitabile who found his way to Lahore at the end of the twenties and subsequently became Governor of Peshawar. His career in that frontier Alsatia where he is still remembered as Abu Tabela, has been recently sketched in Mr. J. J. Cotton's biographical monograph, and for sensationalism, the ferocious but apparently necessary cruelties inflicted on the border ruffians who were his subjects and the rapid accumulation of wealth, it is hardly matched in the tales of the earlier adventurers. Another of Ranjit Singh's officers, who long outlived his compeers and died, the last of the great company of free lances, in Kashmir twenty-three years ago, was Colonel Alexander Gardner. He was no connection of Thackeray's hero and the story of his connection with India has been considered interesting enough to have a volume of its own which appeared shortly after his death.

As we have already stated the Marquis of Wellesley, who was their avowed enemy as their presence and influence in the Native States impinged upon his schemes for expanding British boundaries in defiance of his Directors, was also their first official biographer. His despatches show that in view of our relations with Hyderabad and Mysore which were then at a most critical stage, he regarded Raymond, who was military dictator of the Deccan principality, as the most dangerous. The disbandment of his large battalions and the deportation of their officers to Pondicherry was, therefore, the first step in the relentless pursuit of the free lances which marked the rule of the Marquis, terminating, as we have seen, with the surrender of Perron, a half a dozen years later, after his forces had been decimated by General Lake at Laswari. A couple of decades before that happened, the greatest of the free lances, De Boigne, had been helped onward by Warren Hastings who gave him letters of recommendation to the Ruler of Oudh from whence he drifted into the service of Scindia with the result that in ten years' time that warlike Prince possessed a formidable army with scores of foreign officers, and dominated Hindustan and Central India. Before embarking on the career which brought him fame and a colossal fortune De Boigne served with the Madras Army for a brief period, but threw up his commission as it offered no opening for his adventurous aspirations. But the most pathetic story in the annals of these knight-errants of the close of the eighteenth century is contained in "The Military Memoirs of George Thomas," printed in Calcutta by one of his brothers-in-arms a hundred years ago, from which subsequent explorers of this half-forgotten page of Indian history (of whom Mr. Keene is the latest) have derived their material for sketches of his meteoric career. For Thomas, who was an Irishman, started life as a sailor before the mast, in which guise he reached Madras a century and a quarter ago and rose to become an Indian ruler, being known to his contemporaries as "Jowroz Jung," or the "Jehazi Sahib." Hariana was his kingdom for several years. He was a constant fighter and in his contests with the Mahrattas and Sikhs was usually victorious. Indeed, he offered to conquer and annex the Punjab for the British, an undertaking in which he might have succeeded as Runjit Singh's era had not dawned and the Sikhs were divided into seemingly irreconcilable clans. The Governor-General refused to enter into a compact with Thomas and a few years afterwards the gallant Irishman and his kingdom went down before the battalions of Perron who had been ordered by Scindia to extinguish him. Thomas, who was intemperate even for those bibulous days, was permitted by his conquerors to leave with the remnants of his fortune for Calcutta, but he got no further than Berampore where he died after a prolonged debauch in which the ex-ruler drowned the bitter memories of his downfall. Mr. Keene delineates his story and those of De Boigne, Perron, the Skinners, the Filoses (whose desendants still rank high in Scindia's service) and a score of others, whose deeds live again in his fascinating pages and enable the student to realise the courage and tenacity of those old fighters in India's revolutionary days, and also to reflect how the interposition of the *pax Britannica* has made a return of them impossible, although semi-political babblers here and at Home would speedily reproduce them if their nostrums were permitted to displace our settled forms of government.

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THE SITUATION IN PORTUGAL. THE absence of news on the subject of public affairs in Portugal seems to show either that the late disturbances in the capital of that country were of little real importance, or that the feeling which caused them has, at any rate for the time, subsided. Portugal is not a country whose domestic politics have much interest for the world at large; her geographical position, however, lends her an importance which may hardly appear justified by her size or by any even comparatively recent contribution to civilization. It is, however, more important than might appear on the surface that she should have a Government of reasonable stability. Unlike the grotesque attempt, in 1891, at a military uprising in Oporto (intended to be in favour of a Republican form of Government), the present or, but lately past, disturbances are due to purely domestic causes. The former was an attempt to fish in the muddy waters of the conflict with Great Britain which produced the "Ultimatum;" the ring-leaders were a clever journalist with the courage of his convictions, and two military officers; one of these, a hysterical visionary, and the other a person not possessing any of the qualities of a leader, who, after an attempt, frustrated by un-heroic sea-sickness, to escape from his place of exile in a packing case, and some years of evolving theories on the probable use of zebras for draught purposes, fell into obscurity. The Republican Party in Portugal is neither numerous nor strong. There are, no doubt, many so-called Republicans in the country, and the Republican Press is cleverly, if somewhat violently, conducted. The illiteracy of the country, however, contradicts the doctrine that all men are equal—even amongst a nation with no sense of humour—and prevents the spread of propaganda. The present unrest, possibly the more significant as finding vent in Lisbon—more sedate than its sister city Oporto,— is due to home matters. The cause is attributed to the attempt on the part of the Prime Minister to govern without a Parliament. This is, no doubt, to a great extent the reason, but it also serves as a peg whereon to hang many of the grievances of a politically unsound country. The Portuguese gentleman is as honest as any other, and the Portuguese peasant is more so than most, but the Portuguese politician is just as scrupulous as might be expected in a small country, 80 per cent. of whose inhabitants are illiterates—despite large sums spent, or, more correctly voted, for education. The internal politics are conducted on the "spoils" system. Votes in the country districts are influenced by the prospect of new roads or by the hope of immunity from the penalties of smuggling or destroying the river fisheries by the use of "coca" or dynamite. In the towns the hope of employment in the Public Service will generally assist the political ideas of the thinking voter.

Senhor João Franco, on taking office as Premier, appeared in the rôle of the Honest Politician. Being a wealthy man of independent spirit, he gave a new interpretation of the part and attacked one of the greatest scandals of the country—the Public Service. The "Empregados Publicos" or public employes in Portugal are, to put it mildly, exceedingly numerous, and the Premier, by his action, made enemies in a large number of families whose members were provided for at the expense of the State. When he held an enquiry into the administration of the Arsenal, chiefly with regard to the operatives employed in that expensive Institution, "public" indignation was still further increased. After such drastic measures, he found the Cortes difficult to handle and he was obliged to resort to the only manner of Government possible. *i. e.*, a Dictatorship. This had often been used by his predecessors with varying success, and custom, at least, warranted his so doing. *Hinc illæ lachrymæ*, The King, in such a small State as Portugal, must of necessity attract much attention when political disturbances occur. A personality is as necessary to southern politics as to a southern religion, and H. M. Dom Carlos, no doubt fills that useful, if somewhat uncomfortable, position at present. In Portugal there is practically no loyalty as we understand the word in England. The King and Queen are regarded with not uncivil indifference, Even the latter, in spite of her charming personality, excites no interest in a country where chivalry is suffering from senile decay. Her active charity is attributed to her being in the hands of the Jesuits (who, by the way, are forbidden to reside in Portugal), and her charming affability is termed "want of dignity." Those who are loudest mouthed in their denunciation of extravagance in their hearts admire—most out of all the Royal Family—the Queen Dowager, who keeps up the State and ceremonial partly given up by the King and Queen with one-fifth of their civil list in the dark days of the early nineties. This, however, does not prevent them from being amused and, in a way, satisfied at Senhor Joao Franco's action in curtailing the Dowager Queen's expenditure in the matter of foreign tours and—it is whispered—of *bottines* from Paris. The King is a wealthy man and the Queen brought a regal 'dot' to her adopted country, but this does not exempt the former from being included in the oft-repeated accusation—generally applied to the Ministers, of whatever party—"They are all thieves." This expression is generally used, either as an unconscious expression of regret, on the part of the orator, at the paucity of "spoils" which have been at his disposal, or as an illustration of the liberty of speech which exists in a country which is—to use the language of the Portuguese press—in the "vanguard of progress." The Constitutional Monarchy exists in Portugal; a Republic would need expense and labour to obtain; Dom Miguel and his traditions of Divine Right and Absolutism are impossible in a country which is so fond of, at least, the word, "liberdade." It is, therefore, more than probable that the Crown Prince, who is now about to start on his travels to see a little of the world, will one day follow his father and reign over his childish, generous and hospitable—though politically unsound—people of Portugal.

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PATRIOTISM AND PURSE. ON Saturday evening in Calcutta a meeting was held for the purpose of raising funds for the defence of Mr. Liakat Hoosein. Babu Bepin Chunder Pal was the principal speaker and stirred his hearers up to such a pitch that they joined him in doubting whether it was possible that patriotism and loyalty could be combined. One speaker went so far as to say they could be patriotic or loyal—certainly not both. So they declared in favour of patriotism. The strength of this feeling was put to the test almost immediately. It was proposed to make a collection for the defence of Mr. Liakat. Patriotism produced the magnificent sum of fifty-one rupees. This tangible demonstration of patriotism recalls the memorable effort of the "three hundred millions of people in India" who attempted to raise a memorial to the late Charles Bradlaugh. A leading barrister in Madras promised Rs. 500, a Judge Rs. 100, a local landholder Rs. 100, while the balance, Rs. 37, represented the subscription of the remainder of the three hundred millions. The Madras celebrities never paid or, if they did, saw that they received their money back in full. We trust the patriots of Bengal will not be called upon to pay up the price of their patriotism.

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THE P. and O. s.s. *Oriental*, with the outward mails of the 28th ultimo, left Aden at 2 a.m. on Monday and is expected to arrive in Bombay at noon on Friday next.

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SPECIAL attention is being devoted by the *Bombay Gazette* during the Poona Season to Social, Military and Sporting affairs. Non-subscribers are advised that they can obtain copies from Shaik Abdulla Mahomed, newspaper agent, Main Street.

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THE N. Y. K. steamer *Bombay Maru* left Colombo for Bombay yesterday.

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THE Austrian Lloyd's s. s. *Nippon* left Kobe for Trieste on the morning of the 7th instant.

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THE P. and O. s. s. *Socotra* (extra) left Singapore on the 5th instant and is due to arrive at Colombo on the 11th idem.

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THE XXV Chapter of our new Serial Story, "Neither Store-house nor Barn," by Allen Raine, will be found on page 6 of to-day's issue.

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THE Messageries Maritimes Co's. s. s. *Nera* left Colombo for Bombay on the 7th instant and is expected here on Wednesday, the 10th instant, at 2 a. m.

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THE COMMITTEE upon the Civil Procedure Code Amendment Bill, which is sitting in Simla, is now likely to complete its labours in the middle of next month.

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IT is understood that the Secretary of State has announced, In Parliament that his recent decision as to redistribution of Railways in Southern India is final.

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DURING June the Dharwar Reefs Mine crushed 1,080 tons of ore which produced 493 ozs. of gold. The average value of the tailings was 4 dwts. per ton.

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THE goods traffic on the B. B. and C. I. Railway for the week ending 15th June 1907, shows an increase over the corresponding week of 1906 of 10,349 mds. and Rs. 30,584 in the earnings.

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ARRANGEMENTS have been made to open the next Annual Meeting of the United Planters' Association of Southern India at the Mayo Hall, Bangalore, on the 19th August.

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THE Secretary of State has sanctioned the increase proposed by the Government of India in the establishment of the United Provinces P. W. Department.

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HIS HIGHNESS the Amir is making good progress upon the arduous tour he has undertaken through his dominions at a time of year when the heat in the exposed deserts, through which he is passing, are terrific. He arrived at Girishk on the Helmond River, five marches from Kandahar on the 21st ultimo.

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A CONFERENCE of the provincial Inspectors General of Jails met in Simla yesterday to revise the rules under which marks are granted to convicts for good behaviour in prison. Those attending were Mr. Alexander from Bombay, Colonel Mactaggart from the United Provinces, Colonel Buchanan from Bengal and Colonel Braide from the Punjab.

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A NUMBER of small Bills are awaiting the sessions of the Imperial Legislative Council which commences in Simla next month, the precise date to be settled here after. They included measures:—(1) to amend the Indian Railway Act, to legalise the already existing arrangement whereby the Railway Board exercises functions similar to those of the Board of Trade at home in the matter of arbitrations in disputes between members of the public and the Indian Railway Companies; (2) to amend the Indian Trust Act, to enable trust moneys to be invested in Port and Improvement Trust debentures; (3) to amend the Indian Succession Act, to exempt from liability and to give security to persons who receive letters of administration under certain special circumstances; (4) to extend the application of the Inland Steam Vessels Act to motor-driven boats (5) to prevent the spread of equine disease, "Dourin," by providing for inspection and rejection of infected sires; (6) to extend the application of the Local Authorities Loans Act to Surveys and Municipality.

# THE WORLD OF SPORT.

## THE TURF.

## The County Championship.

(FROM OUR SPORTING CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, JUNE 21.

### A NEW SPORT.

AT first it may strike readers as being hardly correct to term motor car racing a new sport. As it will be conducted, at the new Brooklands Motor Race Track at Weybridge, however, it is quite different to anything ever before seen in this country. The track is so constructed that several cars may be started off a mark and race around together. Thus we shall have a thrilling spectacle, the like of which has never yet been seen and which may possibly become the great sport of the future as automobilism grows. It is satisfactory that England is the pioneer in this matter of an up-to-date track for motor racing and the great enterprise of the Brooklands Track promoters deserves to be rewarded. That the spectacle of several fast cars racing round is going to prove a big draw to the general public, the writer feels sure. We saw enough of this on Monday to make this clear and it is a sight to be remembered to watch a flier dash past at 90 miles an hour.

### THE TRACK.

The track is 2¾ miles round and banked up to 27 ft. on the turns, with a straight finishing piece in addition. The only fault to be found is the odd distance, and 2½ miles per lap would have been much better. The banking is so well carried out that a speed of 120 miles an hour will be possible and the element of danger will be through a break-down of a car and not any defect of the track. To rush round it at a high speed is exhilarating, and thanks to the courtesy of Mr. John Heargreaves, of Temple Coombe House, Somerset, the writer enjoyed a lap at the rate of 75 miles per hour, the car being a 140 h p. Hotchkiss. The cement surface, with a few exceptions, is smooth, but at present the sand from the surrounding incomplete roads blows on the track, but this difficulty will soon be overcome. The railway runs alongside the course on the far side, and not the least interesting side of the racing will be to see the cars overtake the trains. Mention ought also to be made of the wonderful panorama view from the stand on the hill, and to sit there and watch cars glide round the course at one's feet is likely to prove far more exciting than any other form of racing yet seen. It is a big undertaking, but the writer for one thinks it will succeed.

### VISITING ATHLETES.

The news that N. C. Cartmell and Ray Olsen, two athletes from Pennsylvania University, will be in England for our Athletic Championship is good. Cartmell is the present Inter-collegiate Champion of America at 100 and 220 yards which he won in 10 secs. and 21⅕ secs., respectively, so that he is a real flier. In view of his visit, it is pleasing to see that J. W. Morton is slowly finding his speed. His 10⅕ secs. for the 100 yards scratch race at Prescot is satisfactory, and given fine warm weather between now and July 6th, he may find another two yards. Morton will want to be equal to even time to stand a chance against Cartmell in the Century as we know how Americans frequently improve on their home records when they come to England, L. E. Myer's, M. Remmington, M. W. Long, W. A. Schick and F. Z. Fox (hurdler) are examples of this, while many others have got very close to their best times such as L. Carey, F. Westing, J. W. Tewksbury, F. W. Jarvis, H. A. Hyman, A. C. Kraenzello, I. K. Paxter, S. S. Jones and several others. We must not forget how Morton beat Duffey and stopped the little American from winning our sprint championship for the fifth year, and he may rise to the occasion again. We must also look to Morton for the 220 yards, as there is no one else in England capable of beating evens. Morton informed the writer some time ago that he proposed to pay particular attention to the distance, and on the form he showed a couple of seasons ago (in a relay race at Stamford Bridge) he might create a new British record at the furlong.

It is most unfortunate for A. Underwood that he should have broken a small bone above the ankle. This will probably prevent him competing at the championships and considerably detract from the distance events. The four miles is again going to be a very open race and we shall probably see another struggle like last year. G. Butterfield appears to be running away below his form and perhaps McGough will now get his chance of winning the "mile."

### SHRUBB IN AMERICA.

Alfred Shrubb appears to have run in quite his usual style when taking part in his first race in the States. It was a four miles level event at Philadelphia, and the Horsham man cut loose from the start, doing 4 mins. 35 secs. for the mile and 9 mins. 44 secs. for the half way. After this the pace told and the took 20 mins. 20 secs. for the full distance. Shrubb never could run a well judged race, so that it is not to be expected he will learn at this stage of his career. Still one cannot help but wonder what he really might have accomplished at 5 to 10 miles, if content to run at a proper uniform pace, instead of taking so much out of himself at the start. Shrubb, by the way, is said to be going to meet W. J. Sherring in a match race at Buffalo. The Marathon race winner is a splendid performer over a long journey of, say 20 miles, but he will hardly stand much chance at half that distance. So far we have no knowledge of the distance at which the men will try conclusions, but Shrubb is hardly likely to run over 15 miles, as he falls off after ten miles as we saw when F. Appleby beat him at fifteen miles. Englishmen often find the climate of America very trying for distance running and S. Thomas could not get within 2½ mins. of his home record for ten miles. Others, however, have run all right, after getting used to the change, notably E. C. Carter and T. P. Conneff. Touching on the proposed match between Shrubb and Sherring at Buffalo, it is to be hoped the crowd will not encroach, as is stated to have been the case during a recent match between T. Longboat, the Indian and F. Nebrich of New York.

### CYCLING.

The Grand Prix de Paris is the most important scratchcycle race in the world outside championships and the winning of it is generally worth about £500 to the successful rider. The competitors this year included such fliers as Ellegaard of Denmark, Mayer of Germany, Shilling of Holland, Benyon of England and of course all the French cracks. The surprise of the semi-finals was the manner the men named were beaten, Paulain being another top notcher who failed to reach the final. Friol only disposed of Jacquelin by inches, which shows how the veteran is riding, as in the final the positions were Friol Dupre and Delage.

Half a dozen English riders took part in the Amateur Grand Prix, but all failed, the victory going to an almost unknown rider in Aufftay, who beat Jean Devoissoux. As the English cracks included Crowther of Leeds, V. L. Johnson, Clark and Brooks, it will be gathered that French amateurs are very hot stuff just now.

### THE TURF.

The last few days have been eventful for Turfites, the incidents being somewhat out of the ordinary. That the Gold Cup should be "lifted" on Tuesday, instead of Thursday, was particularly uncommon. Of course, sportsmen have learnt by cable that this trophy was stolen from under the noses of a policeman and attendant, to say nothing of the many people near and about the little table at the back of the stand on the Ascot Lawn. At the time of writing nothing has been heard of the cup, which has now, no doubt, been melted down into a bar of 20 carat gold weighing 63 oz.

### A WONDERFUL RACE.

The loss of the cup was followed by a wonderful race for the event in which it should have formed part of the spoils. The field of nine was truly an international one, with Eider and Montlieu representing France and Morpeth II Germany, while the White Knight was the main hope of England. The last named and Eider drew together nearing home and a desperate finish was seen, the English colt twice trying to bite Eider. The verdict was a dead heat and the sensation was increased by Halsey objecting to Stern for "bumping and boring and catching hold of his leg and trying to push him off." The stewards exonerated the French jockey of this serious charge, but disqualified Eider and the incident cannot help but have a bad effect on the relations between France and England. There is no doubt that the two horses swerved together, but as the White Knight was on the outside, he had plenty of room and most people thought one was no more to blame than the other. Had the English colt not tried to savage Eider, he would, no doubt, have just got home and then we should have had no objection. Here it may be mentioned that this is only the second objection in connection with Ascot, the late Mr. John Gubbins breaking down traditions when Aid Patrick and Cupbearer had a bumping finish in the Prince of Wales' Stakes of 1902. It only remains to add that Bepo and Bridge of Canny followed the dead-heaters home, (all being four year olds and carrying 9st.) while the money portion of the award to the winner amounted to 3,500 sovs.

### A FINE TWO-YEAR-OLD.

The Coventry Stakes showed Prospector to be a real flier and Mr. D. Browning's colt is quite likely the crack two-year-old. Much was expected of Royal Dream, but he is two big to run well yet and will shape better as a three-year-old. Moniter, a half brother to the French Derby winner, was also strongly fancied. Nothing, however, stood a chance with the son of Pioneer and it looks as though (as last year with Polar Star) a son of that sire will rank as the best youngster of the season.

More International racing was seen in the Gold Vase and Ascot Stakes, Golden Measure beating Mont Menale of France in the former, while Le How (France) and Noctuiform and Nightfall (Australasia) finished behind Torpoint in the Stakes. The popular Royal Hunt Cup proved somewhat of a surprise as Lally gave a display in keeping with his two-year-old days and beat a splendid field of 23. Mr. Purefoy's call was well ridden by Hewitt of New Zealand and figured as No. 10 on the card. Singularly enough this was followed by the success of three others of the same number, one of them being All Black, which carried Mr. Abo Bailey's colours to the fore in the Ascot Derby.

### CRICKET.

A taste of fine weather has led to batsmen showing to greater advantage and several of the cracks have obliged with big scores during the last few days. P. A. Perrin made 105 for Essex *vs.* Notts and A. O. Jones 164 on behalf of Notts in the same game. Then Bowley obliged with a century for Worcester against Lancashire and C. B. Fry showed a taste of his quality by scoring 85 against Yorkshire. This last performance was backed up by splendid bowling, Cox taking 6 for 71 and 6 for 39, so that Sussex gained a handsome victory over Yorkshire; though Hirst was much to the fore with 6 for 34 Cuff of Worcestershire also performed with distinction against Lancashire, taking 6 wickets for 47. The same bowler did splendidly against Gloucestershire by dismissing ten batsmen for 101 runs and he was ably backed up by Arnold, 10 for 71, so that Worcestershire won nicely.

### THE COUNTY CHAMPIONSHIP.

We are certainly having a very exciting struggle for County Championship honours. Notts and Middlesex still remain unbeaten and it is a novelty to see Worcestershire in front of Surrey, Kent, Lancashire and Yorkshire. The defeat of Kent by Middlesex at Tonbridge was a sad blow to the hopes of the champions and few thought the home side would fail so badly. Mignon was mainly responsible, his 6 for 57 and 6 for 33 being a fine performance with the ball.

### THE SOUTH AFRICANS.

Our visitors seem to never play a match without one or more of the team particularly distinguishing himself. It is really surprising how well the men are performing and this on wickets that were expected to trouble them. The writer recognised that the team was a tip-top one from the start, yet never thought they would do so well. Now, however, he is commencing to have doubts whether his prediction "they are not likely to win more than one of the Test matches" may prove correct. Where the visitors excel so much is in the ability to get their rivals out for a small score, the strength of the bowling being the great asset. In the match against Warwickshire this was well illustrated, as on a true pitch the home side could only make 136 in the second venture, Schwarz, 5 for 47, and White, 2 for 21, fairly "sticking up" the batsmen. The match, by the way, enabled A. D. Nourse to play the highest innings of the tour to date, he making 127 before being defeated, but went one better still this afternoon and hit up 148 against Derbyshire.

### THE GOLF CHAMPIONSHIP.

Haylake has had great attractions for golfers during the last six days, as the world's finest exponents the game have been performing there. The victory of England over Scotland in the team contest by 8 matches to 5 (with three all square) enables the former to claim an advantage of two in the series of five, Scotland having won the first, with the next two resulting in honours easy. The feature of the open championship has been the comparatively poor form of many cracks and the brilliancy of Arnaud Massey of France. He showed the way when play ceased yesterday with a return of 76 and 81 for the first and second rounds, giving him a total of 157. His nearest attendant was J. H. Taylor, with two rounds of 79—158; Tom Ball (158) coming next. Taylor passed Massey in the third round when his total was 234 (as against 235 by the Frenchman) and taking 80 for the fourth round, he finished with a score of 314, so that Massey must do 79 for the last round to tie.

### IN GENERAL.

Miss Sulton of America beat Mrs. Chambers (neé Miss Douglass) in the final of the Ladies' Championship of Kent, by two games to love.

Beals Wright and K. H. Behr of America have arriveed in England for the purpose of competing in the International Lawn Tennis Tournament for the Davis Cup.

Thougn Oxford and Cambridge did not accept the invitation of the Haward-Yale authorities to visit America this summer they suggested the Americans coming to England for another contest in 1908.

J. Devoissoux, the 18 years old amateur champion cyclist of France will compete for the English Championship at Exeter to-morrow.

Roehampton beat Buchanans (8 goals to 1) and Freebooters defeated Rugby (5 goals to 21) in the semi-finals of the Champion Polo Cup at Hurlingham yesterday.

T. Reece of Oldham is now in play with an incomplete anchor break of 201,135.

Four members of the London City Police are going to try and swim the English Channel in relays, one taking up the struggle where the other leaves off.

The Doherty brothers have made up their minds not to take part in this year's lawn tennis championship and F. S. Riseley is another player standing down, which will severely weaken England in the International matches.

# MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JULY 8.

Lieutenant Macaulay, R.E. Militaay Works services, is transferred from the Bannu to the Kohat Brigade.

Sanction has been given to the employment of Lieutenant Sydenham, 1st Battlion, Royal Barwicks, as an Assistant District Commissioner in Southern Nigeria.

Approval has been given to the retirement of Captain Wright, of the Bedfordshire Regiment.

Lieutenant Ridpath of the 6th Dragoon Guards, is appointed Aide-de-Camp to Lieutenant General Sir C. J. Burnett, Commanding Western Command in England.

Lieutenant Orton of the Royal Garrison Artillery is appointed to No. 7 Mountain Battery, Royal Garrison Artillery.

Approval has been given to the resignation of his Commission by Lieutenant J. N. Bathe of the East Lancashire Regiment.

Lieutenant J. S. M. Corrie of the 1st Battalion Scotish Rifles is appointed to the Sierra Leone Battalion of the West African Force.

Captain F. T. D. Wilson, of the 2nd Battalion Suffolk Regiment, has been selected for the Adjutancy of the 3rd Battalion of that Regiment.

Lieutenant Hogg of the 2nd Battalion, 4th Gurkha, and Lieutenant Oadday of the 36th Sikhs are appointed to the Assam Military Police.

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BOMBAY—ARRIAALS, JULY 8.—Tee, Lt. R. I Rifles, on duty from England.

Hill, Lt. 1st Northampton, on duty from England.

Hobson, Major R. F. A; on leave, from St. Thomas Mount.

Hutchinson, Major, R. Fus, on duty, from Secunderabad.

Smith, Lt. York and Lancashire Regt. on duty from Satara.

Duckworth, Capt. York and Lanc Regt., on duty from Satara.

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DEPARTURES JULY 8.—Monteith, Lt. Bedford Regt. on leave to England.

Scoth, Major, Bedford Regt. on duty, to Jhansi.

Brunker, Col. Staff on duty to Poona.

Glasford, Capt. 97th D. Inft. on leave to England.

Talbot, Major, 37th Lancers on leave to England.

# AMERICA IN THE PACIFIC.

## REPARING THE COAST DEFENCES.

## President Roosevelt's Significant Words.

## STARTLING NAVY DEMONSTRATION TO BE GIVEN.

## NEW NAVAL STATION WANTED.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, JULY 8.

A telegram from Washington states that it is declared that useful work is quietly proceeding in putting the Navy and the Coast defences of the Pacific in good condition, as appropriations permit.

A dry dock is being constructed at Puget Sound, and it is expected that a special effort will be made to dredge the channel of the Mare Island Navy Yard so as to make it accessible to heavy battleships.

It is rumoured that Mr. Root, on his forthcoming visit to Mexico, will negotiate for the purchase of a site for a Naval Station at Magdalena Bay in Lower California.

LATER.

The transfer of the American battleship fleet to the Pacific has excited attention in Japan.

President Roosevelt, through Rear Admiral Brownson, declares that he proposes to give the world a somewhat startling demonstration of what the American Navy is capable of doing to protect either or both the coasts of the United States.

There is no time like the present, he says, for such a demonstration, when the United States is at perfect peace with every nation.

# THE HAGUE CONFERENCE.

## Difficulties in the Proceedings.

## SMALL RESULT EXPECTED.

## KOREAN DEPUTATION'S STRANGE PLEA.

LONDON, JULY 8.

The multiplicity of proposals, difficulties of language, the length of the speeches and the unpreparedness regarding procedure are rendering the labours of the Hague Conference excessively prolonged and complicated.

Expert observers are beginning to doubt whether much, beyond some extension of the principle of arbitration, will be the outcome of the Conference.

LONDON, JULY 8.

The Korean deputation at the Hague, declare that their credentials are signed and sealed by the Emperor of Korea, but that as the latter is the prisoner of the Japanese, he is unable to admit the truth for fear of the consequences.

# OUTRAGE IN CHINA.

## Attempt on a Governor's Life.

LONDON, JULY 7.

A telegram from Shanghai states that an unsuccessful attempt was made on Saturday to blow up the reactionary Governor of Anhui while he was reviewing the cadets.

Three people were killed and one injured.

# FRANCE AND PERSIA.

## Dinner to the Persian Mission.

LONDON, JULY 7.

President Falliers has given a dinner in honour of the Members of the Persian Mission announcing the accession of the Shah.

# MYSTERIOUS FIRES AT TOULON.

## Battleships Endangered.

LONDON, JULY 8.

A fire broke out on Saturday on board the French battleship *Hoche* at Toulon. This is the third unexplained fire which has occurred on board battleships at Toulon within a month.

Much anxiety is felt in France.

# BRITISH TRADE IN JUNE.

LONDON, JULY 7.

The decrease in the imports for June is in food and manufactured articles, and the increase in exports is principally £1,000,000 in coal and £1,000,000 in manufactured articles.

# ANARCHISTS IN SPAIN.

## Arrival of a Gang at Barcelona.

LONDON, JULY 8

Twenty-two Anarchists, including some foreigners have arrived at Barcelona. It is suspected in connection with a Terrorist plot.

# THE IN-COMING MAIL.

ADEN, JULY 8.

The P. and O. Company's s. s. *Oriental* with the English mails of the 28th ultimo, left here for Bombay at 2 a. m. to-day. The same Company's s. s. *Moldavia* left for Colombo and Australia at 3 p. m. to-day.

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"Babu" English has to be remarkably Babu to be worth making a story of now when we have had so much of it, says the *Manchester Guardian*, but I think that this letter, which has lately been received by one of the big East Indian firms in London, is good enough to reproduce :—"Dear Sirs,—We are duly in receipt of your favour. By this mail we have nothing specially profound to say. With deep regret, however, which rends our aggrieved hearts, we beg to announce that a deep misty cloud recently hovered over us for eight days. It did not clear away until it successfully washed off our hands our most steady, energetic, and pious junior manager. Breathing his last on the night of the 28th ultimo and leaving us to look after his path with wistful and fearful eyes, he leapt up to his everlasting green celestial palace in the heaven above. Awaiting further instructions, we are, &c."

# MYSTERIOUS THEFT IN DUBLIN.

## ROYAL INSIGNIA STOLEN.

## Sensational Discovery at the Castle.

## IMPORTANT CEREMONY POSTPONED.

(THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.)

LONDON, JULY 8.

Preparations for the forthcoming visit of King Edward to Dublin have revealed that the Royal Insignia of the order of St. Patrick, kept at Dublin Castle, have been stolen. They are valued at £ 50,000.

The reception by His Majesty of the Knights of St. Patrick, and the investiture of Lord Castletown, on Wednesday, have been postponed.

# THE MAHARAJA OF BIKANIR.

## Luncheon with the Prince of Wales.

LONDON, JULY 8.

The Maharaja of Bikanir yesterday lunched with the Prince and Princess of Wales.

# LAHORE RIOT CASE.

## Further Hearing.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, JULY 8.

At the opening of to-day's proceedings Amar Nata urged that the police should not be in charge of prisoners whilst in Court and that they should be allowed refreshments. Mr. Broadway quoted a rule to show that the guard was responsible for the safety of the prisoners, but the Court could issue what orders it desired. In that case however the police could not be held responsible.

The Court ordered that prisoners could obtain refreshments with his permission.

Amam Din, Sub-Postmaster of Hasan Abdul, was the next witness called. Bod Raj objected to his statement being recorded. Mr. Broadway replied that his evidence was to prove that certain letters, intercepted by order, had been posted and that they contained congratulations, and approved of actions of May 2nd and consequently they were relevant.

Bod Raj objected on grounds that as the letters had never been delivered they could not be relevant and that Mr. Broadway had been twisting the matter about in a very unfair way.

Mr. Broadway resented this remark and a long discussion ensued to the Magistrate admitted the letters as evidence.

Witness proceeding with his evidence, stated that he had known Swami Dayal for some time, he had been ordered to intercept any letter posted by him to Lala Hans Raj or anyone else. On May 3rd a letter produced by the prosecution was brought to him for registration and he duly registered it and informed the Sub-Inspector the envelope contained papers for Lala Hans Raj as follows from Mamasbal.

"Some men from Hasan Abdal went to Rawalpindi to see the glorious and wonderful scene that took place yesterday, the 2nd May, 1907, and, they, having seen your sympathy with the country, are praising and applauding you. The Panchayat of Hasan Abdal have heard of yesterday's events and are all praising and applauding saying this sympathy for which you are sacrificing yourself and your property. The whole Panchayat are ready to sacrifice their lives and property, and ever hope in case of need you will inform us.

"About a month ago men on plague duty were deputed by the Deputy Commissioner to put plague medicines into the streams and wells, but the people forcibly prevented them from doing so. Now the Deputy Commissioner has ordered us to attend his Court at Campbellpore on May 6th on account of our having stopped those men. The Panchayet has resolved not to permit anyone to throw plague medicine into the streams and wells. What is your opinion about it ?"

Note.—"Up to May 3rd we have collected some subscriptions from all classes for the *Punjabee* and will send it to-morrow May 4th."

The next witness was Mahammed Din, Sub-Inspector of Police. He stated that the Swami Dayal had been prosecuted for exciting people against Government.

# CALCUTTA PRESS LIBEL.

## Police Awarded Damages.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JULY 8.

At the High Court to-day at noon Mr. Justice Chitty delivered Judgment in the case of Inspector Hem Chunder Lahiri of the Calcutta Police Mr. A. S. Barrow and another of the *Indian Daily News* in which the plaintiff claimed Rs. 2,000 as damages for an alleged libel.

His Lordship held that the articles in question were in themselves defamatory and could not be excused as fair and honest comment on the proceedings in the Sova Bazar murder case. The question whether the articles applied to plaintiff presented some difficulty. Reading the articles that the police referred carefully it required no extraneous evidence to see that the Police referred to were the police engaged in the murder case. Plaintiff was sufficiently indicated in the articles and was entitled to recover damages. The question of damages was difficult. The libel was a very serious one, but on the other hand the plaintiff had not suffered any material damage to his character. Taking into consideration all circumstances his Lordship awarded Plaintiff Rs. 250as damages with costs on Scale No. 2.

In other five suits of Superintendent R. C. Aldridge, Inspector Yasubuddin Ahmad, Superintendent M. B Ellis, Superintendent Rai Bahadur Brojendro Nath Chatterjee and Inspector Nripendra Nath Ghose vs. The India Publishers Limited his Lordship delivered judgment in favour of plaintiffs. Mrs. Aldridge Ellis and Chatterjee were awarded Rs. 500 each damages, and Messrs. Yasubuddin and Ghose Rs. 250 each, all getting costs on Scale No. 2

# COLLEGE SQUARE MEETING.

## Leakat Hossein's Defence Fund.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JULY 8.

On Saturday evening, a large gathering, mostly composed of students, assembled in College Square with a view to raise funds for the defence of Leakat Hossein.

This gentleman, addressing his audience, said that he was still full of courage, and would not, in spite of repressive measures, forsake the cause he had made his own.

Babu Bepin Chander Pal, in referring to the loyal Manifesto issue by the Punjabis, raised the point as to whether patriotism and loyalty could be combined, and admitted that he himself was in doubts on this point. If the Manifesto referred to has been issued only to pacify the Government and cause it to stay its hands, he would say that the combination of the two was intelligible.

Another speaker who followed also meditated on the point at issue, and arrived at the conclusion that one could become either loyal or patriotic—not both.

At length, a few lads, each with a bowl, went about a-begging for the accused. They raised Rs. 51.

# POONA LADIES' CLUB.

## Inauguration Ceremony.

## THE GOVERNOR'S SPEECH.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, JULY 8.

There was a bright and picturesque assembly of a great number of ladies and gentlemen of all communities at the Ladies' Club this evening when the Governor performed the inauguration ceremony. Mrs. Muir Mackenzie was "At Home" on the occasion.

The proceedings opened with a speech from Mrs. Muir Mackenzie. She said : "Your Excellency, Ladies and Gentlemen.—It is with very real pleasure that as President of this Club I welcome you all here to-day and hope that this large and friendly gathering forebodes a happy future for the Club whose welfare I have much at heart. I believe there is real need for this Club and I am sure it will do very good and useful work by augmenting the feeling of friendship and good fellowship among its members. Many English ladies are delighted to find a place where they can meet Indian ladies of all nationalities in an informal way. Here we are quite free from ceremony and play games with each other and talk and exchange ideas without restraint. I wish you could see the scene of laughter and merriment on the days when that most dangerous element—man—is strictly banished and Mohemedan ladies venture to come here and play games with us. We hope before long that Hindu ladies will be persuaded to join us in larger numbers. They earnestly desired that their ladies, especially young girls, should join such a club as this because they are apt to live sedentary lives. The advanced Parsee community have joined us in large numbers and help us most generously. This Club is still in its infancy and so it is really very encouraging to find how many members we have already secured and I trust, the future will bring us many more. I have a pleasant duty in thanking all the kind friends who have helped to found this Club. The Committee have done heroic work and come forward and helped us out of what sometimes seemed insuperable difficulties. Mr. Byramjee Pudamjee, for instance, allows us to have the house at a nominal rent. Mr. Ghaswalla and Mr. Bootte and others have lent us furniture, and for all these things in the names of the members, I thank them heartily.

As to our two devoted Secretaries, Mrs. Dyson and Mrs. Ali Akbar, it is quite difficult to find words in which to thank them for their great services. Mrs. Dyson amid many other calls on her leisure, has most kindly found time to become our Secretary, and she has helped us very much. I can best describe what Mrs Ali Akbar has done for us by saying that were it not for her energetic endeavours this Club would certainly not exist to-day. I assure you it was no easy matter to start the Club ; it was not done as the Americans would say, "by sitting around and smiling." Mrs. Ali Akbar has really performed miracles in persuading people to help and smoothing away difficulties and the many obstacles she has had to encounter would have daunted any heart less brave than hers. I will now call upon her to read her report and then will ask his Excellency, who, with his usual courtesy and kindness, has consented to come here this afternoon, to declare the Club to be duly unaugurated."

Mrs. Ali Akbar then said :—"Your Excellency, President, Ladies and Gentlemen,—In reporting to you all the progress of this Club, I trust a little boastfulness on my part will be forgiven when I take the liberty of stating that this Club has succeeded in such a short time to such a degree that its success has even surprised its sanguine supporters. It commenced its life only in February last and it has on its roll to-day 112 members. It is to be sincerely hoped that members will induce their friends and acquaintances to take greater interest in the welfare of the Club, as the object of starting such an institution is beyond doubt laudable and worthy of encouragement. A few words, therefore, about the Club will, I trust, not be considered an infliction upon any one or out of place. The institution is a realisation of my dreams. It had been a dream of mine for long, but never had I better opportunities than in this capital of the Deccan where I have been fortunate enough to possess vigorous elements to put the scheme into practice. I placed my project before Mrs. Muir Mackenzie who with her sympathy and foresight at once gave her cordial and personal support and with her lead, I called a small meeting at my place to talk the matter over, but we hardly thought then that the matter would be *un fait accompli* so soon thereafter. The success of this Club is due in a large measure to Mr. Byramji Pudumji who came forward and lent this house on a reasonable rent. The Hon'able Sirdar Nowrojee Pudumji and Khan Sahib Bootee and Mrs. Dyson were good enough to lend some furniture and games which came in very handy. I was also fortunate in securing as my Joint Secretary Mrs. Dyson whose experience in this line is well known to you all. Some of the European and Indian ladies gladly co-operated in forming themselves into a committee to assist the Club. A small committee of gentlemen also kindly undertook to frame the rules which has been done. With such support the ball was set a rolling under such good auspices. We have such generous members amongst us and I trust other members will emulate their example.

"An institute of this kind ought to be a welcome one to all serious Indian thinkers from a social and physical point of view. It cannot be denied that we have not yet realised the benefits which a club life confers. We have the example of Europe and America before us and these countries ought to serve us as lights to guide. It is the bounden duty of such of us who have realised it to inculcate in those who have not. I, for my part, think that club life for Indian ladies and gentlemen is even more essential, in a country like India where so many castes and creeds preponderate, and it is therefore of the highest importance that all should meet in a common place on footing of social equality.

"Then again some of our ladies have not realised the benefits which exercise confers and with that view before us we have also hopes that this Club will be in a position to supply this desideratum.

"In the short experience we have had I find some members have expected too much in too short a time. In this connection I had the fortune to come across the American lady, Mrs. Noble, who is known to be "The mother of clubs" in America. This lady recanted to me her experience about starting several clubs and how and under what trying circumstances the beginnings were made. Comparing it with ours we are far more fortunate in the support and co-operation we have secured. I do not even for a moment admit that everything is of the best or perfect, but to those who are not satisfied either with the housing of the present Club or of the comforts obtainable at this Club, I can only appeal to them for a little enduring spirit and to kindly realise that we are only at the threshhold yet, and with time and greater prosperity all will come right. I ask them for a little patience and greater amicable co-operation to make this Club a success.

'Before concluding permit me to appeal to you all my good friends that we should try and develop the feelings of our hearts to that degree of thought in order to feel as if we were linked together in common bond of interest and friendship and exist for one another's welfare. Let not the narrow feelings of caste or creed or personal bickerings enter our minds; for that would be marring the greatest advantage expected of this little place of meeting which may, I hope, really and truly soon prove itself worthy of the abject for which it has been inaugurated.

"In conclusion it now remains for me to state how thankful the members feel to His Excellency Lord Lamington for gracing the occasion with his presence. We all know how graciously His Lordship has been trying to bring about better understanding between Indians and Anglo-Indians in many directions and his presence here is an additional piece of evidence in that regard, and I may be permitted to express on behalf of the Club our cordial thanks for this act of His Excellency.

"May I now request Your Excellency to formally inaugurate this Club ?"

THE GOVERNOR'S SPEECH.

His Excellency the Governor said he anticipated his visit to the Club with pleasure. It was a unique experience for him to be present at a Ladies' Club, He had never before been called upon to inaugurate a Ladies' Club in any part of the world, and the pleasure he felt on the present occasion was intensified by speeches he had heard from Mrs. Muir Muckenzie and Mrs. Ali Akbar. He had read some of the writings of Mrs. Muir Mackenzie, but it was the first time he had listened to her charming diction. The account which Mrs Ali Akbar had given of the Club was so complete as showing the joy and pleasure it afforded all those ladies of different classes who had assembled at the Club that the male part of members could only earnestly hope that the efforts of Mrs. Ali Akbar and Mrs. Dyson, Joint Honorary Secretaries, would be fruitful and their ambitions duly accomplished. It would unfortunately be the first and last time when the male sex would enter the precincts of the Club.

Mrs. Muir Mackenzie, "Oh, no, they will be admitted three times a week."

His Excellency continued that it was a delightful prospect so far as they as men could do this distant corner of Poona should be very much more frequented by them since Mrs. Muir Mackenzie had made the announcement that they would be admitted three times a week. It would establish better understanding and good will between different communities. His Excellency had referred in public frequently to this topic and he reminded them on what the Prince of Wales had laid great stress on in his Mansion House speech in regard to the necessity of increasing sympathy existing between the Indian people and their rulers. No doubt, such a sympathy was essential in forming a part of the future of the Government of this country. If there were many who supposed that sympathy towards Indians from the official element was not so warm as it used to be in years gone by his Excellency would not allow that there was any dissemination of sympathy at the present time from that of former years. Many circumstances had operated against the District Officer coming into closer contact with Indians and entering into their feelings, but he maintained that district officers were, just as much anxious to be on friendly terms with Indians as all other Government officials were. But he impressed upon the non-official British classes the imperativeness of cementing the bonds of friendship between Europeans and Natives. They might do a great deal to develop such friendship. His Excellency hoped that the Men's Clubs would take a leaf out of the book of this Ladies' Club. If it were possible for a Men's Club to reserve room where memberes could meet their native friends, it would do much towards removing feelings of estrangement which Club life engenders. He had been told by Mr. Selby that many years ago the Bund Gardens formed a meeting place for society in general, but when Sir James Fergusson laid the foundation of the present Gymkhana Club he had forebodings that the Club would be a means of separation of the European and Native society, and Sir James found to his regret later on that his forebodings had been realized. Mrs. Muir Mackenzie had set a very good example to the male sex by endeavouring to promote goodwill between various races who used the Ladies' Club as a meeting place. He congratulated the members on its success so far. It was Club's first birthday and he hoped many more birthdays were in store for it. The Hon'ble Mr. Nowroji Pudumjee thanked his Excellency, on behalf the ladies, for being present and hoped the existence of the Club would be a means of establishing greater sympathy between the rulers and the ruled after."

This over the Companies adjourned to buffet to accept Mrs. Muir Mackenzie's hospitality. The Governor left amid ringing cheers.

# KING'S BIRTHDAY AT SRINAGAR.

## Maharaja's Speech.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, JULY 8.

The Maharaja of Kashmir delivered a remarkable speech in proposing the health of the King-Emperor at a State Banquet :—

Most pleasant are to me the recollections of His Gracious Majesty, as I happen to have enjoyed the great honour and privilege of being known to and having entertained him personally when he visited Jammu as the Prince of Wales in my father's time just 30 years ago, and in view of my innermost feelings of devotion, loyalty and attachment to His Imperial Majesty's person and throne, happiest to me is the day when I have the honour to celebrate the Birthday of the most dearly loved Sovereign in which I have asked you, ladies and gentlemen, to join me this evening. As pointed out by me last year, the Kashmir State is entering on an era of prosperity which God willing, will continue, and of this State every endeavour is being made in various directions to promote the general welfare of this country with the introduction of electric power which, it is hoped, will before long be available for use in this State and abroad. It is my earnest desire to find means to let the people derive the best benefit from its use and application in developing the present and in introducing and starting new industries in the country.

I have, during the past few years, been very acutely observing the rapid material progress through which the countries and nations of the world are rising in the scale of the modern civilization, and this has made me feel very keenly that much as this State is removed from the centres of activity by its being the farthermost State in the northern portion of British India, cut off as it were by strong natural barriers, it should be all the more reason for us to take every care that the subjects of this State are not left behind, but are on the other hand helped by all possible means to keep up their pace in the great march of the world's progress. In order then to achieve this end it is my earnest desire to educate and train the people of the land and the children of the soil in a manner most befitting the occasion. While anxious to spread education in the country, I cannot be too careful in seeing that the steps I propose taking do not lead to turn out my subjects as mere men with University degrees without any definite pursuits in life—a state of affairs which I consider the chief source of disaffection and discontentment, leading to a spirit of disloyalty where this point is overlooked, but are on the contrary effective in making the people practical and useful. I wish, therefore, to give greater attention to the art and technical education in this country to go hand-in-hand with the superior culture of intellect that cannot very successfully and without a prohibitive expenditure be learnt and acquired locally. I propose securing for the people of this State by sending them abroad at State expense to countries where such knowledge can be had at its best. We have already sent out students to England and America for special scientific study, and I hope in the next few years we shall have sent out several more for special training to return to this State as useful men, to help the uplifting of the people. The State College at Jammu named after his Royal Highness the Prince of Wales, has been opened this year, and has just equipped with a staff of well selected professors and it is hoped will contribute in no small degree to the intellectual advancement of the State subjects. This State, I believe, has much information of archæological value and in order to be able to present it to the educated world, we are training our own men at Cambridge in the science of Archæology and Research. I am not unmindful of the precious mineral treasures of this State that lie hidden in its bosom and I hope it will not be long before we have established a Mining and Geological Department in this case, while it may yet take some time before we are able to have a Railway opened to Cashmir. A great endeavour is being made to introduce measures, by means of which it would be possible to save the country from the constant damages done by floods and it is only to be earnestly hoped that the step we have launched upon will prove successful and effective. You will be naturally anxious to know, ladies and gentlemen, where the help comes to me from in these my arduous undertakings. Let me without taking your patience, point out the source to you at once my friend here, Sir Francis Younghusband.

# OPENING OF THE MADRAS HIGH COURT.

## Mr. Subramania Iyer Sits as Chief Justice.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS JULY, 8.

The High Court re-opened to-day after the summer recess. Mr. Justice Boddam and Mr. Justice Walls, who had been to England for the vacation, returned to Madras on Saturday.

The Chief Justice has availed himself of a month's privilege leave in compensation for having acted as Vacation Judge last year. Sir Subramania Iyer who Officiates as Chief Justice sat to-day at the first Appellate Bench with Mr. Justice Wallis, while Mr. Justice Benson with Mr. Justice Boddam who presided over the Second Appellate Bench.

Mr. Justice Miller presided over the Admission Court.

There was no original side.

# BEHAR LANDHOLDERS' ASSOCIATION.

## Issue of a Manifesto of Loyalty.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JULY 8.

The Maharaja of Darbhanga, in the course of a speech delivered before the Behar Landholders' Association at their annual meeting at Bankipore yesterday, gave utterance to the following notable words :—

THE MAHARAJA'S SPEECH.

Gentlemen, I assure you I esteem it a high honour to occupy the position I now do by your favour, and to welcome you to this annual meeting of our Behar Landholders' Association, to exchange our views, to discuss questions of mutual interest, and to formulate proposals, having for their aim and object, the development of the material resources of our Province, and also of the social, intellectual and moral welfare of our people. Gentlemen, since we last met, death has been busy amongst us, and I am sure we all regret the loss of those great zemindars who took such interest in our work and whose places are vacant to-day. There is the Maharaja of Sonbursa who fell by the hands of an assasin ; then there is the Raja Bahadur of Khira, the Raja Bahadur of Barwari, Rai Gunga Prasad Singh, Bahadur of Darbhanga and Babu Sri Mohun Thakur of Berari.

Gentlemen, one of the questions to which our attention has been drawn of late is that relating to the separation of this Province from Bengal. I do not think there is any advantage in discussing a question of this kind which is at present outside the range of practical politics. The Secretary of State has more than once definitely and emphatically declared that the partition as now made must be regarded as a settled fact. As the practical men we have to take the situation as we find it and improve our position under the circumstances in which we find ourselves placed. There is no doubt the partition has given a more advantageous position to Behar than it occupied before. One may say Behar occupies now a position of equality in the Province. Behar is practically equal to Bengal.

Gentlemen, the two things most necessary for the improvement and elevation of any class are education and co-operation. In order that zemindars may not only deserve but raise their position, influence and usefulness, it is necessary that our boys should be properly educated and trained. There are educational facilities of some kind already, but I am inclined to think that special efforts should be made for the training of young men belonging to the landed aristocracy.

In India although a particular prestige is still attached to ancient families who made their mark in days gone by, the time is fast approaching when a mere title disassociated from real merit will not carry much weight—the sooner the eyes of our younger generation are opened to this stern fact, the better it will be for them and for the country at large.

The aristocracy of England are careful of the education of their sons. Not only do the nobles of England take a leading part in their home politics, but practically all the Viceroys which the Government send out to India belong to noble families.

I think we should certainly co-operate with Sir Andrew Fraser's scheme for the education of the children of the landed and monied classes in these Provinces. I need hardly dwell at any length on the advantages of co-operation. The zemindars would gain both in power and in usefulness to the country by co-operation among themselves. If zemindars can show their aptitude and willingness to enter public life, they will find willing friends among the officials who will be glad to encourage them with their advice and co-operation. The zemindars hold a high position in society and in the eyes of the Government. I desire that they should prove themselves worthy of the respect that is paid to them. With capacity developed by training they cannot but command more prestige, and public service cannot fail to secure a recognition alike from the Government and the people.

Gentlemen, the Tenancy Amendment Act which has recently been passed in the Bengal Legislative Council has not given us all that we desire. Section 32 of the Tenancy Act has been extended to Orissa. May we not expect that the Government will be pleased to extend it to other divisions of these Provinces. The appointment of the Hon'ble Mr. Sharfuddin as a Judge of the High Court, so cordially welcomed by his Hindu and Mahomedan friends is a striking illustration of the feeling which permits members of one community to rejoice at the success of a member of the other. I desire to bear testimony to the valuable service he has rendered to the Association as Honorary Secretary. Gentlemen, there are quite a number of other topics to which I should have liked to draw your attention. Amongst others the adequate representation of the Divisions in the Provincial Council. We do not have an adequate representation of Beharees now in the Judicial Service. The only Beharee Subordinate Judge at present is Babu Lal Singh who shortly retires. We also desire that there should be a large and wider employment of Beharees in the Executive Service. For the furtherance of Technical Education amongst us, it would be very desirable to raise the status of the Behar School of Engineering to that of an Engineering College, and that the Seebpore Engineering College be removed to a healthy site such as Ranchi or Dehri-on-Sone. I hail with satisfaction that the Lieutenant-Governor is going to raise the Patna College to a higher position. The improvement of the Patna Temple Medical School deserves also to receive the careful consideration of Government. We are not represented on the Senate and the Syndicate of the University as yet, and it appears to me that non-official Beharees have a rightful grievance on this score. The higher ranks of the minor Services such as Opium, Postal and Police, ought also to have a more adequate representation of Beharees. We are thankful that the Head of the Province is amongst us at present, and that he has consented to receive an address from us to-morrow.

I think it would be well for us on this occasion in view of the unrest that has lately manifested itself in various quarters of the land, to record in a very definite and emphatic manner that the Hindu population of India, the aristocracy, the middle classes, as well as the masses of the people are all sincerely loyal to the British rule in India. I do not mean to assert that the present administration is not capable of great improvement in order that it may be a truly national rule, but the modifications and improvement as may be deemed prudent and politic from time to time to give all classes of the community their fair representation in the Government of the Empire, must be sought along the peaceable and intelligent lines of constitutional agitation. We are only voicing the sentiments of the vast majority of our countrymen in expressing our disapprobation of all acts of violence and lawlessness acts, which, if indulged in, will, with inevitable certainty retard those reforms we all earnestly desire to see accomplished. But we ought to do more than merely express these sentiments. By well-planned organisations throughout the Province we ought to translate our words into deeds. We might have committees in every Sub-division, District, and Division, of a truly representative character, drawn from the leading members of the aristocracy, the bar, the commercial, the middle, and the agricultural classes. The object of these District Committees, which might all be federated together and affiliated to a Grand Central Committee, would be, amongst other things, which would suggest themselves as necessity arose, to promote agricultural, commercial and industrial enterprise and foster a better and more friendly feeling between Hindus and Mahomedans, between Indians and Europeans and between the official and the non-official classes. The Government would, I am sure, welcome the opinions which the Grand Central Committee, representing the views of the most enlightened of the people, could authoritatively lay before them regarding any proposed new measures, and be always ready to receive suggestions having for their object the better welfare of the Province. In this way the people would feel that they had some real influence in furthering the administrative and legislative work of the Government. Not the least important part of the work of the organisation. I have suggested, would be the dissemination of accurate knowledge relating to the proposals and the acts of the Government. Ignorance, or partial knowledge, which is often times worse than ignorance, has too often played its part in arousing bad feelings, unrest, and even panic amongst the people in times past. This state of matters would not exist if the people had the means of obtaining accurate knowledge regarding the real acts and proposals of the Government. The organisation I have suggested could from time to time or probably by means of a periodical paper, bring accurate knowledge regarding what is going on within the reach of all, and by this means bring light and peace of mind and contentment, where suspicion and irritation and unrest—the children of pure ignorance—now reigns. The Council of Notables proposed by Mr. John Morley is still a thing that has not been clearly defined but perhaps the members of it might become a link betwen the Government and the Grand Central Committee to which I have referred. It has often been a reproach cast into our face that "verba non facta" is the motto under which we live, we have now the opportunity of reversing that state of things. Henceforth let "deeds not words" be the inspiration of our public life.

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THE Rev. H. F. Tracey, vicar of St. Saviour's Church, Dartmouth, writing in the parish magazine, says : "The idea that curates are as plentiful as black-berries is hopelessly wrong ; in a few years they will be as extinct as the dodo. Possibly some may be stuffed and exhibited in glass cases, but there will be no live ones. The truth is that the prospects of earning a living in the ministry of the Church of England, after you have ceased to be young, are very remote."

# NEWS LATER THAN THE MAIL.

## THE FRENCH RIOTS.

## A Narbonne Funeral.

## ATTENDED BY 100,000 PEASANTS.

(FROM AUSTRALIAN PAPERS.)

LONDON, JUNE 22.

An extraordinary spectacle was presented at the funeral of one of the leaders of the populace who was shot at Narbonne.

The obsequies were attended by a hundred thousand peasants.

## The Agde Mutineers.

MAGAZINE PLUNDERED.

The mutineers at Agde numbered 607.

They first plundered the magazine at the barracks, but seem to have repented quickly. They asked to be permitted to resume duty without being subjected to disciplinary measures, but the Premier, M. Clemenceau, refused to negotiate with the mutineers, and insisted upon an unconditional surrender. The soldiers, however, declined to submit without terms.

It appears that at the outset of the wine trouble the troops at present stationed at Agde were withdrawn from Beziers because they sympathised with the wine-growers.

On learning of the mutiny, General Lancroissad, the military commander at Beziers, tried to persuade the deserters to return to their quarters peaceably, but declined to take the responsibility of ordering his own men to attack them.

## Action by Wine-Growers.

DEMONSTRATIONS TO CEASE.

The wine-growers defence committee has issued a placard with a view to putting an end to the demonstrations against the Government.

M. Marcellin Albert, who has taken a prominent part in the agitation, has been arrested.

## Legislative Action.

DISAFFECTED AREAS CALMER.

It has been officially announced that the disaffected areas in the south of France are calmer.

The French Chamber of Deputies hurriedly passed a Bill preventing the adulteration of wines, which was at the root of the trouble.

Arrangements had been made by the Republican Committee of Commerce, Industry, and Agriculture to entertain Sir Wilfrid Laurier, the Canadian Premier, at a banquet on Monday, but owing to the disturbances, the function has been postponed.

All the public engagements of the French Ministers, either in Paris or in the provinces, have been cancelled.

The Agde mutineers have resumed duty and appear to be heartily sorry for their escapade.

## King's Garden Party.

8,500 GUESTS.

London, June 23.

A garden party given by His Majesty the King, at Windsor Castle, yesterday was attended by 8,500 guests.

Among those present were Mr. T. Bent, the Premier of Victoria ; Sir Langdon Bonython, the Agents-General of the Australian Colonies, Captain Collins (the Commonwealth representative in London), Madame Melba, and the King of Siam.

## Melbourne Suburban Railways.

PROPOSED ELECTRIFICATION.

Mr. T. Bent, the Premier of Victoria, has engaged Mr. Charles H. Merz, consulting electrical engineer, to report upon the proposed electrification of the Melbourne suburban railways. Mr. Merz will visit Melbourne in November, Mr. Tait, the Chief Commissioner of Railways in Victoria, considers that Mr. Merz is the best man available for the work.

Mr. Tait will sail for New York to-morrow. He will inspect the New York central railway system, and will afterwards proceed to Chicago, where he will investigate the handling of suburban traffic. He will sail from Vancouver for Australia on August 6.

## The Southsea Tragedy.

CRUMP FOUND TO BE INSANE.

The trial on a charge of murder has concluded at the Hampshire Assizes of John Langford Crump a recent arrival from Auckland New Zealand. The allegation against Crump was that at Southsea on May 22, he shot a widow named Mrs. Moriarty Crump, formerly of Tasmania.

Crump was found to be insane, and he has been sent to a lunatic asylum.

## The Trouble in Portugal.

TWO HUNDRED PERSONS IMPRISONED.

Since Wednesday last two hundred persons for having taken part in riotous demonstrations in Portugal have been imprisoned in the Caxias fortress.

# THE CRABBE MURDER.

## A Mahomedan's Confession.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CAWNPORE, JULY 8.

A Chittagong telegram, dated July 6, says :—An up-country Mussalman, a very formidable looking man, has now confessed his direct complicity in the transaction which resulted in Crabbe's death. The man gives his name as Golfan, and says he is a native of Bhagalpur.

According to his story there were three other Mussalmans associated with him, the leading one being Seraji. He confesses having participated in several train robberies on the night of the occurrence. They first of all robbed a Bengali in a second-class compartment whose trunk they passed on to associates who were standing near the distance signal of the second station between Laksam and Chandpur which would be Bhisgra. When the Babu raised an alarm they entered the lavatory of a first-class compartment, When the train was searched, they were concealed, in the lavatory and pressed against the door of the lavatory when the Stationmaster and the Guard wanted to open it at Hajiganj. They entered Crabbe's compartment and found him asleep. As they passed out his despatch box he woke up and struck Siraji with his cane on his back. He also struck Golfan similarly, and the the latter snatched away his cane. Then Crabbe boxed the ears of Siraji and then fell upon Golfan causing him a black-eye. At this time the others seized Crabbe and gagged his mouth and Seraji stabbed him and then they threw Crabbe's body on the line and the other escaped while he (Golfan) entered a third-class compartment and reaching Chandpur managed to escape to Naraingung, but came back on the following day to Chandpur to see how the matters stood.

# SHIP'S OFFICER DROWNED.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JULY 8.

The body of the Chief Officer of the ship "Mersey" Walter Cornish of Liverpool, was found floating in the river at Prinseps Ghats yesterday. The deceased had evidently fallen down from an unprotected open culvert.

# UNDER THE SOUTHERN CROSS.

## TECHNICAL EDUCATION.

## Football and Slippery Tempers.

## IMMIGRANTS FROM INDIA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

* MELBOURNE, JUNE 24.

A scheme for establishing a technical college in the eastern suburbs has been initiated by Mr. Swinburne, the Minister for Water Supply. On Friday he had a conference with representatives of the Camberwell, Hawthorn, and Kew Councils. Mr. Swinburne promised that he and Mrs. Swinburne would each give £1,000 towards the cost of carrying out the project. It is estimated that a sum of £60,000 will be required for buildings and plant. Mr. Swinburne said he believed that he could safely promise that the Government would provide pound for pound. It was also thought that £6,000 per annum would be required if classes were to be successfully carried on, and the committee decided to recommend the councils to guarantee the annual payment of that sum. The councils will deal with the recommendations next week. The project will be laid before public meetings in the municipalities concerned, with a view of obtaining substantial financial support.

VICTORIA AND MAIL CONTRACT.

The Acting-Premier of Victoria (Mr. Davies), speaking at the accountants' dinner on Thursday, said that the Federal Attorney-General had referred to the amicable co-operation of Victoria with the Commonwealth. As a matter of fact, they were charged with combining in a secret conspiracy over the mail contract by which the Commonwealth would eventually appear as the guarantor, and Victoria will be relieved of her responsibility, while retaining the benefits obtained under her agreement. Victoria did not want to secure any advantages over the other States. He did not know whether the contract would be carried out. Victoria seemed to be looked upon as a robber. It was not only in connection with the mail contract that she was suspected, but New South Wales said that Victoria was robbing her over the Customs, notwithstanding the fact that the former State received 2s. more than Victoria for each unite of her population. The representatives of New South Wales talked a great deal about her misfortunes under Federation, yet that State had received during the six years the uniform tariff had been in existence £7,000,000 more than she would have received from her own Customs duties. At the recent Premier's Conference nearly every speech either expressed or implied a bitter feeling against Victoria. Now there seemed to be much the same sentiment among the other States over the mail contract. Victoria wished to do nothing unfederal or unfriendly, and there was no reason for the ill-feeling against her.

FOOTBALLERS WITH SLIPPERY TEMPERS.

As His Excellency the Lieutenant-Governor was a witness of the rough football match which was played between the South Melbourne and St. Kilda teams on Saturday, concerning which sporting judgment has been very condemnatory, his views have been sought on the subject. It is known that his Excellency is an admirer of robust athleticism, and his knowledge of sporting matters is such as to give a special value to his opinion. Although somewhat indisposed to criticise what he saw, Sir John Madden said :—"I think the remarks published in the newspapers were heavier criticism than I should have been at all disposed to make, remembering the fact that the contestants were two teams at the top of the record. Great keenness to win was manifestly excited in them, and that feeling was shared in by their supporters around the ground. The game was very close—one leading at one time and one at another. At the very last there was a narrow win. In the circumstances I think there was more heat in the play than one would see at an ordinary match. I did see occasionally what is foul play in football. Men were shoved rather roughly when they did not have the ball ; men who had not got the ball were hugged round the neck, and were swung off their feet violently. There was also a bit of a 'shindy' that lasted for a second or two, when the umpire interfered and reproved somebody, as far as I could see, and a policeman interfered. The goalkeeper for South Melbourne was also knocked out for a little while by a thrust from a man's elbow during a scrimmage. Apparently he was struck in the diaphragm, and had the wind knocked out of him. He had to lay out for about a minute or two, but then he was up again and playing well. In this rough play both sides took a liberal hand. On the whole, however I left the ground fairly well satisfied—certainly not seriously shocked—because this sort of thing has happened again and again where the players were exceedingly keen. Some people thought the game was not skilful. I have seen more accurate and smarter football, but the ground was as slippery as an ice rink. Players were slipping all over the place, and the ball was so slippery it was difficult to hold. Those are reasons why the game did not exhibit as good football as I have seen. Although the people onlooking thought there was justification for the interference of the umpire, there was not much to be said about it. A great many free kicks were given. There were whispers, too, around the ground that something might happen. I think the umpire who was very keen did his work well and incidentally checked the rough play and imposed the penalties. Of course, like everyone else I would like to see football played as fairly as possible. Saturday's game was played though, on very slippery ground, with a very slippery ball, and amongst the players I suppose there were some with slippery tempers."

IMMIGRANTS FROM INDIA.

Striking evidence of the good work accomplished in India by the Immigration League of Australia is afforded by two gentlemen, Mr. Aynsley Clifford and Mr. J. Jarbo, who arrived in Sydney on Monday. Both have lived for many years in India, and are well able to speak as to the possibilities of that country from the Immigration League's point of view. Both gentlemen intend to start mixed farming. Mr. Clifford, in the course of an interview, with a representative of the *Sydney Daily Telegraph*, said that he had been in the Government service for 23 years, and had just retired. He had been making inquiries as to the suitability of Canada for emigration, but as the winter there was too severe decided not to go there. Noticing in an Indian paper a letter by Dr. Arthur (president of the league) he wrote to that gentleman, and was supplied with all the information he required. Dr. Arthur's letters to him were more like those of a friend. The way he had been received by Dr. Arthur made him feel as though that gentleman was a member of his own family. It was the same everywhere he and Mr. Jarbo had been, at the Intelligence Department, where they met Mr. Anderson, at the Department of Agriculture, where they saw Mr. Campbell and Mr. Salwey ; in fact, he had received more kindness since he had been in Sydney than he had during the whole time he spent in India. He had decided to go in for mixed farming, and this decision having been made known to Dr. Arthur that gentleman had made arrangements for him and his eldest son, together with Mr. Jarbo and his eldest son, to take the winter course at the Hawkesbury Agricultural College. This was most thoughtful and would be of invaluable use to them. Speaking as to the work of the Immigration League in India Mr. Clifford said that the league was becoming very widely known, and as a result of its efforts a large number of a desirable class of men would be induced to come to Australia. The trunk railways would offer the first field, and provide the very class of person that Australia wanted. On these railways the employees, instead of receiving a pension at the end of a term of service, received a sum of money, represented by their own contributions to a provident fund, supplemented by an amount from the company. Each one on leaving the service would have a certain amount of ready cash. The next class to which the league should turn its attention was retiring non-commissioned officers from the army, whose time had expired and who were retiring on pensions, which ranged from £1 to £1 10s per week. They were a fine type of men, and would make good settlers. When asked why he believed that large numbers of people would be found leaving for Australia, Mr. Clifford

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[* By telegram to Perth, W. A.]

said that one reason was that native competition for public and mercantile appointments had become too strong of late. The majority of the classes to which he had referred required only information and assistance such as was furnished by the league to bring them out to Australia. They had the means and they wanted only the information such as had been supplied to him. Canada had been advertising extensively in India, but he felt sure that it could not compete with Australia. He would advise that those people who had settled here and were satisfied should write their experiences, and see that they were published abroad for the benefit and guidance of others. Anglo-Indians could not stand the Canadian climate, but the same trouble was not found in regard to Australia. Mr. Jarbo prefaced his observations by an expression of appreciation of the kindly interest shown by Dr. Arthur. He joined with Mr. Clifford in acknowledging the universal kindness shown to them since they landed in Sydney. He had been to Hawkesbury College, and regarded it as an excellent institution. Mr. Potts, the principal, had received him courteously, and afforded him all possible information. Mr. Jarbo was of the opinion that a number of desirable immigrants could be obtained from the indigo and tea plantations in India. The small tea planter was now only too anxious to sell out, and large numbers of young men who had been engaged in that class of work were at the present time seeking employment.

OLD AGE PENSIONS.

Serious complaints are made by applicants for old age pensions on account of the slowness of the department in dealing with their applications. It is stated that often more than two months pass between the date of application and the granting of a pension, and no provision is made for the maintenance of the applicant in the interim. This entails a great strain on the slender resources of the applicants, who do not apply for a pension until they have no means of livelihood. In a case which has occurred in a southern suburb a man 68 years of age applied four months ago for a pension, and his claim was inquired into by the commissioner at Malvern on the 15th April. The department had spent the intervening time in obtaining information as to the children of the applicant from the police of the country towns in which the children were residing. The commissioner recommended that eight shillings a week should be granted. The applicant, Edward Chapman, states that after anxiously waiting for the pension for nearly two months he has received a notification from the department in enclosing twelve shillings, and stating that a pension of six shillings a week had been granted to him. Why four months should be spent by the department in dealing with a simple application is inconceivable. In a case in a neighbouring municipality an applicant will have to go through the formalities of naturalisation, lasting over six months, before the department will even consider the matter of giving her a pension, and another applicant complains that although he applied for a pension on the 20th April, his application has not yet been disposed of. Most applicants for old age pensions are desperately in need of the contribution towards their maintenance, and the department would do justly to expedite the consideration of applications.

TRADE WITH THE EAST.

A report upon Victorian fruit in Eastern markets has been received by the Minister of Agriculture, Mr. Swinburne from Mr. J. M Sinclair, one of the Victorian commercial agents in the East. Writing from Singapore on 8th May, Mr. Sinclair reports the arrival of the "Euryalus" with a consignment of 204 cases of apples in perfect condition. The fruit met with a ready sale immediately on being landed at 5 dol., or 12/6, per case. The previous steamer, the "Fortunatus" was aground on a reef for thirteen days and landed a consignment at Sourabaya, Java, in bad or indifferent condition. As a general rule deck shipments of apples sent to Java or Singapore are not landed in good order, and the fruit is often wasty or has a percentage decayed throughout the cases. With refrigerated chambers fruit would be carried in sound condition, and pears and grapes could be sent. Mr. Sinclair affirms that there is a large outlet for Victorian fruit at centres like Batavia, Samarang, Sourabaya, Singapore, Saigon, Bangkok, Rangoon, Penang and Medan, which could absorb at least 2,000 cases of fruit per week if landed in good order. All the principal cities of India would also furnish good outlets for Victorian fruit, but unfortunately a monthly service during the four months of the fruit season would only provide a means of de-patching consignments at long intervals. Under existing conditions, with the carriage of fruit as deck cargo with the uncertainty of arrival in good condition merchants will not buy fruit to come forward, and the present business is on a consignment basis. With refrigerated steamers sailing at fixed dates, and with reasonable freights the trade, Mr. Sinclair thinks would develop and merchants would be able to purchase on cable quotations particularly when the fruit is graded and packed under the supervision of the department.

CRICKETERS DISPUTES ARRANGED.

There will be general satisfaction felt throughout Australia concerning the action of the New South Wales Cricketing Association in removing the suspension from the leading players of that state. Outside of Sydney the prevalent idea is that throughout the whole trouble the association in that city has acted in a high handed and dictatorial manner, and that the unpleasantness which has been caused is largely due to its domineering methods. However, with an English Eleven in process of formation with the object of visiting Australia, the time is particularly inopportune for dispute among the chief supporters of the game and its most successful exponents. The associations on the one hand, and the players on the other, have been asserting their claim to be considered indispensible, but in these days when the financial aspect of the sport is so much studied, the public may well urge the strength of their position. Without their patronage there could be no interchange of visits between English and Australian elevens, because, save in exceptional cases, the money to pay for the tours would not be forthcoming. Of the other two factors, the players appear to be the more important, for an association could not get on without cricketers, but we have frequent proof of the fact that cricketers can get on very happily without an association, although it has to be admitted that the associations in Adelaide, Sydney, and Melbourne have worked incalculable benefit for the great summer game. In any case, it is somewhat idle to argue as to the relative value of the various aids to success. There can be no doubt that when all harmoniously combine the prospects of the game are much brighter than when internal squabbling is going on. In England everything appears to run smoothly in the cricket realm, and there does not seem to be any reason why a similar condition of affairs should not exist here.

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## MUSSOORIE SWEEPERS' STRIKE.

### Mr. Vansittart's Action Commended.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LUCKNOW JULY 8.

The question of the sweepers' strike came up for discussion at the meeting of the Mussoorie Municipal Board on 5th instant. It transpired that the men had complained that they were underpaid and over worked and Mr. Vansittart had as member of the sub-committee in charge of matters sanitary brought their discontent to the notice of the Municipal committee more than once. The men gave one month's notice of their intention to cease working on 22nd June. On the 23rd the sweepers in a body intimated to Mr. Vansittart that they proposed leaving the station that night. Mr. Vansittart told them not to go as their doing so would render Mussoorie uninhabitable and said he would address the Municipal Committee on their behalf. This he did as their counsel postponing at considerable inconvenience to himself a case in which he was engaged at Chakrata. The result of his action was that the men did not leave the station.

Five members spoke but withdrew their statements after Mr. Vansittart had pointed out the fallacy of their reasoning. The net result of the meeting was to show that Mr. Vansittart had acted promptly and wisely in the interests of the public.

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TOWARDS the end of September His Excellency Sir Arthur Lawley proceeds to Nilambur on a shooting trip and then to Calicut, and returns to Ootacamund. In the latter part of October His Excellency proceeds by train to Mangalore to see the Jain remains at Mudbidri and Karkal, and from thence goes to Madras. In January, Sir Arthur Lawley will open the Bezwada-Masulipatam line.

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# OUR SERIAL STORY.

## NEITHER STORE-HOUSE NOR BARN.

BY

ALLEN RAINE,

Author of "A Welsh Singer," "By Berwen Banks," "Torn Sails," "A Welsh Witch," "Queen of the Rushes," &c., &c.

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### CHAPTER XXV.—ALONE IN THE WORLD.

About a month after the foregoing events, Mary Nugent stood at her cottage door, waving good-bye to a girl who stopped to wave in return, as she neared a bend in the road.

Once round the corner, she knew she would lose sight of the tiny abode that had sheltered her so hospitably, and must face the world again, alone, and unprotected. She had borne up bravely as she wished Mary Nugent good-bye, but as soon as she lost sight of her, her mind was full of fears and anxieties.

For three weeks she had remained in the cottage, nursed by the mistress of the house, and little less considered by the good man. She paid him, of course, as far as she was able, but felt as she walked briskly along the high road that no money could repay the kindness that she had received.

"Three long weeks I have been resting," she said, "now I must make up for lost time," and she walked bravely on, always towards the South West, irresistibly drawn towards Rhosmor—to Seba's gentle face, to the warm clasp of her hand.

Her grey dress was worn and frayed; her shoes were ominously thin. She had lost the glow of enjoyment which had sweetened her path through the woods of Coed du, for deep down in her heart there was always the weary questioning why Gwil had not written to her? and now if he did write she would never receive his letter, for who at "Glynderw" would trouble to forward it to her? and had they wished to do so they would not know where to send it. No! she had got into a tangled maze, and her only hope of relief was in reaching Rhosmor, where at least she would find Seba to sympathise with her.

All that day she walked on steadily, rejoicing to feel that as she proceeded on her way, the exercise and the fresh country air restored to her in some measure the strength and energy which she had lost in her sudden break down, and when after three days journeying she found herself really in Wales, the rugged old hills towering above her, the rugged old language sounding like music in her ears, her spirits rose, and she called to mind with some of her former confidence her father's favourite words. "Behold! the birds of the air, for they have neither storehouse nor barn, and yet He careth for them." Yes, He would care for her, she would surely hear something of Gwil at Rhosmor, and with renewed hope she pressed on her way.

It was late on a cool, grey evening of a September day when she entered Panteynon, weary and worn, and truth to tell very hungry, for she had spent her last sixpence early in the day, and she had still eight miles to walk. There was no thought now of the jaunting car with the good horse, and the fat boy driver; but she must tramp on alone under the fast falling darkness. The thought of Seba's kind face and the tiny fire where the crickets chirped so cheerfully awoke a warm glow of hope and comfort in her heart. What mattered it if she were hungry! Seba would have supper ready, the bowl of broth or the cup of tea. What mattered it that her feet were tired and blistered? In Seba's cottage there would be rest and comfort, and perhaps, who knew? the letter which she longed for, for surely Gwil would know that here she would return some day, and yet how vague was the hope, how small was the chance—for now would he guess that "Glynderw" had been no resting place for her?

Her footsteps dragged more and more heavily as she drew near the moor above the valley of Rhosmor. Here was the tree under which they had sat at the top of the wood, down below them, the precipitous bank wooded to the bottom, where the silent river gleamed through the branches here was the steep path to the water's edge where the loose-strife and meadow-sweet were withered and brown; under the darkening sky the river seemed to murmur and sigh and Olwen hastened along the path with eager desire for rest and comfort. Here was the little gate, she clicked the handle and entered. In the soft gloom it seemed strangely silent, the door was closed, no light streamed from the tiny windows, and as she lifted the wooden latch her heart sank with a dire foreboding.

What did it mean? and she called very gently into the gloom, "Seba, Seba!" but there was no answer from the empty rooms, only her own voice echoed from the bare walls, and realising that Seba was absent, that there was neither welcome, nor warmth, nor food for her, with a pitiful cry the worn-out girl fell to the ground, not unconscious, but as if unable to bear up longer against her weariness and hunger. Her limbs had fallen into as easy a position as was possible on the hard stone floor, and realising her helplessness, and homelessness she lay still in her misery, and from sheer fatigue fell asleep with the words, "They have neither storehouse nor barn, and yet He careth for them" on her lips.

The moon rose full and round, and looked in upon her through the window, but still she slept, and the sunshine was flooding the empty cottage, when at last she opened her eyes and remembered where she was! How homeless! how helpless! and her first thoughts were of the happy home at Llanidris where she had been her father's idol, where Posy had watched and tended her, where, every morning, the plentiful breakfast awaited her in the cosy parlour. Ah! what was this gnawing pain within her? Hunger, gaunt hunger, had come to dwell with her, and she rose to her feet with a desperate attempt to trust implicitly in the words that had so often brought her comfort. "Neither storehouse nor barn, and yet He careth for them." "Now," she said, "is the time to prove those words, no lone bird on the mountain could be poorer than I am, if He careth for them He will care for me."

She passed into the little whitewashed room in which she had slept so soundly when she was here last: when the strains of Gwil's music had seemed to flow through her dreams: now the bare white walls spoke of nothing but loss and emptiness. At the low casement window round which the honeysuckle and roses still twined, she fell on her knees, and as she prayed for help, a violent fit of sobbing shook her fame: she had not wept for weeks, for she had fought bravely with her misfortunes, but having once given way, and having once opened the flood gates of her tears, they flowed freely.

It was soothing to be able to weep where no one could hear her. "Oh, Seba! dear Seba!" she cried "I loved you though I had not known you long. Are you gone too far to help me?" The breath of the breeze came in through the open window laden with the scents of the sunrise hour. She dried her eyes and listened, and on its sigh there came to her an overflowing sense of tender sympathy, and she rose from her knees not only with a firmer trust in God, but with a strong feeling that the bare cottage was no longer empty, that out of the silence some gentle hands were stretched towards her. "Seba," she said "you are not gone far, you are here, you are helping me, you are cheering me I am going out with more courage in my heart to face the world again," and with fresh energy awakening within her, she flung her knapsack more firmly on her back and turned with steady footsteps away from the cottage door down the path to the boat house, which alas! was empty, and sitting for a moment on the river's bank, she took a farewell look across the stream to the Rhosmor woods.

Under the trees the shadows were dark and brown, through their tops the sun was glinting within their depths the rooks were cawing and she heard the pigeons cooing on the Rhosmor roof. Ah, how clearly she pictured them preening themselves on the mossy old gables. Did the old man still live in the house? she wondered. Who tended him now in Seba's place? and her heart ached with intolerable longing for the days that were no more.

At last she rose, and following a path through the fields reached Werngoppa, where Gwil had worked the day before they had journeyed to Manchester.

The cows were in the yard, 'twas milking time, and she looked with longing eyes at the milk frothing into the pails. She flushed to the roots of her hair when the milk-maid turned round asking roughly. "What you want here?" Was she then so shabby and tattered that the maid had mistaken her for a beggar? Yet in truth a beggar she was. "I am coming to ask the mistress for work," she said. "Is there anything I could do here do you think?"

"There's the mistress," said Madlen, pointing to a fat woman crossing the yard, and Olwen made her way towards her.

With the same hard look and rough tones, the woman addressed her, "What is it, then?" she said, "brings you tramping here so early?"

"I came to ask," said Olwen, "could you give me work in the house, mam, I am anxious to work, and would do anything."

"Caton Pawb, no!" said the woman, "we have plenty of servants to do the work."

With a pang of disappointment Olwen turned away, and something in the expression of her face touched the farmer's wife.

"Would you like a bowl of bread and milk?" she said.

"Yes, mam, indeed," said Olwen, "and thank you," and with an eager look of expectation she followed the woman to the farmhouse door.

"You can sit here in the porch," she said, and Olwen thankfully obeyed. In a few moments the woman returned with a large bowl of milk filled with lumps of barley bread. Olwen took it gratefully. Ah! how delicious it was! And when she had emptied the bowl, seeing that she had eaten hungrily, the farmer's wife asked, "Would you like more?"

"If you please," said Olwen. "I had no supper last night, and so I am rather hungry to-day," and while she ate her second bowlful she ventured to ask a question.

"The cottage by the river where the old boat was kept. Where is the woman gone?"

"Oh, Seba? She's gone the way of all flesh—she is dead."

"Dead!" said Olwen, sorrowfully. "I was afraid 'twas so when I saw the empty house."

"Did you know her then?"

"Yes, I was lodging with her when I went by this way in May. She was quite well then."

"Ah, yes, poor thing. She was quite well all her life, I'm thinking, for she died in her sleep. One day the old man at Rhosmor missed her, and he sent a girl from the farm over the river to see what had become of her. She was lying quite still in bed, with her head on the pillow, and her hand under her cheek. Oh, yes, there's no doubt, Seba had heard a call in the night, and had gone straight home to heaven, for she was a saintly woman, and walked in the paths of salvation."

"Oh, yes, indeed!" said Olwen, "and 'tis a dreadful trouble to me to lose her."

"H m," said the woman thoughtfully, "and now you are looking for work. Well, go down to Aberlaswen. There's Timmy, the ferry, wants a servant to do his work and to row the boat across the river."

"Well, thank you, mam, and good morning," said Olwen, turning away and the woman looked after her puzzled. "She's not a tramp," she thought, "and she's not a beggar! But, dear anwl, she was hungry."

Down at Aberlaswen under the crisp September sun the waves were racing over the beach as if in frolicsome play rattling the shingle, and tossing up the spray in snowy showers that turned to gold.

Here was the wild rose bush from which she had gathered a spray for Gwil's buttonhole, the roses were gone, and the scarlet haws had replaced them. There was the rock on the shore where the gipsy girl had told her fortune, and again Olwen recalled her words. "I see a dark woman bending over you. Beware of her; she will work you evil."

Had the sorrows which she had gone through then been foreordained by cruel fate? Were there more in store for her? These and many more anxieties came trooping into her heart as she looked out over the broad blue sea until, turning back, she reached the village, and passed the post office. Yes, passed it with no thought of entering, but stopped as if controlled by a sudden impulse, and, entering, asked in a dull, impassive voice; "Is there a letter for me—Olwen Meyric?"

"Let me see," said the woman. "Why, yes, there was, about three weeks ago. I put it here," she said, hunting on the shelves. "Here it is," and she handed to Olwen a blue envelope addressed in a bold strong hand, just such another as Kitty Price had taken out of her pocket and read to her patient. Olwen took it in her hand, and stood as if dazed for a moment, so little had she expected any news of Gwil from this direction.

"Dear me, miss vach, you are looking very bad said the woman. "You bin ill I should think."

"Yes" said Olwen, glad of the excuse. "I have been ill twice since I left Aberlaswen, so I thought I had better come back here again to get well, for I was never ill before in all my life."

"Bt shwr! merch-i. You did quite right. Oh, you'll soon get well here. Go you out and read your letter in the air, and leave your basket here if you like. You are not looking very strong to carry it."

(*To be continued.*)

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## PROTECTION OF WILD BIRDS.

### A Legal Flaw.

At the Esplanade Police Court, Bombay, yesterday afternoon, Mr. J. W. S. Dracup disposed of the case in which Inspector Patterson charged Jannoo Mahomed with offering to sell patridges and quails during the breeding season. Mr. Godinho, pleader, defended the accused.

The Magistrate in giving his decision said:—In this case the accused was charged under rule 2 (a) of the rules framed by the Bombay Municipality under Rule 3 of the Wild Birds Protection Act XI of 1887 with offering for sale quails and partridges during the breeding season. The evidence showed that the accused sold poultry and wild birds and had a stall in the Arthur Crawford Market. On the 13th June last Kazi Abdul Razak, a Market Inspector paid a surprise visit to the accused's stall where he saw two baskets, one containing four dozen quails and the other three dozen partridges. There was no evidence to show that the accused actually offered the birds to any one for sale, and the question, therefore, was whether the mere fact of the birds being exposed on the stall could be held to amount to offering them for sale. His Worship held that the mere exposure of goods for sale did not amount to offering for sale. But apart from that, it appeared to his Worship that the Rule 2 (a) as framed by the Municipality, was *ultra vires* in so far that it made offering for sale, and not the act of possession, penal, and consequently, although the birds were found in the accused's possession, he could not be charged with and convicted of having them in his possession, Section 3 (a) of Act XI of 1887 only empowered the Municipality to make rules for prohibiting the possession or sale of wild birds or the importation of any kind of wild birds during the breeding season. His Worship was therefore of opinion that in prohibiting the offering for sale and also the killing or capturing of any wild bird or hare during the breeding season, as provided in the rule referred to, the Municipality had gone beyond the scope of the power vested in them. For these reasons the Magistrate acquitted the accused.

There was a similar charge against another Mahomedan, named Mamdoo Ali, but it was withdrawn.

## ALLEGED DEFAMATION.

At the Mazagon Police Court, Bombay, before Mr. C. H. Setalvad, Thakerdas Dwarkadas an attorney's clerk appeared to answer a charge of defamation preferred against him by one Manchhubhai Balgowandas. Mr. Velinkar, Pleader, appeared for the complainant; while Mr. D. M. Madon, Pleader, defended the accused. The case for the prosecution was that the parties belonged to the same caste and had been on unfriendly terms for the past six months. On the 21st June last a caste dinner was held at Mahim in celebration of a wedding, when some dispute arose between the parents of the bride and bridegroom in regard to the dowry. During the altercation the accused said that complainant had instigated the bride's father to insist upon the payment of the amount of dowry in cash on the spot. The accused added that the complainant was a loafer and a very mean fellow. On the case being called on, the accused withdrew whatever he had said about the complainant at the caste-dinner and expressed his regret for the same. The apology was accepted and the case was allowed to be compounded.

## BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION.

A meeting of the Bombay Municipal Corporation was held yesterday afternoon in the Municipal Council Hall, the Hon. Mr. Vithaldas Damodher Thakersey, the President, in the Chair.

WIDENING THE BALLARD ROAD.

The Corporation considered the letter from the Commissioner, dated the 14th June last, stating that the Government of Bombay are anxious that the Corporation should give their consideration to the Port Trustees' proposal for the widening of the present Ballard road and for its connection with Hornby road by a direct road capable of taking heavy carriage traffic, making remarks and suggesting that a small committee may be appointed to consider and report on the question in all its bearing.

Dr. Sukhia moved the appointment of a committee to consider and report on the question.

The Hon. Mr. Ibrahim Rahimtulla failed to see what it was that the Committee were asked to consider. He failed to see the object for which Government asked them to consider the question. Was it because they wanted the Corporation to bear the cost of the proposed improvement or was it that the Corporation should express their opinion only whether the improvement was necessary? He wished to be enlightened as to what was expected of the committee that Dr. Sukhia proposed to appoint.

The Hon. Sir Pherozeshah Mehta remarked that to him also a similar idea had struck. What was intended by the Government in asking the Corporation to give their consideration to the matter? Was it, as the Hon. Mr. Ibrahim asked that the Corporation were required to carry out the scheme or bear a portion of the cost thereof? The proper body to carry out the scheme and bear the expenses was the Improvement Trust, and so they were told by the Government themselves the other day. Perhaps the intention of the Government might be to ask the Port Trust and the Chamber of Commerce to contribute to the cost of the scheme. He could not conceive what the object of the Government was in inviting them to consider the question. Did Government mean that the Corporation should carry out the work? Failing to understand what was meant by the Government he moved an amendment to the effect that the Commissioner be requested to obtain information from the Government as to what was the object for which the Corporation was asked to give their consideration to the question.

Dr. Sukhia withdrew his proposition in favour of Sir Pherozeshah's amendment, which was agreed to.

THE MAZAGON CHURCH.

The Corporation considered the letter to the President, dated the 23rd March, from the Vicar and the Wardens of the Church of N. S. da Gloria at Mazagon, complaining, on behalf of the parishioners of the Church, of the highly noxious and deleterious effluvium emanating from the manhole of the drain recently constructed in front of the Church and capped by a chimney intended as a ventilator. "Some of the members of the congregation," "the petitioners said, especially the fair sex, have not infrequently been constrained to leave the Sacred Edifice before the conclusion of the divine service owing to the stench being unbearable." In the compound of the Church, the petitioners added, there is a school, the pupils and the tutorial staff of which are also subjected to great annoyance by reason of the stench which cannot but be detrimental to their health. Stating further that apart from it being a source of nuisance the ventilator obtrudes itself on the attention of the congregation as well as the Ministers of the Altar while they are going through the solemn rites of the Christian religion.

In his report on the petition, the Deputy Executive Engineer, Drainage, said:—

"This is an old complaint from a new quarter about the nuisance caused by the discharge of foul air from manhole covers adjacent to ejector station on account of the rise and fall of the sewage in the manholes. As the ejectors are in charge of the Asstt. Engineer, Mechanical Branch, a reference was made to that Officer and he states that the only remedy short of lowering the ejectors and allowing gravitating sewers to discharge into the receiving chamber is to fix air-tight covers to each manwhole with a vent shaft from the top of the manhole to allow of the free ingress and egress of air. The manholes attached to this ejector station have already air-tight covers and it is proposed to ventilate the manholes by fixing the vent shaft to the Church itself as that is the highest building in the locality. If it is fixed to any other building the smell from the vent shaft will be wafted directly into the Church and make matters worse. The cost of this proposal will be about Rs. 416."

On the motion of Mr. J. Fereira, it was resolved to sanction the proposed expenditure for the removal of the nuisance.

THE ELECTRIC TRAMWAYS.

EXITS AND ENTRANCE.

The Municipal Commissioner having received a letter from the Managing Director of the Bombay Electric Supply and Tramways Company, forwarded a copy thereof to the Corporation, which was brought before the meeting as an urgent matter and on the motion of Sir Pherozeshah Mehta the copy of the letter was referred to the Committee of the Corporation, appointed to consider matters regarding the Tramways.

The Managing Director, in his letter to the Commissioner, said,

"As the electric cars have now been running over a month I have had some opportunity of studying the question of exits and entrances and the usefulness or otherwise of each. In the first instance we have designed a gate to be fixed in the centre opening on the offside making it practically impossible to use that mode of egress. This gate has been fitted on three cars and two have been in use for over a week with most satisfactory results, and we are now fitting up the rest of the cars with the same convenience. The presence of this gate will also allow of the space adjacent to the central entrance on the offside being used for standing accommodation for three or four extra persons at times of crowding. The end platform entrances will also shortly be provided with gates, the more effectively to prevent ingress or egress on the offside. As regards the use of the front platform by the passengers, this, as you know, has so far been allowed, but I have now come to the conclusion that in the interest of general safety it must be stopped; in future the front door will be closed and locked and the platform barred on each side and entrance and exit will have to be by the central or rear platform only. The presence of passengers on the front platform in propinquity to the driver is absolutely forbidden in every tramway in England, and I believe all over the world. In England cars seating 60 to 70 passengers have only one exit or entrance, namely, at the rear platform. Here in our endeavours to meet the desires and habits of the people we have an additional central entrance; the disuse therefore of the front or third entrance cannot cause any real inconvenience to the general public. I have myself noted in the last month many occasions on which the crowding in passengers on the front platform before the car comes to a stop has much impeded the driver both by taking off his attention and also actually hindering him in manipulating the brake, thus endangering the safety of the car and causing accidents. In more than one case a collision or other accident has only been avoided by the prompt action of one or other of the Company servants who happened to be present. The responsibility imposed on the driver is very great, and I am bound to give him every protection in carrying out his duties, and the least I can do is to ensure that he will not be unnecessarily interfered with. I propose to insert a notice in the vernacular and other papers to this effect, and I hope I may look to your co-operation in making the rule as widely known as possible among the members and employes of the Corporation.

STOPPAGE OF TRAM CARS.

The Commissioner also forwarded for the information of the Corporation extracts from a letter from the Managing Director of the B. E. S. T. Co., indicating the steps which he proposed to take in the matter of stoppage of tram cars. This was also referred to the "Tramway Committee on the motion of the Hon. Sir P. M. Mehta.

The Managing Director of the Tramway Company, in that letter, said:—

"With reference to your No. 7762 of 21st instant, forwarding copy of the Municipal Corporation's Resolution No. 1622 and my subsequent interview with you, I beg to state that we have given the most careful consideration to the question of stopping places with a view to meet the requirements of the general public, and especially also to avoid favouring individuals or interested parties at the expense of the public at large. After a very careful survey of the route by Mr. Rimington and our Chief Traffic Superintendent and Chief Engineer, a list of stopping places was drawn up and adopted for use as a temporary measure until the observations of our officials on the actual traffic should show that modifications are required. Instances of this necessity for change have already arisen and the stopping place which was originally put at the southern end of the Bhattia Baug near the English Hotel was moved down to opposite King King & Co's offices where it was much more useful and, moreover, made the distances more even. At the present moment the stopping places for the electric cars are all labelled "Cars stop here" but should the experience of a couple or three months show that certain of these are little used they will be moved to more convenient positions or if they are used only on certain days or at certain hours they will be labelled "Cars stop here if required," and the painted sign will be easily distinguishable from that where all cars stop.

As at present arranged the stopping places on the lines open to electric traction are as follows:—

| | Distance | No. of Stops, | Average distance between, |
|---|---|---|---|
| (1) Sassoon Dock to Grant Buildings | ½ mile | 3 | 211 yds. |
| (2) Grant Buildings to Secretariat .. | under ¾ mile | 3 | 383 " |
| (3) Secretariat to Municipal Office .. | under ¾ mile | 6 | 250 " |
| (4) Municipal Office to Market .. | under ¾ mile | 2 | 421 " |
| (5) Bhattia Baug to Money School | ½ mile | 3 | 289 " |
| (6) Money School to Pydhoni .. | ½ mile | 6 | 229 " |
| (7) Pydhoni to Grant Road .. | under ¾ mile | 4 | 254 " |
| (8) Grant Road to Victoria Gardens | under 1½ mile | 8 | 355 " |

It will thus be seen that in the more frequented roads the stopping places average 240 yards apart as against about 300 yards which we reckon a fair average in populous places.

I may add that we have already under consideration some alterations, for instance, the stopping place in Kalbadevi between the New Hanuman Lane and Cavel Street can well be eliminated and another stoppage arranged at Pydhoni, making one to the east and one to the West of the junction, and it may well be that when the remaining horse cars are removed on these lines we shall find that some stops now little used will then become more frequented; it behoves us therefore to go slowly and carefully to investigate the requirements of the public before we make changes, which, if afterwards found unsatisfactory, can only be rectified with difficulty and cause great confusion to the travelling public.

In conclusion, I would state that I am prepared to consult with you at all times on this very important matter and I can assure you that the interests of the travelling public are always our first consideration, for it is only by their patronge that we exist and that when we have to weigh the claims of those who want the stopping places arranged each to suit their own convenience against those who wish for a speedy transit and regular service it is necessary for us to adjust the scales most delicately so as to obtain the best result.

The Corporation then adjourned to Thursday next.

## INDIAN RAILWAY AMALGAMATION.

### Home Government's Decision Final.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JULY 8.

Information has been received at Simla that the representations of the various Chambers of Commerce on the purchase of the Madras Railway and on the re-arrangements of the railway system in Southern India have been carefully considered by the Secretary of State.

It is understood that the decision already announced is final, and there is absolutely no intention to modify it.

A reply to that effect will now be officially communicated to the Chambers.

## THE DHRANGADHRA DISTURBANCES.

The following is a full account of the disturbances at the village of Kondh to which we recently referred:—The Bhayats of Kondh, representing motipati, two-fifths of the village had turned very refactory of late under the guidance of one of them they opposed the attachment of two carts of cotton produce imposed by the State for its dues, and severely handled a few mounted sowars who were sent from Dhrangadhra to quiet the disturbance. The number of rioters was about 1,500 men each armed with a stick, knife, spade, sword or gun. It was then thought necessary to put down the riot and apprehend the disturbers. A call from the police to that effect proved ineffective the First Class Magistrate of Dhrangadhra was then sent to Kondh with a strong military force to restore order, to re-attach the cotton pods and capture the principal rioters. Before the arrival of this party in Kondh, the Bhayats gathered in the house of Suratsing Allubhai which is a commodious place in an intricate situation. They numbered about a hundred men. The door was strongly barred and protected by armed Rajputs. Conciliatory measures were first adopted. The Bhayats of other villages were sent to induce them to surrender to the law. This had no effect for nearly two days, but when the final word was sent to them by the Magistrate, they saw the absurdity of their opposition and yielded. They were all brought to Dhrangadhra and are being tried for rioting. The house of Suratsing was subsequently searched and there were found imbedded two feet underground fifty swords, five guns, forty barbed sticks, and ammunition in a cowshed. Kondh is a Bhayati village, which with two other villages forms the appanage of the Jhalas of Kondh. It is held by them under the well known Bhayati tenure, under Dhrangadhra. The Bhayats possess the right of enjoying revenues together with certain minor haqs incidental to the giras tenure in Kathiawar.

## WINTER ECZEMA.

### Terrible Skin-scourge yields to Zam-Buk—40 years' suffering ended.

That terrible skin-scourge, eczema, occurs during the winter months in a more violent form than at any other season, the accompanying pain and irritation being increased by the cold.

Mrs. Frances Wakefield, of 6 Hastings Place, Stratton, Cirencester, inherited the disease, and suffered with it for no less than forty years. Her case seemed hopeless, but Zam-Buk has at last been the means of ending her misery and restoring to her that priceless boon—a healthy skin.

Mrs. Wakfield, who is 56 years of age, was interviewed by a "North Wilts Herald" reporter, and said:—"I began to suffer with the dreadful winter eczema when I was 15 years of age. Every winter the joints of my arms and knees, as well as my shins, were covered with a thick white scale, which dropped off and was replaced by other scales periodically. The parts ran with water very badly, and the rags got wet almost directly I put them on. The complaint was very irritating, and caused me almost unbearable pain

"I have been under some of the best doctors, and some years ago I had to go to an infirmary at Gloucester, where I was attended by three head physicians. I stayed for two months, but their care was only temporary. Last winter the disease was worse than ever, and I thought I would try Zam-Buk. By the time I had started a second box I could see that the dreadful complaint was dying away, and the pain and irritation got less and less. I continued the dressings of Zam-Buk for several weeks encouraged all the time by steady improvement, and now I am completely cured. I have kept well ever since, and my skin is quite healthy and sound now."

Zam-Buk is invaluable for all humours of the skin and scalp, including pimples, boils, eczema, psoriasis, ulcers, barber's rash, bad legs, diseased ankles, sore backs, poisoned wounds, rashes, eruptions, piles, &c. Keep a box handy at home for cuts, bruises, burns, scalds, festering, spots, chafings, shaving sores, chapped hands, sore faces, cracked lips, chilblains, chill, sore throat, pains, &c. Of all chemists, or post free from the Zam-Buk Co.'s Head Indian Depot, 9, Dalhousie Square, for Re. 1/ & Rs. 2/4 per box. The 2/4 size is most economical for family use, as it contains nearly four times the Re. 1/ box.

FREE SAMPLE COUPON.

Cut out this coupon and forward it together with one anna stamp to the Zam-Buk Co.'s Head Indian Depot, 9, Dalhousie Square, Calcutta, to obtain a dainty free sample box of Zam-Buk.

Write address clearly.

"Bombay Gazette," 9th July, 1907.

Zam-Buk "RUB IT IN."

## THE WEATHER.

SIMLA, JULY 8.

Northerly winds which have been noticeable in the Punjab of late combined with the great irregularity reported in barometric pressure in Mauritius and the occurrence of cyclonic storms on both sides of India, all point to some further continuance of the present weakness in the monsoon current. But it must be noticed that the monsoon is not yet more than from a fortnight to three weeks late in Upper India and that there is still plenty of time therefore in which it can recover before any irreparable damage will have occurred. Up to the present Gujarat, Kathiawar, Rajputana, Central India, the United Provinces, and the Punjab have been to a large extent rainless.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SIMLA, JULY 8.

Pressure distribution is slightly less unfavourable and the winds from the Bay have extended as far as Bahraich. Cloud has increased in the south-east of the United Provinces.

Smooth seas are reported in the West Coast, and as yet there are no indications of the revival of the Arabian Sea Monsoon, which has again given scarcely any rain.

The strength of the Bay current was maintained in Eastern Bengal and Assam and diminished slightly in Burma.

The disturbance in the extreme north has given rain in several hill stations.

In Burma, the rainfall has been local on the coast and only two falls have been reported from the interior, Rangoon and Bassein had ½ an inch, and Akyab 1 inch Skies are moderately clouded and humidity and temperature are normal.

In the north-east of India and Orissa, nearly general rain has fallen in Eastern Bengal and Assam and Bengal, and local rain in Behar. The largest amounts were Cherrapoonjee 6 inches, Narayanganj 3, Jalpaiguri 2, Saugor Island, Calcutta and Burdwan 1½ inches each, Jessore 3, and Purnea 2 inches. Skies are thickly clouded and humidity and temperature are approximately normal except in the central districts of the Division where the weather is considerably cooler than usual.

In the United Provinces, Central India and the Central Provinces, Nagpur had a ½ inch of rain, and skies are clear over the greater part of the United Provinces and moderately clouded in the rest of the Division. Humidity is in large defect and, except at a few stations, the weather continues much hotter than usual.

In the north-west of India, light falls of rain occurred in the West Himalayas and at Veraval. Skies are moderately clouded in the extreme north and lightly to moderately clouded in Lower Sind, Gujarat and Rajputana and clear elsewhere. Humidity is below normal in the greater part of the Division and temperature is nearly normal in Kashmir, Baluchistan, Sind and Gujarat and considerably higher than usual elsewhere.

In the Peninsula, Bellary and Raichur report light falls of rain. Cloud has decreased and skies are now only lightly to moderately clouded, while the air is slightly drier than usual in the extreme north-west and damper in the extreme south-east, but elsewhere humidity is normal and temperature nearly normal.

Nearly general rain is likely in Eastern Bengal and Assam; local rain in Burma, Bengal, Bihar and Orissa, while rain will be probably scanty elsewhere.

THE WEATHER AT SEA.

The steamer "Queda," Captain R. W. Coope, which arrived in harbour yesterday from Calcutta reports having experienced strong monsoon in the Bay of Bengal, and fine weather on the Malabar Coast.

RAINFALL IN BOMBAY.

| | Byculla. In. | Cts. | Esplanade. In. | Cts. | Fort. In. | Cts. | Colaba. In. | Cts. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Previously registered ........ | 31 | 98 | 34 | 87 | 34 | 18 | 37 | 25 |
| Monday, 8th July, 1907 ........ | 0 | 00 | 0 | 00 | 0 | 00 | 0 | 00 |
| Total.... | 31 | 98 | 34 | 87 | 34 | 18 | 37 | 25 |
| Total to date, 1906 ........... | 15 | 34 | 15 | 63 | 16 | 42 | 15 | 33 |

MESSRS. KEMP AND CO.

CUMBALLA HILL, JULY 8.

Rainfall up to 8 a.m.

| | Last 24 Hours. In. | Cents. | Total to Date. In. | Cents. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Cumballa Hill........ | 0 | 20 | 30 | 53 |

TELEGRAPHIC WEATHER AND CROP REPORTS, 8TH JULY.

Amritsar.—Bright, no sign of rain. Unusually hot. Cotton sowing making good progress. Rain much needed generally for kharif crops.

Hansi.—Bright, no sign of rain. Rain much needed generally. Cotton plants flourishing.

Mooltan.—Bright, no sign of rain. Cotton smaller area sown this year.

Delhi.—Bright, no sign of rain. Cotton sowing not commenced owing to absence of rain.

Agra.—Bright, no sign of rain. Absence of rain causes anxiety.

Cawnpore.—Drought still continues. More rain wanted generally.

Beawar.—Looks like rain. Cotton sowing begun.

Amraoti.—Cloudy, but no rain. Cotton plants flourishing.

Khamgaon.—Looks like clearing up. Cotton plants flourishing.

Dhulia.—Bright, no sign of rain. More rain wanted generally. Cotton sowing making good progress.

Jalgaon.—Bright, no sign of rain. Rain so far insufficient to enable agricultural operations getting a fair start. Rain much needed generally. Cotton plants slightly damaged by drought.

Broach.—Cloudy, but no rain. Bright intervals. Cotton plants want more rain and fading in inferior fields.

Viramgam.—Cloudy, but no rain.

Wadhwan.—Continues cloudy, looks like rain. Rain much needed generally. Cotton sowing not commenced owing to absence of rain. Absence of rain causes anxiety.

Bhavnagar.—Bright, no sign of rain. Unusually hot. Cotton sowing not commenced owing to absence of rain.

Barsi.—Bright, no sign of rain. Rain much needed generally. Cotton sowing begun. Absence of rain causes anxiety.

Sholapur.—Bright, no sign of rain. More rain wanted generally.

Hubli.—Cloudy, but no rain.

Bellary.—Cloudy, but no rain. Cotton sowing has made fair progress.

OBSERVATIONS TAKEN AT 8 A. M. ON MONDAY, 8TH JULY.

SUMMARY.

Pressure has increased briskly at Jaipur and Allahabad and has changed by small amounts elsewhere.

Winds are easterly at Cochin and Mangalore and north-westerly to south-westerly elsewhere. The force has been fresh to strong in Lower Sind, Rajputana, Gujarat and Central India.

Temperature.—The maximum is 5° to 6° in defect of normal at Negapatam, Trichinopoly and Cuddaph and 5° to 16° in excess in several places to the north of Latitude 18°; minimum is 5° to 11° in excess in Rajputana and at Jhansi, Allahabad, Cawnpore, Delhi and Saugor. The highest temperature in the shade was 110° at Lahore and Delhi and the lowest 68° at Bangalore and Belgaum.

Cloud and Humidity.—The sky is almost clear in the Punjab and more or less cloudy in all other districts. Humidity shows a considerable increase above normal at Bellary and Negapatam.

Rain has fallen in light local scattered showers at Dwarka, Bhavnagar-Para, Veraval, Saugor, Nagpur, Surat, Ratnagiri, Belgaum, Cochin, Bellary and Cuddapah.

Weather.—There is no improvement in the monsoon current on the West Coast which continues to be weak and no rain beyond local scattered showers is likely at present.

N. LESLIE,
Meteorological Reporter for Western India.

## POONA MOTOR COMPETITION.

### Aga Khan and Sachin Trophies.

### OPEN TO ALL INDIA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, JULY 8.

There are to be two Motor Competitions in Poona this year' His Highness the Nawab of Sachin having presented a handsome trophy to be competed for. This competition will take place on the 23rd of August and will be known as the Sachin Challenge Trophy competition.

On the next day, the 24th idem, the annual Aga Khan Challenge Cup trials will take place, and the run will be from Poona to Satara and back as usual.

The route for the Sachin Trophy will be the circular one and the exact distance will be decided later on along with the preliminaries of trial.

Trials were arranged at the meeting held at Aga Shah Rookh Shah's bungalow under the presidency of Lieutenant-General Richardson who is president of the trials with Aga Shah Rookh Shah as Honorary Secretary.

Both trials are exclusively for amateurs and open to all India.

MEDICAL ELECTRICITY
HOME TREATMENT

INDIGESTION AND HEART-BURN.
SUFFERED FOR YEARS!
CURED IN FOUR MONTHS!

Here is proof for the sceptics who cannot make up their mind, though, perhaps, like Mr. Adams, they are suffering for years.

Is it not yet plain to you that indigestion is caused by inactivity of the stomach? If it is, then why are you reluctant to believe that a well-applied electric current will put it to work, though you must admit that it moves the ear in which you ride, the punkah in your room, the world in its orbit!

TREVANDRUM, S. INDIA
27th April, 1907

DR. T. A. SANDEN,

DEAR SIR,—I have worn one of your Herculex Electric Belts now nearly every night, for 3 or 4 mouths, and find it has benefitted my health very considerably. I have suffered for a good many years from indigestion and heart-burn and tried the Belt—I must confess, with a good deal of scepticism at first—on your recommendation, for these ailments; I very soon found that it was doing me good, and at the present time I am very little troubled with indigestion, and as a natural consequence my health in every way is very much improved.

I would strongly advise others, who suffer similarly, to try what your Belts will do for them; and I have much pleasure in giving you permission to make use of this testimony to their efficiency.

I am, Dear Sir,
Yours faithfully,
(Sd.) A. D. ADAMS

There are no doubt many who have a further investigation in mind, but could never get so far as to drop me a line, asking for my books. Then do so now. It is never too late to mend. A postcard with your name and address will bring you a lot of valuable information free of all costs.

CALL OR ADDRESS,
DR. T. A. SANDEN,
75/2, Hornby Road, Bombay.

When Mosquitoes begin to annoy you, remember
Calvert's
20% Carbolic Soap.

It has been found so useful either to prevent the attacks of these and other insects, or to antiseptically cleanse their bites.

In other respects, too, for instance, as a safeguard against contagious diseases, or as a thoroughly purifying bath soap, especially in tropical climates, its powerful antiseptic value is fully recognised, a fact shown by the rapid increase in its sale.

Sold by Chemists throughout India and the East. Makers: F. C. Calvert & Co., Manchester, England.

SWAN
Registered Trade Mark
No. 600.

GOLD & Co.
BIRMINGHAM, ENGLAND.
Patent Wrought IRON & STEEL HINGES
ARE THE CHEAPEST AND BEST IN THE MARKET.
None are genuine except with the "Swan" Trade Mark.
Indenters and others should order the "Swan" Brand.
None are Genuine except with the "Swan" Trade Mark,
Also Makers of No. 73 Rivd. Butts.

"APENTA"
THE BEST NATURAL APERIENT WATER.
A SPECIFIC
for the certain relief of HABITUAL and OBSTINATE CONSTIPATION, and in DISORDERS of the LIVER and BILIOUS ATTACKS.
ORDINARY DOSE.—A Wineglassful before Breakfast.

HYDRAULIC PRESSES
FOR PACKING
COTTON, WOOL, &c.

EDWIN MILLS & SON,
HUDDERSFIELD, England.

# BY THE WAY.

## A FAMOUS DESERTER.

Observatory House, Slough, where Professor A. S. Herschel, F. R. S., has just died, might never have existed had it not been for the unmartial spirit of a certain bandsman in the Hanoverian Guards a century and a half ago, who appreciated his calling so little that he deserted and came to England. At Bath he obtained an appointment as organist, a post which left him so much spare time that he made himself a telescope, and with it, in 1781, discovered Uranus. George III. at once made him his private astronomer, and built the Slough observatory, in return for which the astronomer named the new planet Georgium Sidus (George's Star), a name never accepted outside England and long since discarded. At Slough the King's Astronomer made many notable discoveries, was created Sir William Herschel in 1816, and died four years later. His equally famous son, Sir John Herschel (father of the late Professor), is buried in Westminster Abbey.

## A CARDBOARD PLANET.

One remarkable achievement of Sir William Herschel was in connexion with the planet Saturn. He had arranged to erect his telescope at Windsor Castle to enable Queen Charlotte and the ladies of the Court to see the wonders of the ringed planet, but on the evening arranged for the observation great banks of clouds quite covered the sky. However, he explained that that would not matter, and after the instrument had been carefully directed, the Queen and her attendants looked through it and saw the great planet and his marvellous rings quite distinctly. Herschel, it seems, had expected bad weather, and during the day had made a cardboard model of the Saturnian system and erected it in the grounds, a lamp at the back providing the necessary illumination.

## MR. KEIR HARDIE, M.P., AT HOME.

Mr. Keir Hardie, it is now stated, is making an excellent recovery. He has returned to his home in Cumnock, Ayrshire, and the other day he was seen by the Scottish correspondent of the *British Weekly*, bag in hand and overcoat over his arm, on his way to the local railway station. The Labour leader looked remarkably well, and took the long, steep climb from the town to the station with a light, smart step. Mr. Keir Hardie's home Lochnorris, is a modest, cosy residence, with a pretty garden sloping down to the bank of the classic Lugar. When in health and at home, Mr. Keir Hardie's hobby is digging in his "yaird," or taking long walks through the fields and by the burns. Mr. Keir Hardie's neighbours find him (says this correspondent) one of the kindest and gentlest of men.

## SIXPENNY BOOKS.

Messrs. A. and F. Denny have issued their new list of sixpenny books for 1907, which is now looked upon as an annual reference catalogue to this class of publication, as it contains practically all the titles of those obtainable at the time of going to press. The great number of these books being issued is easily demonstrated by the increase in the size of this year's list, containing, as it does, close upon 400 new titles. To be exact, one sixpenny was issued for each day during the past year. The attempt to give better value that has predominated in the publishing trade of late has also affected these publications, resulting in the fact that those issued by some of the publishers are astonishing value for the money, considered from any point of view—matter, production, or price.

## THE DEATH OF A HYMN-WRITER.

The death has occurred at Barrackpore, of a lady who occupies a modest though not insignificant place among the hymn-writers of the last generation—Mary Eliza Leslie, author of "They are gathering homeward from every land." Miss Leslie was the daughter of the Rev. Andrew Leslie, a Baptist missionary well known in Bengal, and was born at Monghyr seventy-three years ago. She lived in Calcutta for a long period, and was known there as one of the most active and devoted workers in connexion with various religious and philanthropic agencies in the city. She was an excellent linguist. Her published works included three volumes of verse, published long ago, and her contributions to hymnology are recorded in Julian's Dictionary.

## GENEROUS GIVERS.

There has seldom been a finer exhibition of spontaneous generosity than was witnessed at the Primitive Methodist Conference at Leicester last Monday, when, within an hour, £43,000 was subscribed towards the Centenary Thanksgiving Fund of £250,000. Indeed, we must go back eight years to find anything like a parallel to such lavish liberality. On April 24, 1899, a luncheon was given, on the invitation of Mr. W. R. Rickett, J. P., at the Holborn Restaurant, to inaugurate the Baptist Union Twentieth Century Fund; and so generous was the response to the appeal that before the guests separated the sum of £34,000 was subscribed. Both these amounts, however, were exceeded at a Freemasons' banquet some years ago, at which the King of Sweden was present, when the list of subscriptions reached the enormous total of £61,000. £16,000 was raised at the first dinner of the Artists' Benevolent Association; and Sir Edward Sassoon's appeal at one of the dinners of the Jewish Religious Education Board added £13,000 to the Board's exchequer.

## THE NEW POLICE MAGISTRATE.

Mr. Chester Jones, the new Metropolitan police magistrate, has frequently been employed by the Home Office as an arbitrator. He presided over the inquiry into lead-poisoning in the Potteries phosphorus poisoning in the match trade, the safety of workmen in factories, docks, and quays, and the London County Council by-laws on the employment of children. He has been standing counsel to several of the largest trade unions, and during the twenty-eight years he has practised at the Bar has appeared in a large number of employers liability cases. Mr Chester Jones will not begin his magisterial duties without some experience of the administration of the criminal law in London. He sat as Deputy Chairman at the London County Sessions during the long illness of the late Mr. McConnell, K.C.

## THE STORKS IN KEW GARDENS.

A tragic destiny still pursues the storks in Kew Gardens, which are this year rearing a fresh family on their ludicrous nest between the two elms, where one of their fledglings has been murdered by a barnacle goose. To be killed by a goose seems a dreadfully disreputable death; but the youthful martyr meets with small sympathy from the keepers, one of whom—clearly a strenuous champions of the Darwinian law of "the survival of the fittest"—moralised to a correspondent: "He wasn't much loss; he was the weakest of the lot." Meanwhile, the young stork of last year's brood which escaped being sent with his brethren to Dublin is an outcast from the family circle. He stands upon one leg, and pretends to be studying the Neo-Kantian philosophy; but the young hypocrite is really cadging anything palatable he can get from passing philanthropists.

## JUSTICE WHILE YOU WALT.

It is gratifying to know that, however slow-footed Justice may be elsewhere, it is administered with quite startling promptitude at Askot, where Sir Albert de Rutzen is once more the terror of evildoers in his little court adjoining the race-course. From picking a pocket to hearing Sir Albert's laconic "three months" is usually a mere matter of minutes. The origin of this unconventional police-court is variously explained. Some say that it owes its existence to an unpleasant incident by which George IV. was relieved of a gold chronometer on Ascot race-course about eighty years ago; but the more probable explanation ascribes it to the memorable assault on William IV. by a stone-throwing sailor, which resulted in an arrangement for the attendance of the chief magistrate of London at all future meetings, this gentleman being placed on the Commission of the Peace for Berkshire for the purpose. Let us hope that the thief who so cleverly stole the Cup yesterday may speedily make Sir Albert's acquaintance.

## THE HAUNTED DEVONSHIRE RECTORY.

Luffincott, where the rector refuses to reside in his rectory because he saw the ghost of a predecessor named Parker, is a remote parish of West Devon, in the picturesque valley of the Tamar. There are about thirty "haunted" rectories and vicarages throughout the country, but clerical ghosts have never hitherto been taken so seriously though Fielding's truculent Parson Trulliber would make a formidable apparition. However, the Bishop of Exeter intends to stop the present week-end visits to the rectory of rowdy ghost-layers—who certainly do not "do" their "spiriting gently"—by declaring the living vacant. As the population and endowment of Luffincott are both exiguous, the parish could be worked, without disturbing the ghost, by uniting the rectory to some adjoining benefice.

## THE NEW GIRL.

"And do you have to be called in the morning?" asked the lady who was about to engage a new girl.

"I don't has to be mum," replied the applicant, "unless you happens to need me."—*Yonkers Statesman.*

## BEAUTY AND HYGIENE.

For health, beauty and luxury, use the "Albion Milk and Sulphur Soap," which Lady Constance Howard writes, "is pleasant to use and whitens and softens the Skin." Also Testimonials from Countess Bathurst, Lady White, Viscountess Exmouth, Lady Dorothy Nevill and many others. Delicately perfumed. Warning.—When buying the Albion Milk and Sulphur Soap see that the name and figure head of "Albion" are on the wrapper. Sold by Chemists, Grocers, &c.

# THE LADIES' CORNER.

### THE PICTURESQUE LEGHORN HAT.

The Leghorn hat has been restored to favour, and is perhaps the most popular of all summer millinery, and it seems peculiarly suited for ribbon and floral adornment. The wide, soft, silken scarves and huge bows adapt themselves admirably to the graceful Leghorn shapes, which are sometimes variations upon the cloche or mushroom shapes, and sometimes picturesque shapes with wide drooping brims at the back and at one side, while the other side is turned up sharply from the hair. Or, perhaps, the new Leghorn takes on the aureole lines, a wide brim drooping low at the back, but rolled back slightly in the front, exposing the front hair and giving an aureole circle effect from a front view. This hat, rolling back from the face, is one of the most becoming of the new modes, though it is rather a youthful fashion, and demands a certain piquancy of effect in the wearer. One design in fine Leghorn had a wide, soft scarf of pink silk drawn around the low crown and tied in a big, drooping bow at the back. Well towards the back at one side was posed a cluster of immense pink roses and their foliage, while another cluster of the flowers was set slightly forward on the other side of the hat. Another Leghorn hat was caught up in front with a bunch of black grass, drawn through a jet buckle, and from this around the crown there were loops of ribbon, which, in the back, fell over the brim two or three inches. Some of the brims on the Leghorn hats turn down ever so slightly in the front, they go up gradually at the sides, and come down abruptly in the back. These shapes require the crown well covered, either with foliage or flowers. In spite of the fad for placing most of the trimming towards the back of the hat, many of these shapes, with the turned-back brims, have flowers massed at the front, just behind the rolling brim, spraying backward over the crown, while a scarf is twisted softly round. Small flowers of many kinds are in millinery use—forget-me-nots, jasmine, and wreaths of small rosebuds. Spraying white jasmine, with its delicate foliage, covered the whole crown of one beautiful Parisian hat, which was further trimmed with large rosettes of white tulle and a drapery of tulle. Under the brim at the back was a bandeau of green velvet ribbon, which made an excellent finish.

### YOUNG GIRLS' DRESSES.

The clever dressing of the young girl is a notable sign of the times in the fashion world. At the first glance one supposes that those charmingly dressed girls scarcely out of their teens that one notices wherever the fashionable foregather are dressed by clever and experienced mothers; but one meets with so many cases where the mother was merely the useful person "who pays the bill" that one is persuaded that it is to their own taste and ingenuity and pretty sense of colour that numbers of young ladies owe their charming appearance. The sense of colour in lots of young girls surprises one most, and is the most promising asset in English dressing, for it rarely if ever runs to eccentricity, the eccentricity one so often regrets in the young married woman, who with a less limited exchequer is often tempted to an ultra-modishness. A garment that is passing through many phases is the coat—the longer coat, rather than the always useful bolero or habit coat. This longer garment seems to remain on kimono lines, and has developed all sorts of picturesque whims, varying immensely in fabric and adornings, diminishing the length of its sleeve until it might almost be considered a sleeveless coat, with just a lengthened shoulder. Of course such a coat may have a lace sleeve fitted in, so that the dress sleeve is covered and the coat retain its protective function. Some coats, extending the shoulders just a little further, manage to dispense with this under-sleeve; and these coats, in chiffons or laces are delightful for hot weather. A fascinating garment of this kind is formed in grey net, embroidered in many things—silk and wool and sequins—but all kept in the same shade of grey; and there is no doubt about it that the embroidering of gauzy things will be a feature of dress, elegant and expensive, this season. Very probably those marvellous machine embroideries will be offered to us worked on some gauziness or another ere long. One sees of galloons embroidered on filet net, but these were just trimmings an inch or two wide. There is wondrous grace in these embroidery-weighted, gauzy fabrics; not that the decoration need necessarily be carried out by embroidering; braidings are decorative too in this capacity. One costume that has a quaint coat in transparent voile to match the skirt of voile, has a Greek key braiding, a fancy—not a plain—passementerie braid being used. This is rather a nice way of carrying out the modish idea of a decorated gauzy coat, and looks well. The blouse worn under the coat might be of some dainty, delicate lace, and the skirt be mounted over a white silk foundation. The whole would be very charming in a dark-toned voile, with the braiding to match. A frock of striped veile is the subject of the other sketch.

# THE AUSTRALIAN NORTHERN TERRITORY.

Mr. Chataway, a member of the Senate, who has arrived from the Northern Territory, said on June 19, that in has opinion it was the bounden duty of the Commonwealth to take over the Territory, which had been neglected by South Australia practically ever since it was created 40 years ago. A very bitter feeling was entertained in some quarters of the Territory towards the South Australian Government. Industries were languishing, but the country appeared to have possibilities, especially in regard to mining, only the surface of the soil having been scratched. In one place a Chinaman had taken out £30,000 of tin, and at another a Queenslander stated that he and his partner had netted £2,000 out of a wolfram show during the last two years. The party, he (Mr. Chataway) was with, passed through 30 or 40 miles of really good agricultural land. By means of an increase of the duty on rice, he thought that the growing of rice would be encouraged in the Territory. To his mind the question as to whether the Commonwealth should take over the Northern Territory had a two-fold aspect. First, there was the question of defence, and next as to how the Territory could best be utilised. Looked at from both standpoints he considered that it would be the best thing that could happen to the Territory if the Commonwealth took it over. He, however, strongly opposed the Commonwealth paying South Australia anything for the country, as he considered that South Australia should be glad to get rid of an unprofitable investment.

# THE CITY MORTALITY.

The Municipal Office returns for the twenty-four hours ending at 6 a. m., yesterday, give the following results :—

| Wards. | Plague. Attacks. | Plague. Deaths. | Deaths from all Causes. |
|---|---|---|---|
| A Upper, Middle and Lower Colaba, Fort Northern, Fort Southern and Esplanade | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| B Mandvi, Chakla, Oomerkhadi and Dongri | 1 | 1 | 11 |
| C Market, Dhobi Talao Fanaswadi, Bhuleshwar, Khara Talao, and Kumbharwada | 1 | 2 | 9 |
| D Khetwadi, Girgaum, Chowpati, Walkeshwar and Mahaluxmi | 0 | 0 | 5 |
| E Mazagon, Tarwady, 2nd Nagpada, Kamatipura, Tardeo, Byculla and 1st Nagpada | 0 | 0 | 21 |
| F Parel, Sewree and Sion | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| G Mahim and Worli | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| Water Division | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Non-Resident and Unknown | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Hospitals | 0 | 1 | 5 |
| Total | 2 | 4 | 59 |
| Total plague deaths to date | 140,811 | | |
| Same date last year | 6 | 5 | 114 |

We understand that a marriage has been arranged, and will take place in London in July between Phyllis, elder daughter of the late Col. Sullivan Becher, 2nd Gurkhas, and Mrs. Sullivan Becher, Castlelyons House, Fermoy, and Mr. James Hugh Christie, the Lancashire Fusiliers, son of the late Hugh Christie, Esq., of Melbourne Hall, Yorkshire.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—Are you broken in your rest by a sick child suffering with the pain of cutting teeth? Go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to taste, it produces natural, quiet sleep, by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes as bright as a button. It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for dysentery and diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other causes. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold by Medicine dealers everywhere.

# THE TWO SERVICES.

The Committee of the Navy Employment Agency wish it to be known that circumstances render it desirable that those officers who purpose applying for debentures for the new Motor School at Portsmouth, but who have not already done so, should send in their applications as soon as possible. The land has been purchased, and it is hoped that the buildings, which are now well in hand, will be finished in September. It will, therefore, greatly facilitate the task which the Committee have undertaken if the whole of the debentures are subscribed for at an early date, so that there may be nothing to hinder the full development of the scheme from the outset. Full particulars and application forms can be obtained from the Secretary of the Agency at the offices, 16, Craven-street, Strand, London.

### SEA AND LAND.

The innovation adopted last year by Lord Charles Beresford for embarking non-comissioned officers and men of the Royal Artillery at Malta during the summer of the Mediterranean Station, proved so highly beneficial that it is to be followed by his successor. This practical co-operation between the sea service and land gunners has lately received much encouragement from the military authorities, and apparently there is no reason why the practice adopted for the second year in succession in the Mediterranean should not be followed by the fleets in home waters. The artillerymen to be embarked in the ships under the command of Admiral Sir Charles Drury will be instructed in naval gunnery and signalling, and in learning the identification of warships, detachments of from ten to fifteen being accommodated in the "Venerable," "Irresistible," "Formidable," "Prince of Wales," "Aboukir," "Lancaster," and "Venus."

### THE WESTERN GUNNERY SCHOOL.

The official notification that on November 4 the Gunnery School at Devonport will be transferred from H.M.S. "Cambridge" to the Royal Naval Barracks has, not perhaps unnaturally, given rise to the impression that the change is associated with the policy of cutting down expenditure and reducing the personnel of this branch of the service. This, however, is quite an erroneous interpretation to put upon the "passing" of the old Western gunnery establishment which was decided upon some years ago. The original idea was to build a gunnery school on the Cornish side of the Hamoaze, but this was abandoned in favour of scheme to merge the school of instruction in the general depot at Keyham, to which additions were then being made. Proposals were accordingly approved for the erection of batteries in the spacious grounds of the depot, so that the impending transfer will mark the completion of a scheme which has continuity of policy in its favour. To facilitate the work of dismantling the "Cambridge" and removing the equipment to the Naval Barracks, the old ship will shortly be towed from her time-honoured position to the new tidal basin at the dockyard extension, and when the transfer of the establishment takes effect the gunnery school will, of course, come under the direct command of the captain of the depot. In this connection it is worthy of note that presumably as the outcome of the Portsmouth disturbances the number of men in the Devonport depot is far less than it was a few months ago, while the officers' quarters are only about half occupied, as the result of keeping ships in commission with nucleus crews. The locating of the gunnery school at the depot will, therefore, put this available accommodation to the best possible use—that of training men in the art of gunnery.

### GERMAN NAVAL EFFICIENCY.

The serious earnestness of the Germans in everything in regard to their Navy is certainly something to be admired, as it should also be copied by many people in this country. That ships of the "Dreadnought" type would mean to them an outlay of many millions in broadening and deepening the Kiel Canal did not matter one jot to a people determined to possess a modern Navy at any cost. Hence, it will not be surprising to see the Bill for enlarging this canal, at present before the Reichstag, go through with only such opposition as the depleted ranks of the Socialists can offer it. The naval authorities also mean to provide for the future if ships grow in gun powder and tonnage, for the canal will be dredged to a depth of 37 feet and a bottom breadth of 147 feet. This 37 feet depth is to be below the average canal water level. The task of widening and deepening it is, therefore, one of great magnitude, and it will take some time to complete. The passing places in the canal for ships will be much more numerous than at present, and the locks will be increased in size. Turning places are also to be provided, so that a fleet may, if necessary, change its course 16 points to starboard or port, and go back the way it came. When all these improvements have been made the naval efficiency of Germany will be greatly increased, and by that time, also, she will have a formidable fleet of modern ships, even under her present programmes, which are sure to be shortly enlarged.

### THE SHORT SERVICE SYSTEM.

It is interesting to note the figures recently given in the House of Commons in regard to the short service system in the Navy. The number of men now in the fleet with short service engagements is about 5,000; out of which less than 1,500 belong to the seamen class; while 3,645 of the total are stokers. Of this number just over 500 seamen and about 2,350 stokers were recruited during the year 1906. So far as the ratings of these men are concerned they are allowed to climb to the position of leading seamen and first-class stokers in their respective spheres. So far none of the seamen class has gained this highest obtainable rank for short service men, but 58 of them have proved so satisfactory as to be accepted as continuous service men. The stokers have five of their number holding the highest obtainable rating for short service, while 37 have also been accepted for continuous service. This is not a great show from a system which the authorities confidently expected to show great results. Still it would be premature to condemn it on the experience of so short a period as has at present elapsed since its introduction. It will certainly give us a much higher-grade Naval Reserve than we have hitherto possessed; but such a Reserve will be dearly bought if short service is to be made an excuse for keeping our list of continuous service men at a figure which is totally inadequate for the future naval needs of the Empire; and that is what we are afraid the present Administration is aiming at.

### THE WANT OF A GENERAL STAFF.

There is constant evidence of the advantages which the Army derives from the existence of a properly constituted General Staff, a want which used to be very greatly felt. Lately was issued, "for information," a complete programme of the military manœuvres to be carried out in the course of the present season. The programme has evidently been prepared with great care. It is headed by particulars of the combined Cavalry and Imperial Yeomanry operations in Scotland, of which we had something to say last week, and goes on to explain the arrangements in progress for the conduct of the siege work which is contemplated at Chatham during July and August, so as to afford an opportunity for a closer study of the methods employed at Port Arthur during the late war in Manchuria. These operations ought to be of considerable value, but they strike us as being somewhat opposed to the view which prevails in certain quarters that land fortifications are "obsolete and out of date." If this be the case, why waste money and time in "representing the close attack on the front of a modern fortress?" If fortresses are to be regarded as relics of a past age, what is to be gained by attacking them in front, in rear, in flank, or under any conditions whatever? This, we find, is the question which has arisen among thinking soldiers at Aldershot and elsewhere. There are to be manœuvres at Aldershot between September 12 and 22. Joint manœuvres are to take place in which the troops of the Eastern and Southern Commands will take part. Cavalry manœuvres will be held in Ireland from the 29th inst. to the 21st prox., and Irish Command manœuvres from September 9 to 14. It will be seen that in most of the Home Commands the troops are to be up and doing. There are many who think that more is learnt at these small manœuvres than the bigger ones, which used to be the fashion. From what we saw on the Sussex Downs last year we are not disposed to disagree. Lord Methuen, in August last, managed his compact force admirably, and sent all ranks home to quarters feeling that they had learnt something and acquired useful experience. There is much to be said for grand manœuvres, provided sufficient ground is available for the carrying of them out; but this is not a thing easily found in these densely-populated islands of ours, so that big manœuvres can only be held now and again. Even in the case of small ones generals labour at times under difficulties, as Lord Methuen did last year, and as Sir John French has done more than once in the Aldershot area. We have, therefore, to rest satisfied with small mercies, and judging by what those say who have had experience of these lesser "operations of war," we are inclined to think that they answer their purpose, though we should prefer to find things done on a bigger scale if the conditions were such as to make grand manœuvres possible.

### AN OLD RULE SUPERSIDED.

Hitherto it has been the custom to appoint only substantive general officers to the colonelcies of Line regiments and battalions. Apparently this rule is no longer to hold good. At any rate, in the case of the King's Royal Rifles a vacancy which occurred among the colonels commandant when Lieut.-General Sir H. F. Williams died has been offered to and accepted by Colonel and Honorary Major-General Sir Charles Ashburnham, who was gazetted on Tuesday last and can thus take credit for being the only officer of his status in the Service whose name appears in this proud position at the head of a regiment. The concession made in favour of Sir Charles Ashburnham is of more than ordinary interest, and it must affect many officers similarly situated. There is one thing it ought to do; it should settle the point raised some time ago when the decision was arrived at to appoint general officers to the colonelcies of the native regiments of the Indian Army.

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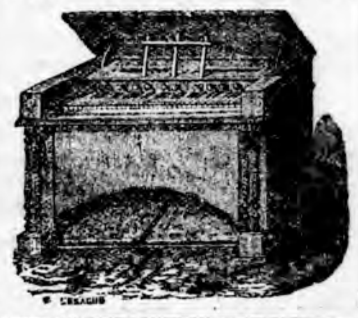

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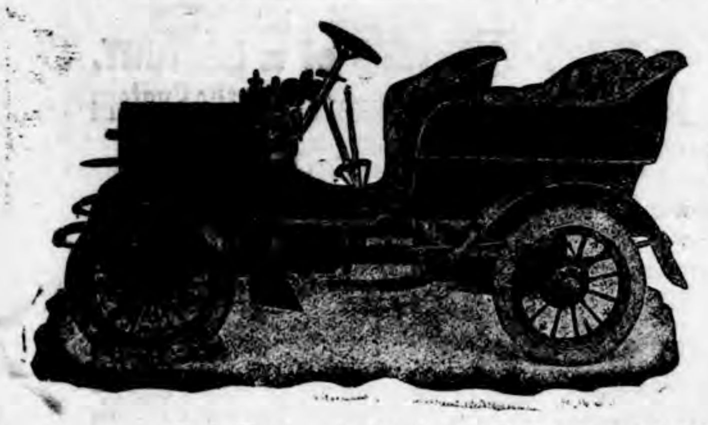

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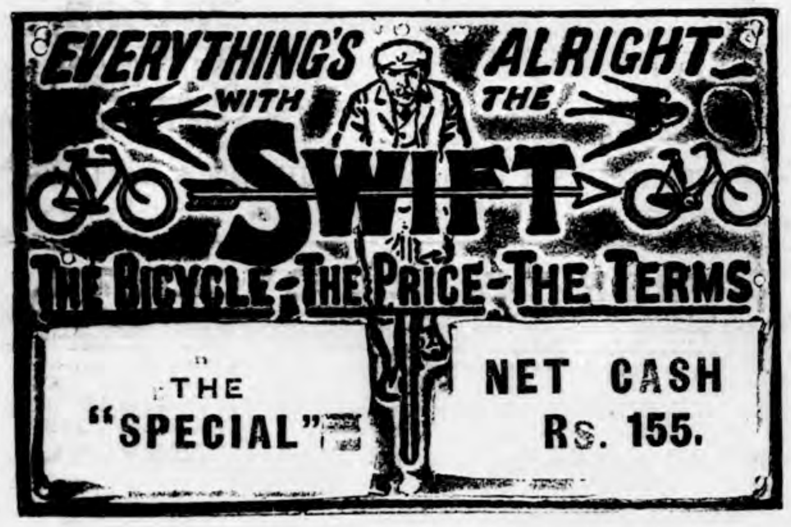
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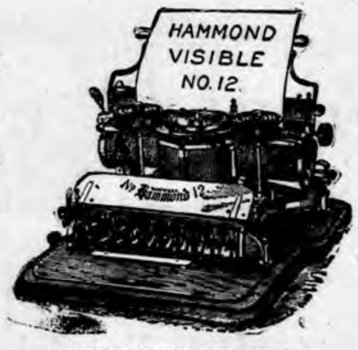
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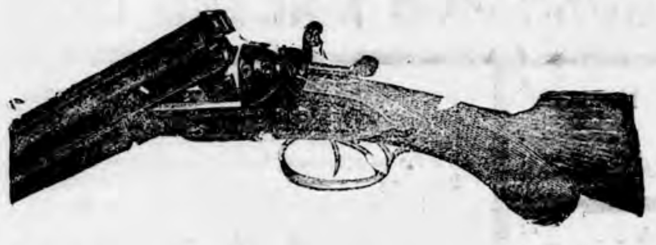

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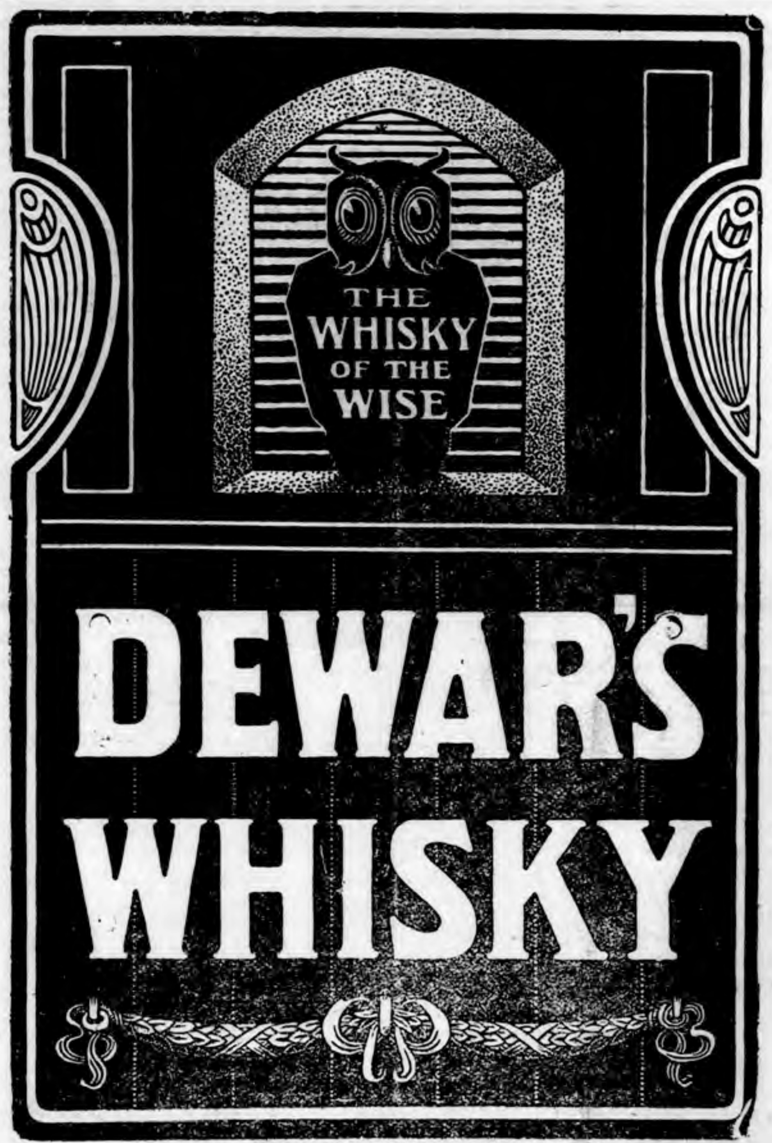
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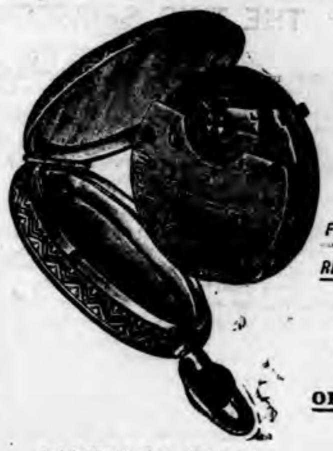
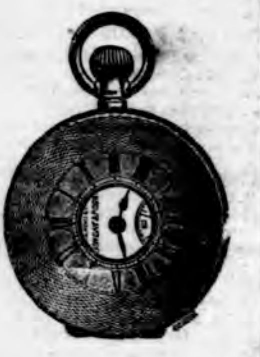


Lady's Watch. view of Movement



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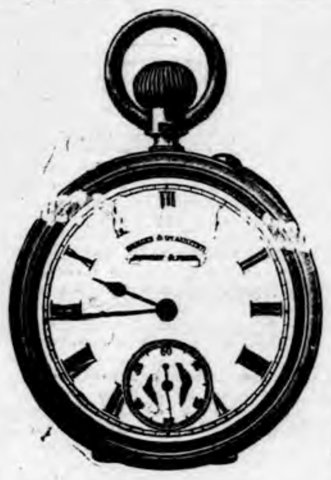

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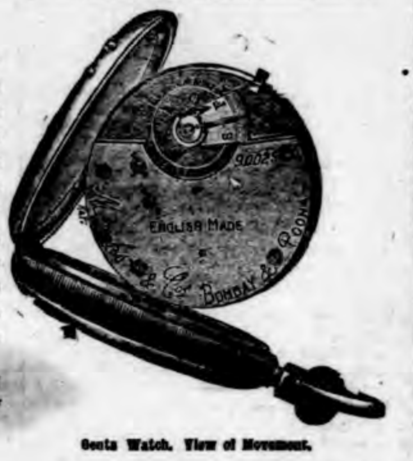

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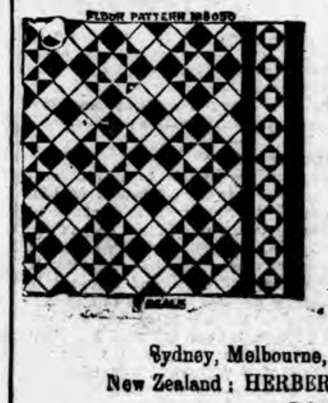

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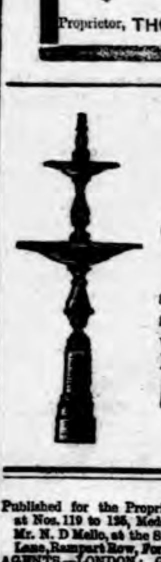

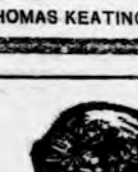

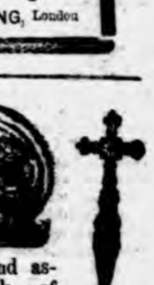

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